THE WEATHER.
Fair Tuesday, slightly cooler west portion; Wednesday fair.

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GERMANY'S PROMISE TO ABANDON ILLEGAL METHODS OF SUBMARINE WARFARE ACCEPTED IN NEW NOTE

But Must Not be Contingent Upon American Government's Dealing With Any Other Nation

NOTE CABLED YESTERDAY

Relies Upon Scrupulous Execution of Altered Policy to Maintain Friendly Relations.

STATEMENT BY LANSING

Treaty Relations With Great Britain Are Different.

Washington, May 8. — A note cabled by Secretary Lansing to Ambassador Gerard today for delivery to the Berlin foreign office informs the German government that the United States accepts its "declaration of its abandonment" of its former submarine policy, and now relies upon a scrupulous execution of the altered policy to remove the principal danger of an interruption of the good relations existing between the two countries.

With this acceptance is coupled formal notice to Germany that the United States cannot for a moment entertain, much less discuss, a suggestion that respect by German naval authorities for the rights of citizens of the United States on the high seas should in the slightest degree be made contingent upon the conduct of any other government affecting the rights of neutrals and non-combatants.

Reply to Concluding Statement.

This is in reply to the concluding statement in the last German note, to the effect that while submarine commanders had been ordered to sink no peaceful freight or passenger-carrying ships without warning or without safety for passengers and crew, the German government would reserve to itself complete liberty of decision unless the United States was successful in its efforts to break the British blockade.

Secretary Lansing issued a statement tonight saying that the greater part of Germany's answer to the demand of the United States was devoted to matters which the American government could not discuss with the Berlin government, but he considered Germany had "yielded to our representations," and that "we can have no reason to quarrel with her," so long as the altered policy is lived up to.

Lansing's Statement.

Mr. Lansing's statement, made public after the note was on its way to Berlin, follows:

"The greater part of the German answer is devoted to matters which this government cannot discuss with the German government. The only questions of right which can be discussed with that government are those arising out of its action or out of our own, and in no event those questions which are the subject of diplomatic exchanges between the United States and any other country.

"The essence of the answer is that Germany yields to our representations with regard to the rights of merchant ships and non-combatants on the high seas and engages to observe the recognized rules of international law governing naval warfare in using her submarines against merchant ships. So long as she lives up to this altered policy we can have no reason to quarrel with her on that score, though the losses resulting from the violation of American rights by German submarine commanders operating under the former policy will have to be settled.

"While our differences with Great Britain cannot form a subject of discussion with Germany, it should be stated that in our dealings with the British government, we are acting as we are unquestionably bound to act in view of the explicit treaty engagements with that government. We have treaty obligations as to the manner in which matters in dispute between the two governments are to be handled. We offered to assume mutually similar obligations with Germany, but the offer was declined. When, however, the subject in dispute is a continuing menace to American lives, it is doubtful whether such obligations apply unless the menace is removed during the pendency of proceedings."

Reference to Bryan Treaty.

The treaty with the British government referred to is the convention negotiated by former Secretary Bryan under which the two nations agree that any dispute arising shall be submitted to an investigating commission for one year before entering into hostilities.

An offer to enter into such a treaty with Germany brought a request for information, but formal negotiations never were instituted.

The hope that the note might end the discussion regarding the conduct of submarine warfare tonight was entertained by some officials and by persons in close touch with affairs at the German embassy. Should this prove true, the way would be cleared for re-

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Text Of The American Note Cabled To Germany By Secretary Lansing

Washington, May 8. — Following is the text of the note cabled today by Secretary Lansing to Ambassador Gerard at Berlin with instructions to deliver it to the German minister of foreign affairs:

"The note of the imperial German government under date of May 4, 1916, has received careful consideration by the government of the United States. It is especially noted as indicating the purpose of the imperial government as to the future, that it 'is prepared to do its utmost to confine the operation of the war for the rest of its duration to the fighting forces of the belligerents,' and that it is determined to impose upon all its commanders the limitations of the recognized rules of international law upon which the government of the United States has insisted.

"Throughout the months which have elapsed since the imperial government announced on February 4, 1915, its submarine policy, now happily abandoned, the government of the United States has been constantly guided and restrained by motives of friendship in its patient efforts to bring to an amicable settlement the critical questions arising from that policy. Accepting the imperial government's declaration of its abandonment of the policy which has so seriously menaced the good relations between the two countries, the government of the United States will rely upon a scrupulous execution henceforth of the now altered policy of the imperial government such as will remove the principal danger to an interruption of the good relations existing between the United States and Germany.

"The government of the United States feels it necessary to state that it takes it for granted that the imperial German government does not intend to imply that the maintenance of its newly announced policy is in any way contingent upon the course or result of diplomatic negotiations between the government of the United States and any other belligerent governmemnt, notwithstanding the fact that certain passages in the imperial government's note of the 4th instant might appear to be susceptible of that construction. In order, however, to avoid any possible misunderstanding, the government of the United States notifies the imperial government that it cannot for a moment entertain, much less discuss, a suggestion that respect by German navy authorities for the rights of citizens of the United States upon the high seas should in any way or in the slightest degree be made contingent upon the conduct of any other government affecting the rights of neutrals and non-combatants. Responsibility in such matters is single, not joint; absolute, not relative."

CALVARY SENT TO BIG BEND COUNTRY

Two Troops, 100 or More Men, Proceed to Glenn Springs, Scene of Raid by Mexicans.

CENSORSHIP IS ENFORCED

Bandits Said to be Operating Beyond the River—Raiding Party, However, Believed Fleeing—No Second Expedition Practicable.

Marathon, Texas, May 8.—Two troops of American cavalry swung southward this afternoon into the Big Bend country, moving on to Glenn Springs, where three soldiers lost their lives and a little boy was shot to death in the raid by Villa bandits Friday night. The force constituted one hundred and more cavalrymen belonging to troops A and B, of the Eighth cavalry, under the command of Major Langhorne.

Two troops of the 14th cavalry commanded by Colonel Sibley, from Fort Clark, go forward tomorrow.

A censorship is enforced to screen the troops movement, either in pursuit of the brigands or in protection of the border from further attacks.

Captain Cole, with 23 men of Troop A, is now scouting the river country where the bandits recrossed the Rio Grande in their flight after the attacks on Glenn Springs and Boquillas.

Bandits Operating Yet?

Unconfirmed reports are current tonight at Boquillas that bodies of bandits are operating in numbers on the Mexican side. The number of cavalrymen under present orders to proceed toward the river indicate this afternoon that no effort will be made to pursue the bandits into Mexico unless they are observed near the border. In that event a chase into Mexican territory may be attempted that might carry the American forces 50 or more miles into Coahuila.

Lack of transportation and properly defended lines of communication preclude any extended pursuit into Mexica, and military men here do not think another punitive expedition possible, because of the lack of cavalrymen. The last body of Villa followers recrossed the Rio Grande Saturday morning, and they are now probably nearly 40 miles south of the river.

Cavalry Insufficient.

"It would take a brigade of at least 3,000 men to form an expedition into Mexico to effectively cope with the sit-

(Continued From Page Two.)

WASHINGTON HOPES FOR CO-OPERATION AS TO LATEST RAID

Funston Has Full Authority to Send Troops Across Border on Hot Trail of Bandits.

SIX AMERICANS KILLED?

Conference Ends Without Agreement as to Status of United States Troops in Mexico.

Washington, May 8.—Administration officials are hopeful that effective co-operation between American and Mexican troops to exterminate the band of Mexican outlaws which raided Glenn Springs, Texas, last Friday night will follow the conclusion of the conference at El Paso between Generals Scott and Obregon. In the meantime, General Funston has full authority to send his troops across the border on any hot trail.

Secretary Baker conferred with President Wilson this evening, but he said later there had been no developments in the situation. Only meagre details of the raid have reached Washington. The latest was a consular report from Eagle Pass today saying that three civilians and three soldiers had been killed and two soldiers wounded and five of the remaining men of the little squad of cavalrymen were missing. The missing troopers may have joined the posse which followed the trail of the bandits toward the border.

No Increase of Forces.

Officials would not comment on border advices saying General Funston had repeatedly urged that his forces be strengthened. The question of calling out a portion of the National Guard is not under immediate consideration, however, and as the only other means of adding materially to the border squad would be to employ coast artillery troops as infantry, there is nothing to indicate that General Funston's forces is to be increased.

Senator Borah issued a statement tonight urging that additional troops be ordered to the border and that any man or party in Mexico which sought to embarrass the task of protecting American interests be treated as enemies of the country.

Borah Talks.

"It must be apparent to any one at all familiar with the situation," said the senator, "that Carranza cannot restore order in Mexico; he cannot establish a government, and what concerns us most, he cannot protect the border."

Secretary Lansing declined to say what steps were being taken to investigate intimations that the inspiration for the Columbus raid or the Glenn Springs raid had come from the American side of the border. To make any announcement, he said, merely would serve to block the investigators.

The Washington government was still without official notification tonight as to Carranza's attitude toward the Scott-Obregon plan. It was assumed from the fact that another conference between the two officers was held today, however, that he had accepted the proposals. A report from General Scott was expected at the conclusion of the conference.

Secretary Lansing forwarded representations to Carranza through Special Agent Rodgers at Mexico City last night when news of the Glenn Springs raid was confirmed. Mr. Rodgers was expected to inform Mexican officials that the United States assumed that they would take prompt steps to capture and punish the raiders.

Identity of Raiders Unknown.

No additional information as to the identity of the bandits was received. The report of the men of the little garrison was that cheers for both Villa and Carranza were heard.

It is regarded as unquestionable that the latest incident will have a strong influence upon the time when American troops will be withdrawn from Mexico.

A request from an American oil company at Tuxpam that a battleship be sent there to protect foreign interests against alleged threatening action by Carranza soldiers was referred by the State Department today to the American consul at Tampico. He was instructed to investigate and to consult with the commander of the gunboat Marietta, now at Tampico with the Machias, as to the necessity for sending a ship to Tuxpam. All recent reports from the oil region have stated that quiet prevailed.

War Department reports today noted that a force of Carranza soldiers was being sent to San Geronimo and Ojo Azulas, where American cavalrymen surprised and almost exterminated a band of Villa followers last week. The attitude of the Carranza forces was

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ENTIRE SYSTEM OF TRENCHES IS TAKEN BY GERMAN FORCES

French in the Fighting Suffer Extraordinarily Heavy Casualties, Berlin Reports.

40 OFFICERS PRISONERS

Entente Allied Front in France is Strengthened by Australian and New Zealand Troops.

An entire system of trenches on the northern slope of Hill 304, northwest of Verdun, has been captured by the Germans, according to Berlin, and the French in the fighting suffered extraordinarily heavy casualties. In addition, 40 officers and 1,280 soldiers were taken prisoner.

Paris reports that to the east of the hill the Germans were driven from a communication trench which they previously had penetrated, and that to the west of the hill a German assault against French positions at Hill 287 was put down by the French fire.

A heavy bombardment is in progress against the Avocourt wood and the entire region of Hill 304, while to the east of Verdun and in the Woevre the artillery activity continues vigorous. Around the Thiaumont farm north of Verdun a French attack broke down and 300 men were taken prisoners.

The Germans on the Russian front launched an offensive to the south of Illukst against the Russians, but met with no success. Mine fighting and bombardments continue at various points along this line. In Galicia, to the northwest of Tarnopol, the Russians captured a mine crater from the Teutons.

In the fighting in Asia Minor the Russians have compelled the Turks to withdraw from their entire first line trenches in the region of Erzingan.

Attacks by the Austrians against the Italians in the Marmolada, Falzarego and other sectors were repulsed. The bombardment in the Adamello region continues. Here the Italians have destroyed an Austrian defense work on Coltopete.

The Turkish cruiser Breslau is reported by Petrograd to have bombarded Eupatoria, in the Crimea. The town is described as an unfortified health station.

The Entente allied front in France has been strengthened by the arrival of Australian and New Zealand troops, who have taken over a portion of the front.

Four more leaders in the Irish revolt have been executed.

GERMAN OFFICIAL REPORT TELLS OF SUCCESS IN WEST

Berlin, May 8, (by Wireless).—The German official statement today said:

"The operations west of the Meuse (Verdun front) during recent days have been carried out principally by brave Pomeranian troops. They were attended by great difficulties but with moderate losses were successful. Notwithstanding the tenacious defense and furious counter attacks of the enemy the Germans took an entire system of trenches on the northern slope of Hill 304. The German lines reached the top of the height. The enemy suffered extraordinary havy losses, so that only forty unwounded officers and 1,280 soldiers were captured by us. Attacks by the enemy on our positions on the western slope of the hill were repulsed everywhere with havy losses."

BRITISH SHIP GALGATE SUNK BY SUBMARINE

Brest, France, May 8. — The British four-master Galgate, of Liverpool, was sunk by a submarine Saturday night. Twelve of the crew were picked up by a steamer and landed here. One boat with 14 men aboard is missing.

IMPRESSIVE SERMON BY EVANGELIST ON UNPARDONABLE SIN

Earnest Appeal Made to Large Audience at Tabernacle in Wilmington Last Night.

SERVICE FOR YOUNG FOLKS

Quiet Hour Meeting Will be Held in St. James' Episcopal Church This Morning.

One of the most profoundly impressive sermons preached by Dr. J. Wilbur Chapman during the Chapman-Alexander revival campaign in Wilmington was that last evening on the "Unpardonable Sin" in which the evangelist made an earnest appeal that no one present in the big audience would delay longer to take a definite stand for Christ. Dr. Chapman pointed out most strikingly the danger of delay and the awful consequences of failure to heed the call to Christian service and at the close of the sermon scores of people, mostly men, came forward.

Headed by Col. Walker Taylor, the founder of the institution, which has done so much for the young men of Wilmington, a hundred or more members of the Boys' Brigade marched to the Tabernacle and occupied seats reserved for them. Fifty or more engineers and other employes of the Atlantic Coast Line formed another delegation which Rev. M. T. Plyler, chairman of the delegation committee, introduced as the "come backs." Dr. Chapman and his co-worker, Mr. Chas. M. Alexander, gave the delegations a most cordial welcome to the service.

Mr. Alexander had the members of the Brigade sing "Shine" and then the audience joined in the singing "Let Your Lower Lights Be Burning," which has become one of the favorites at the Tabernacle during the meetings of the past four weeks. One of the engineers asked for "O Lord Send Us a Revival" and the song leader very cheerfully acceded to the request although he had to do most of the singing himself. He then had the railroad men sing "Jesus Lover of My Soul," which they did splendidly. Mr. Brown and the choir sang "He Is Mine," this being by special request. Before the sermon by Dr. Chapman all the audience sang "All Hail the Power of Jesus Name."

Church Meetings Today.

Dr. Wells in making the announcements last night called special attention to the meetings to be held in all the churches of the city this morning at 9 o'clock when every church member is expected to meet his own pastor in his own church for a conference. This will be followed by the Quiet Hour service in St. James' Episcopal church at 10:30 o'clock. Probably the most inspiring of all the messages that Dr. Chapman has brought to the people of Wilmington have been at these Quiet Hour services.

Rev. Dr. William H. Milton before the sermon by Chapman spoke briefly of the Free-Will offering to be given by the people of the city for the evangelistic party in which he paid a beautiful tribute to the splendid results that have been accomplished by the revival. He explained that but one offering would be taken and that no person would be expected to make more than one donation but that everyone would be given an opportunity to contribute.

After the opening prayer by Adjutant Yates, of the Salvation Army, Dr. Chapman read a long list of requests for prayers, one of these being for a father who is 95 years old, another being for 19 convicts in the county camp who on Sunday made a definite decision to be Christians.

Young People's Service.

One of the most helpful meetings yet held by Rev. C. T. Schaeffer for young people was that yesterday afternoon at the Tabernacle. Mr. Schaeffer made an address on Temperance which was heard with the closest attention by young and old, many declaring that it was the best address on this subject that they had ever heard. There was a large audience present including many adults. Mr. Schaeffer will hold another service for young people at the Tabernacle this afternoon at 3:30 o'clock. Announcement was made that four prizes would be offered today for the four best accounts by young people of the services to be held today. The accounts must be in by Friday morning and the prizes will be awarded by a committee on Saturday. There are two prizes for girls and two for boys.

Another Fraternal Night.

The fraternal organizations of the city will form another big delegation to attend the service at the Tabernacle on Friday night which promises to surpass in size the recent delegation of 1,000 men which went to the building in a body. One of the notable features of the meetings has been the interest taken by the men. The audiences have been composed largely of the men of the city and by far the larger number of responses to the appeals have been from the sterner sex. It is proposed on Friday night when the last week-night service of the campaign is held to get together the largest body of men ever assembled in the city from the frternal orders here.

Dr. Chapman spoke in part last night as follows:

Text: "Wherefore I say unto you, All manner of sin and blasphemy shall be forgiven unto men, but the blasphemy against the Holy Ghost shall not be forgiven. And whosoever speaketh a word against the Son of Man, it shall be forgiven him, but whosoever speaketh against the Holy Ghost, it shall not be forgiven him, neither in this world, neither in the world to come. Matt. 12, 31, 32.

"Read also Prov. 1:24-28; Mark 3: 28-29; Heb. 6:24; Heb. 10:26-28.

"I want to ask you this question—

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HOPE FOR JOINT EFFORT OF NATIONS FOR PEACE

Is Expressed by President Wilson in Interview.

Talks to Committee of "American Union Against Militarism," Which Opposes His Preparedness Programme.

Washington, May 8.—Hope that at the end of the present war the nations of the world would undertake a joint effort to keep the peace, backed by a common police force, was expressed by President Wilson today in an interview with a committee of the American Union Against Militarism which called to protest against his preparedness programme and advise him that they had found a fear of militarism in the country west of the Alleghenies.

The President told his callers that a helpless nation would be negligible in a conference to establish the foundations for peace. He said there was a difference between preparedness and militarism; that the country was in no danger of the latter, and in response to a question, declared that compulsory military training was not contrary to American tradition.

He added that the existing United States army was not large enough to safeguard the Mexican border; and that it had been found necessary to prepare the navy to deal with tremendously increased tasks quite independent of war.

The committee was headed by Miss Lillian D. Wald, Rabbi Stephen S. Wise and Amos Pinchot, of New York city; A. A. Berle, of Cambridge, Mass., and John A. McSparran, legislative chairman of the National Grange, who presented a memorial setting forth that while the union did not stand against sane or reasonable preparedness nor for peace at any price, it was convinced that the big army and navy programmes were a menace to democracy. The President was informed that these views have been voiced in great metings in ten cities of the Middle West and had met with enthusiastic endorsement.

PLAN TO SPEND $1,000,000.

In Tourist Hotel and Other Developments at Overhills.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Greensboro, N. C., May 8.—Ex-Sheriff Jordan announces that he has completed arrangements for a big tourist hotel at Overhills, between Sanford and Fayetteville. He and his associates plan to spend a million dollars in the development.

JURY FINDS FAY AND CO-DEFENDANTS GUILTY

Of Conspiracy to Blow Up Ships Carrying Munitions.

Convicted Men Are Liable to Maximum Sentence of 12 Years' Imprisonment and $10,000 Fine Each.

New York, May 8.—The jury which for ten days heard testimony at the trial of Robert Fay, a former lieutenant in the German army; Walter Scholz and Paul Daeche, charged with conspiracy to destroy munitions ships through bomb contrivances, returned a verdict of guilty tonight against all of the defendants.

The case went to the jury late today. Their trial has been in progress about ten days.

After being out half an hour, the jury requested that it be given copies of alleged confessions of the defendants. Judge Howe allowed the clerk of court to read a confession said to have been made by Sholz.

In their summing up, counsel for the indicted men ridiculed the conspiracy charge. No ships had been damaged, no bombs exploded and no underwriters abused, the attorneys declared. The alleged confessions, they added, were "forced."

The jury deliberated on the case for five hours and in reaching a verdict asked for clemency in behalf of Daeche who, according to his own statements and those of Fay and Scholz, was an employe of Fay and knew little of the details of the "fire bomb" plots.

The defendants each are liable to a maximum sentence of 12 years' imprisonment and a $10,000 fine. Judge Howe announced he would impose sentence tomorrow morning. The defendants were found guilty on two indictments.

Fay(heard(the verdict unmoved; Scholz straightened up in his chair, while tears welled in the eyes of Daeche. Fay and Scholz were returned to the tombs, but Daeche was released under $25,000 bail. Fay declared his lawyers would appeal from the verdict.

JAS. M. SULLIVAN RELEASED.

Given Full Liberty Several Days Ago, Says Dublin Report.

London, May 8. — James M. Sullivan, former United States minister to Santo Domingo, who was arrested following the recent uprising in Ireland, notified the American embassy here from Dublin today that he had been released.

Dublin, May 8. — It is officially announced that James M. Sullivan was released to full liberty two days ago.

STEAMSHIP CYMRIC IS REPORTED SINKING

Left New York April 29 with Cargo of Munitions of War.

Reported in London That Vessel Was Torpedoed by German Submarine—No American Aboard, It is Thought.

London, May 8. — The 13,000 ton White Star liner Cymric, which for some time has been engaged in freight service, has been torpedoed by a German submarine, according to advices received here. One report says that the Cymric was attacked in the Atlantic and the information of the White Star Company at Liverpool is that the steamer was torpedoed about noon today.

The Cymric left New York April 29, with an enormous cargo of war munitions. As she usually makes the voyage from New York to Liverpool in ten days, she was, therefore, within a day or two of her destination. It is considered probable, in the absence of definite details, that the disaster to the Cymric occurred off the west coast of Ireland, but whether on the northerly or southerly route cannot be stated.

The fate of the steamship is not yet known, although an early message received in London reported that the Cymric was sinking. The crew aboard numbered about 100 men, but the steamer carried no passengers.

New York, May 8.—No word has been received at the offices of the White Star Line here, it was said, concerning the steamer Cymric, which cable dispatches from London reported to be sinking, when the offices closed for the night, at 6:30 o'clock.

The Cymric left New York April 29, with a cargo of munitions and war supplies, including 8,900 cases of cartridges, and was due in Liverpool today. She was commanded by Capt. F. E. Beadnell and had a crew of over 100 men. The Cymric carried no passengers and was not armed.

J. J. MacPherson, British vice consul here in charge of shipping, said that as far as he knew there were no Americans among the crew. The Cymric, he said, arrived here with a crew of 110 men. Twelve deserted and eight were taken on. In addition to the crew, five distressed British seamen, who had been ill here were on the steamer.

The manifest of the Cymric disclosed that she had on board 101 cases of rifles and other firearms; 590 cases of primers; 11,049 cases of empty shells; 8,900 cases of cartridges; 40 cases of parts of aeroplanes; 400 reels of barbed wire; 81 cases of tractors and parts; 20 cases of gun parts; six cases of bayonets; 220 cases of fuse head, and 6,720 cases of fuses.

THE DAY IN CONGRESS

SENATE

Met at 11 A. M.

Considered nomination of George Rublee to Federal Trade Commission in executive session.

Adjourned at 5:55 P. M. to noon Tuesday.

Met at 11 A. M.

HOUSE

Considered report of disagreement among army bill conferees over Federal volunteer army and government nitrate plant.

Sent army bill back to conference with House conferees instructed not to agree to Senate provisions for standing army of 250,000 and volunteer reserve force but to favor government nitrate plant to cost $20,000,000.

Adjourned at 5:40 P. M. to 11 A. M. Tuesday.

BANKHEAD GOOD ROADS BILL PASSES SENATE

Would Mean $4,000,000 Federal Aid for North Carolina.

Measure Provides for Expenditure of $75,000,000 in Five Years in Building Good Roads—Conference Likely.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Washington, D. C., May 6.—Without even the formality of a roll call, the Senate this afternoon passed the Bankhead good roads bill, which had been pending for several days. The bill provides for the expenditure in five years of $75,000,000 for Federal aid to good roads, and also carries an amendment which was offered by Senator Walsh appropriatingr $10,000,000 for good roads in National parks and forest reserves.

The House has already passed a good roads bill, and it is expected that the two measures will go to conference and a new bill be worked out and adopted.

Should the bill pass with the above amount unchanged North Carolina would get approximately $4,000,000 during a period of five years divided as follows: $116,400; $262,800; $949,20[illegible] $465,600 and $582,000. P. R. [illegible]

ARMY BILL GOES TO CONFERENCE AGAIN

Nitrate Plant Amendment Substituted by One Offered by Chairman Hay in the House.

OTHERS ARE REJECTED

Proposal to Empower President to Raise Standing Army to 250,000 in Peace Time and Federal Volunteer Army.

Washington, May 8.—Senate amendments to the army bill again were rejected today by the House and the measure returned to conference. The proposals to empower the President to raise the standing army to 250,000 men in time of peace, and to raise a Federal volunteer army of 261,000 were rejected flatly by votes of 221 to 142 and 251 to 109, respectively, while the nitrate plant amendment was substituted by one offered by Chairman Hay, of the House Military Affairs committee, without a record vote.

Substitution of the nitrate plant amendment came after a hard fight by opponents of the Senate proposal, led by Representative Lenroot, Republican, of Wisconsin, who maintained that the "water power lobby" was responsible for it. The plant proposed under the Hay amendment would be operated exclusively by the government and "not in conjunction with any other industry or enterprise carried on by private capital, and the President would be empowered to select the site." These provisions were intended to silence the critics of the measure who maintained that the Alabama mussle shoals property owners were to be made the direct beneficiaries of the Senate amendment.

The President also would be authorized by the Hay amendment to investigate various methods of making nitrate, both by waterpower and otherwise, and to order a plant erected for the process he finds most feasible.

The initial appropriation for the plant would be $20,000,000, or $5,000,000 more than the Senate amendment would have provided, and the money would be raised by the sale of Panama canal bonds, payable in not more than 50 years. Democratic leaders tonight felt optimistic over the outlook for a settlement of the nitrate problem. There is some fear, however, that the clause to permit the government to sell the by-products of the proposed plant may arouse the objections of those opposed to government ownership.

Prior to the adoption of the Hay amendment, the House defeated amendments which proposed the selection of a plant site by a commission and proposing an appropriation of $50,000 for an investigation to determine the feasibilit yof erecting a plant.

Thirty Democrats voted against the 50,000 army feature.

WASHINGTON HOPES FOR CO-OPERATION AS TO LATEST RAID

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said by General Pershing to be friendly.

Consul Blocker's message regarding the Glenn Springs fight said the bodies of Deemer and Coy, the two civilians slain, had been found with their throats cut. The other civilian reported killed was th eCompton boy. The message estimated the force of the raiders at 100 and said the women of Glenn Springs had been sent to Marathon by motor truck.

NO AGREEMENT REACHED YET; OTHER CONFERENCES LIKELY.

El Paso, Texas, May 8.—Today's conference between Generals Scott and Funston and General Obregon, Mexican minister of war, and Juan Amador, sub-secretary of foreign affairs, ended late today without an agreement having been reached regarding the status of the American troops in Mexico. It was indicated, however, that efforts to effect an understanding had not been abandoned, and that another conference would be held.

Today's meeting took place in General Scott's private car on the American side. When or where the next meeting will be held was not disclosed.

When General Obregon returned to Juarez in his touring car, he was asked:

"Is the conference ended?"

He smiled, shrugged his shoulders and replied: "It is just beginning."

A. J. McQuatters, president of the Alvarado Mining & Smelting Company, was again present at the meeting of the American and Mexican representatives. Neither he nor any of the others would discuss what had taken place.

In El Paso tonight the feeling grew that the situation had taken on added gravity following the bandit raid in the Big Bend district. It was reported on good authority that most of today's conference had to do with the raid and the steps to be taken to disperse bandits in northern Coahuila. New demands were presented to the Mexican representatives, it was said, which would include the co-operation of the Mexican and American troops in districts not hitherto touched in the negotiations.

Whatever the reply of the Mexican minister of war, it was evident that he wished to gain more time. The conference began at 4:55 P. M. and ended in just an hour and 15 minutes. Tonight more telegraphic conversations between General Obregon and General Carranza took place.

The conferees could be seen through the window of General Scott's private car throughout the meeting. General Obregon shrugged his shoulders now and then and shook his head. Generals Scott and Funston appeared determined and at times spoke animatedly.

Sub-Secretary Amador, following the conference, announced that no decision had been reached and that another meeting probably would be held.

CARRANZA AND HIS ADVISERS IN CONFERENCE TILL 3 A. M.

Mexico City, May 8.—General Carranza and his official advisers were in conference during all of Sunday night and until 3 o'clock Monday morning discussing the campaign against the border raids, which it is believed have been inaugurated to be prosecuted systematically by enemies of the Carranza government now residing in the United States. Telegrams to the foreign office today said that the plots of the conspirators have become known to the secret agents of the Mexican government, and that the names of all the leaders have been obtained.

GERMAN CONSUL AT BALTIMORE INDICTED

Charged With Securing False Passport for Von Der Goltz.

Another Indictment by Federal Grand Jury Charges Von Igel and Others With Making False Manifest of Cargo.

New York, May 8.—Carl A. Luderitz, German consul at Baltimore, Md., was indicted by the Federal grand jury here today charged with procuring a false passport for Horst von Der Goltz, confessed spy.

Another indictment charges Wolfe von Igel, former secretary of Captain Franz von Papen; Dr. Walter D. Scheele, already indicted in the alleged "fire bomb plot," and "Gustave" Sternberg, alleged aide of Franz von Rintelen, German agent, with conspiring to falsify ship's manifest in sending a cargo of lubricating oil to Germany.

The indictment against Consul Luderitz charges that he obtained a passport for von Der Goltz in the name of Bridgeman W. Taylor from the Secretary of State at Washington on August 24, 1914, and that on October 3 von Der Goltz sailed for Genoa, Italy, on board the Italian liner Duca D'Aosta.

According to Federal officials the new indictment against Wolfe von Igel and Dr. Scheele was made possible by the papers seized in the former office of the recalled military attache, von Papen, at the time of von Igel's arrest. They allege that papers found among von Igel's effects show that freight charges for the shipment of the oil were paid by von Igel while acting as secretary of von Papen.

Luderitz Surprised.

Baltimore, May 8. — "I know nothing about this case of Horst Von Der Goltz, except what I have read in the newspapers," said Carl A. Luderitz, German consul here, indicted in New York today, charged with procuring a false passport for Von Der Goltz. "It is a surprise to me; that is all I have to say," he added.

GERMANY'S PROMISE TO ABANDON ILLEGAL METHODS OF WARFARE ACCEPTED

(Continued From Page One.)

newal of negotiations for settlement of the Lusitania, Arabic, Sussex and other cases growing out of illegal submarine attacks. In other official quarters, however, there apparently was uncertainty regarding the result which the note might have.

A new crisis, it was pointed out, would arise should Germany make a rejoinder to the communication and insist that its new policy is contingent upon the United States making certain demands upon Great Britain.

CAVALRY SENT TO BIG BEND COUNTRY

(Continued from Page One.)

uation," said an army officer here today just before the troops moved toward Glenn Springs. "We simply have not the men for another punitive expedition.

"You can't chase mounted bandits with infantrymen. If we see any bandits near the river, I imagine we will get orders to go after them, but I don't know positively. But I do know we can't go far after them with but four troops of cavalry."

SECTION OF SIGNAL CORPS LEAVES FOR MARATHON, TEX.

San Antonio, Texas, May 8. — A section of Company H, signal corps, left for Marathon tonight on a special train of nine cars. They will establish a telegraph line from Marathon to the border at Boquillas, where Mexican bandits crossed to attack Glenn Springs.

MARRIED 92 YEARS AGO.

Reuben Wyatt, Virginian, Dies at the Age of 108 Years.

Gate City, Va., May 8.—Reuben Wyatt, 108 years, who, according to court records here, was married 92 years ago, died at his home here early today. Wyatt spent his entire life in Scott county, Virginia.

Dublin, May 8.—Father Watters president of the Catholic University school here, died today from gunshot wounds. He was shot while standing in the doorway of a school during the disturbances.

London, May 8.—Australian and New Zealand troops have arrived in France and have taken over a portion of the front, it was announced in an official statement tonight.

LIVED ON MILK AND EGGS; NOW EATS ANYTHING

Wife of Merchant Says: "He Had Stomach Trouble of the Worst Kind for Four Years. Tanlac Has Worked Wonders for Him."

Among the several thousand statements recently made in connection with the new medicine, Tanlac, none is more interesting than the one offered by the wife of A. F. Threatt, market merchant, of 503 Ninth avenue, Charlotte.

Mrs. Threatt said: "My husband was a sufferer from stomach trouble of the worst form, for the past four years. You may imagine how bad off he was when not even an egg or milk would stay on his stomach without fermenting. He was restless at night and did not sleep well, and lost in weight considerably.

"One day a neighbor happened in and said: 'Why don't you try Tanlac I have been greatly benefitted by its use and am sure it will help you. Certainly, it will do no harm.'

"And it has helped. I never knew anything could work such wonders. Why, don't you know, my husband has, after taking but four bottles of Tanlac, a splendid appetite. He can eat anything. His strength is improving and he sleeps just fine. I am always glad to tell about Tanlac, as we are indeed grateful for what it has done. We only hope others will gain from it, as Mr. Threatt has."

Tanlac is sold only by the Bellamy Drug store in Wilmington. There its merits are explained daily by the Tanlac expert. There is a Tanlac druggist in every town.—adv.

Abington, Va., May 8.—Will Canter brother of Luther Canter, who died in the electric chair in June, 1915, for the assault and murder in April, 1915, of Mrs. Maude Wilson, of Wallace, Va., today was sent to the grand jury in a magistrate's court here on a charge of complicity in the Wilson murder.

BAPTIST ASSEMBLY SPEAKERS.

Many Prominent Men on Programme for Addresses at Wrightsville.

Mr. E. L. Middleton, of Raleigh, secretary of the Baptist Seaside Assembly, which meets at Wrightsville Beach June 26 to July 2, has announced a list of the speakers for the event.

Among the speakers are Judge Gilbert T. Stephenson, of Winston-Salem; Rev. Dr. B. W. Spillman, Kinston; Rev. Livingston Johnson, Rocky Mount; Rev. C. W. Blanchard, Kinston; Rev. J. A. Campbell, Buie's Creek; Rev. Walter N. Johnson, Raleigh, and Dr. Hubert Poteat, Wake Forest.

Besides the North Carolina speakers, there are a large number of prominent men on the programme from other states.

HISTORIC NAVAL RELICS

Trenchard Family Deposit Treasures in National Museum.

(New York Evening Telegram).

Another illustrious American family whose sons were officers in the United States navy is now represented in the Hall of History in the government museum at Washington. The United States National Museum has just received a collection of naval relics pertaining to the services rendered by Capt. Edward Trenchard and Rear-Admiral Stephen Decatur Trenchard between the years 1800 and 1880.

An officer's sword, a dirk, two commissions, a map and a manuscript journal relate to the career of Edward Trenchard. He was born in Salem, N. J., in 1784, and studied for some time as an artist, but eventually entered the United States navy as midshipman on April 30, 1800.

His first cruise was on the sloop of war Adams, under the valiant Stephen Decatur, where a strong and lasting friendship sprang up between the son of the commander, Stephen Decatur 2d, and young Trenchard. The Adams was engaged in the Mediterranean in the war with Tripoli from 1801-3, and while still a midshipman Trenchard participated in the famous attack on Tripoli in the latter part of the war, for which service he was awarded a sword by Congress in 1805, but, as no midshipman rated a sword in those days, he was presented with a dirk such as the junior officers of the British navy wore.

The dirk presented to Trenchard on this occasion is among the relics. It is a very fine one of English type, with an ivory and gold handle and etched gold sheath.

Reported Still Afloat.

Queenstown, (vi aLondon), May 9.—The Cymric was torpedoed at 4 o'clock Monday afternoon. It is reported that she is still float and is proceeding to an Irish port.

LADIES CAN WEAR SHOES

One size smaller after using Allen's Foot-Ease, the antiseptic powder for the feet. Shaken into the shoes and used into the foot-bath, Allen's Foot-Ease makes tight or new shoes feel easy; gives instant relief to corns and bunions, prevents Blisters, Callous and Sore Spots. It's the greatest comfort discovery of the age. Try it to-day. Sold everywhere, 25c. For FREE trial package, Address, Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

A GOOD FRIEND

A good friend stands by you when in need. Wilmington people tell how Doan's Kidney Pills have stood the test. Maggie Rivenbark endorsed Doan's over eight years ago and again confirms the story. Could you ask for more convincing testimony?

Maggie Rivenbark, 105 Dock St., Wilmington, says: "I suffered from a constant, dull ache in my back and loins. Some days I could hardly get about the house. The kidney secretions were too frequent in passage and highly colored. Mornings I felt tired and languid. I used several medicines, but nothing gave me much relief until I procured Doan's Kidney Pills at Bellamy's Drug Store. They cured the back ache, cleared up the kidney secretions and regulated the action of my kidneys."—(Statement given February 25, 1908.)

On April 5, 1915, Miss Rivenbark said: "Whenever I notice any signs of kidney disorder, I take a few doses of Doan's Kidney Pills and they never fail to do me good."

Price 50c, at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy — get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Maggie Rivenbark has twice publicly recommended. Foster-Milburn Co., Props., Buffalo, N. Y.

GRAND

MABEL TRUNNELLE

One of Screendom's Most Beautiful and Talented Actresses, in

'The Mysteries of the Crystal Globe'

A Three-Act Dramatic Masterpiece of Tragic Beauty.

"Dreamy Dud In The Swim"

One of Those Great Essanay Cartoon Screams.

Read Star Business Locals.

BIJOU

BASEBALL

The Greatest Two-Reel Baseball Comedy Ever Filmed.

"Oh! What A Whopper"

Staged on the Polo Grounds, During an Actual National League Game, with Twenty Thousand Spectators and the Giant Stars Taking a Part—Don't Miss It.

"GRAFT"

The Eighth Thrilling Chapter of This Great Serial — Guaranteed the Best Yet!

THE ROYAL

"Wilmington's Modern Movie"

William Fox Presents What He Personally Represents as

"ONE OF MY THREE GREATEST TRIUMPHS"

"A PARISIAN ROMANCE"

Richard Mansfield's Greatest Stage Success, with Cooper Cliff in the Role Which Mansfield Made Famous.

A SPECTACULAR SIX ACT PLAY OF THE GAY MUSICAL COMEDY LIFE OF PARIS—A THROBBING LOVE ROMANCE.

H. COOPER CLIFF, DOROTHY GREEN, MARGARET SKIRVEN, HAROLD HARTZELLE.

WOMEN IN THE EAST AND BOYS IN THE WEST ARE FOR PR EPAREDNESS

The upper photograph shows the women who have joined the Chevy Chase, Washington, Camp, which was reviewed by President and Mrs. Wilson the other day. They are learning the part in warfare that women may play. The lower picture shows school boys of San Francisco at a training camp at Manzanita. Hundreds of boys have been given the rudiments of military life there.

The Importance of Skin Care In the Springtime

Infectious skin diseases are irritating, unpleasant, unsightly and dangerous. There never was a greater mistake made than trying to cure such disorders with pastes, lotions, or creams, rubbed on the outside. You can't cure skin diseases that way, because they are the direct result of infected blood, and you can't rub or soak poisons out of the blood.

The annoyances of skin troubles are worse in spring than any other time. The perspiration that starts with the first warm days intensifies the smarting, burning sensation, and makes the trouble almost unbearable. There is only one way to relieve them, and that is through the blood, which must be thoroughly cleansed and purified. There is only one remedy that you can rely upon to do this, and that is S. S. S., the surest and best blood cleanser known.

S. S. S. acts with sure effect directly upon the blood—taken internally, it goes right into the blood vessels, drives out every bit of poison of whatever nature, kills the germs that starve and impoverish the blood, restores the skin to its proper condition and gives you healthy bone and tissue building blood. Even the worst cases, such as scrofula and blood poison, yield promptly to this efficient vegetable remedy. It doesn't matter how long you have had skin trouble, or if it has developed into chronic sores that you had given up all hope of curing. Take S. S. S. when all else fails. It brings relief. Write our Medical Department, Room 4, Swift Specific Company, Atlanta, Ga.

"THE STRANGE CASE OF MARY PAGE"

HENRY WALTHALL

EDNA MAYO

Wise People Look Ahead

Eye-future depends largely upon the care bestowed at present.

People who know avail themselves of our expert service, thus comfort and preservation of the eyesight follow as cause and effect.

Spectacles or Eye Glasses fitted to your eyes for $1.00 and up.

EYES EXAMINED FREE

Dr. Vineberg

MASONIC TEMPLE.

ATLANTIC COAST LINE RAILROAD COMPANY.

Office of the Treasurer.

Wilmington, N. C., May 1, 1916.

The Board of Directors of Atlantic Coast Line Railroad Company has declared a dividend of two and one-half per cent. on the Preferred Capital Stock of that Company, payable at the office of the Treasurer, Wilmington, N. C., on and after May 10th, 1916. The transfer books are closed from April 29th to May 10th, both inclusive.

JAMES F. POST,
Treasurer.

ma 6-5t

SEVEN BIG DAYS OF CHOICE INSTRUCTION AND ENTERTAINMENT

HELLO MIGGS WHERE GOING ?
OVER TO THE CHAUTAUQUA COME ALONG
HELLO BIGGS WHERE ALL THESE PEOPLE GOING ?
OVER TO THE CHAUTAUQUA COME ALONG: YOU ARE GOING IN THE WRONG DIRECTION
I BELIEVE I'D BETTER JOIN THE CROWD
WELL, HERE I GO WITH THE CROWD TO CHAUTAUQUA
WELL, I CERTAINLY AM GLAD I MET BIGGS AND GOT IN THE SWIM.
A. Packard

Chautauqua Week Here May 18th to May 25th

Baseball
Boating
Yachting
Angling

SPORTS

Motoring
Aeronautics
Tennis
Golf, Etc.

ALEXANDER WEAKENS AND BROOKLYN WINS

Five Straight Games Phillies Have Lost to Superbas.

Boston Makes It Three Straight from New York Nationals—Chicago and Pittsburg Divide a Double Header.

RESULTS YESTERDAY.
At New York 2; Boston 6.
At Brooklyn 2; Philadelphia 0.
At Chicago 2-4; Pittsburg 1-6.

WHERE THEY PLAY TODAY
New York at Pittsburg.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS

	W	L	Pct.
Brooklyn	10	4	.714
Boston	10	5	.625
Chicago	11	9	.550
Cincinnati	11	10	.524
St. Louis	10	10	.500
Philadelphia	8	8	.500
Pittsburg	9	12	.429
New York	2	13	.133

Brooklyn, May 8.—Alexander weakened for a moment in the second inning today and Brooklyn won 2 to 0 making it five straight games that Philadelphia has lost to the Superbas.

Philadelphia	000 000 000	0	4 1
Brooklyn	020 000 00*	2	8 2

Alexander and Burns; Dell and McCarty.

Chicago, May 8.—Chicago and Pittsburg divided a double header today. In the first, Williams' home run in the eighth brought McConnell the honors over Cooper of Pittsburg in a 2 to 1 pitchers' battle, but in the second in which errors and bases on balls were numerous, the Pirates, led by Wagner, drove two Cub twirlers from the slab and helped Mamaux to a 6 to 4 victory, despite his wildness.

Pittsburg	000 000 001	1	7 0
Chicago	000 000 02*	2	7 1

Cooper and Wilson; McConnell and Allen.

Second game:

Pittsburg	000 130 200	6	10 1
Chicago	000 011 020	4	4 4

Mamaux and Gibson; Packard, Pierce, Hendrix, Prendergast and Allen.

New York, May 8.—Boston made it three straight from New York today, winning the last game of the series 6 to 2. Pat Ragan started his first game of the season for the Braves and pitched good ball.

Boston	023 001 000	6	10 0
New York	010 010 000	2	5 2

Ragan and Gowdy; Polermo, Stroud, Schauer and Dooin.

Goobers Snatch Victory In 16th

ROCKY MOUNT DEFEATED BY PETERSBURG IN REAL BASEBALL CLASSIC ATTENDED BY MANY LADIES.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Rocky Mount, N. C., May 8.—As the shades of night were gathering, Petersburg snatched a victory in the 16th inning and a 5 to 3 victory from the Champs in the opener and "ladies' day" today. It was truly a baseball classic with pitchers working at top gate found it difficult for an advantage to be claimed and though the lanky southpaw claims a victory, his support claimed a slight edge on that accorded Applegate.

Especially was this noticeable in the 16th frame when, after one was out Ritchie netted a couple of corners on an easy pop-up that was allowed to drop safe just behind the second base line. This started trouble that later wound up in the loss of the game, though Goosetree made a sensational spurt to stop the scoring when he tagged a runner in the line after fielding an easy bounder. There were fielding startlers by both clubs and the visitors in the field frequently cut off hits and knocked down drives that would have been labeled for extra cushions.

The Tar Heels drew first blood by claiming two tallies in the opener when, after Berger was hit by pitcher, three safe taps were recorded off Pool. The Goobers came back in their half of the next and Poh lammed along the third base line and drew up at second to move down a peg on a pass ball and to count when Hudgins hit through the infield. Three innings later the visitors had two more to count when four safe hits were chalked against Applegate, in a series of rather dum plays. The Tar Heels made it three all in the seventh, when four safe taps sent one runner across the plate. It was in this frame and with the bases choked that Russano called Eisel's slashing drive over the initial sack foul, when it was perceptibly fair with a foot margin. The stands went into an uproar and the local squad protested liberally. Both clubs then settled down for nine innings without a tally and until the 16th when Ritchie claimed two sacks on a pop-up behind second base that should have first of all been fielded and secondly should never have been allowed to repose unmolested in the grass until he chased to second. This started trouble and three safe ones following sent the locals home with a defeat.

Petersburg—	010 020 000	000 0002	5 17 2
Rocky Mount—	200 000 100	000 0000	3 15 1

Pool and Hudgins; Applegate and Talbot. Umpire, Rossano; time 2:45.

ATHLETICS TOO MUCH FOR WALTER JOHNSON

Drive Him Off the Rubber and Defeat the Senators.

Cleveland Wins Postponed Game from Detroit—World's Champions Held to Three Hits by Mogridge and Are Shut Out.

RESULTS YESTERDAY
At Philadelphia 4; Washington 2.
At Boston 0; New York 4.
At Cleveland 3; Detroit 1.

WHERE THEY PLAY TODAY
St. Louis at Washington.
Detroit at Philadelphia.
Chicago at New York.
Cleveland at Boston.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS

	W	L	Pct.
Cleveland	15	7	.682
Washington	11	8	.579
New York	11	8	.579
Boston	10	11	.476
Detroit	10	11	.476
Chicago	10	13	.435
St. Louis	7	11	.389
Philadelphia	7	12	.368

Philadelphia, May 8.—Philadelphia hit Johnson's delivery for 13 safeties, including three doubles, drove him off the rubber in the eighth inning and won from Washington today 4 to 2. Johnson was poorly supported, while Myers was given splendid support.

Washington	020 000 000	2	4 5
Philadelphia	100 020 01*	4	13 1

Johnson, Boehling and Ainsmith and Henry; Myers and Schang.

Cleveland, May 8.—Cleveland won a postponed game from Detroit today 3 to 1, it being the Indians' eighth consecutive victory. While the hits were equal Bagby was the more effective with men on bases.

Detroit	001 000 000	1	7 0
Cleveland	000 000 12*	3	7 0

DuBus and Stanage; Bagby and O'Neill.

Boston, May 8.—Mogridge for New York held the world's champions to three hits today and, with perfect support shut out Boston 4 to 0.

New York	100 100 002	4	8 0
Boston	000 000 000	0	3 3

Mogridge and Alexander; Gregg and Agnew.

At Clemson: Clemson College 3; Trinity 0.

MABEL TRUNNELLE
Starring in "The Mysteries of the Crystal Globe" at the Grand Today.

at the Grand it will be your own fault.

"Parisian Romance" at Royal.

You have never yet seen a Fox photoplay like the one that is going to be seen at the Royal today. "A Parisian Romance," is the title, and it stars a bunch of talent that has never been rivaled in a single photoplay, which is headed by H. Cooper Cliffe, strong and dashing; Dorothy Green, one of filmdom's most beautiful women, with Margaret Skirven, Angelica Spier, Isabel O'Madigan, Clarence Heritage, Harold Hartzelle, Dion Tetheradge and Adolph Menjou—some strong talent.

"A Parisian Romance" is a stirring and dramatic incident of the Parisian show life, replete with splendid and magnificent views, great scenes from the opera and the musical comedy of Paris, life behind the scenes, and through it all a throbbing, pulsating story of love, passion, and fight for a woman between men of strong minds and wills of their own.

"A Parisian Romance" has been accorded such a reception in the large cities that William Fox has acclaimed it one of his three greatest successes, and in saying this, with all past Fox triumphs in mind, you have somewhat of an idea what to look for today. "A Parisian Romance" will no doubt be the strongest photoplay feature that Wilmington has seen in many a day, and should draw capacity houses both afternoon and night, for after you miss it, you will hear your friends talking about it and it will be eternally too late. So, take a tip, don't miss today's show. We want you to see it; you will think more of us afterwards.

100 cases Evap. Peaches.
50 cases Evap. Apples.
100 sacks Evap. Apples.
1000 cases Karo Syrup.
1000 cases Argo Starch.
3000 rolls Wire Fencing.

A full stock of other heavy and fancy groceries, and also a full stock of drugs usually carried by wholesale grocers.

D. L. Gore Co.
WHOLESALE GROCERS
Wilmington, N. C.

FLOUR SPECIAL

Self-Rising Flour in 6-lb bags. A handy package, which gives more profit. Send us your order.

Love & Woody
Wholesale Grocers.
WILMINGTON, N. C.

Bargains In Shingles

150,000 Four-Inch Cypress Shingles, culls. These are 4x20, at $1.25 per M. Also a few four-inch A-1, at $3.25.

A large and varied stock of heavy and fancy Groceries, Penny Candies and Paris Green for sale.

A. B. Croom, Jr. Company
WILMINGTON, N. C.

The Great American Smoke

Fall in line with the red-blooded smokers of the good old U. S. A. Smoke the cigarette tobacco that's been an American institution for three generations—"Bull" Durham. The snappy, relishy, star-spangled taste of "Bull" Durham puts the national spirit of get-up-and-hustle into your hand-rolled cigarette.

GENUINE "BULL" DURHAM SMOKING TOBACCO

Made of the choicest, mildest leaf grown, "Bull" Durham has a delightful mellow-sweet flavor found in no other tobacco. And its aromatic fragrance is supremely unique.

"Bull" Durham is the freshest, liveliest of smokes.

FOUNDED 1888

It is in innate characteristic and foresight, coupled with an eagerness to always keep abreast of the most desirable trend in clothing, that brings men and young men to our store with staunch regularity.

Their preference for our clothing is understood by those who examine our advance showing of Spring Suits—the most varied and complete assortment we ever have offered.

Made by Strouse & Brothers, and B. Kuppenheimer.
$18 to $27
J. M. SOLKY and Company
9 North Front Street.

"THE OLD RELIABLE"
PLANTEN'S C & C OR BLACK CAPSULES
REMEDY FOR MEN.
AT YOUR DRUGGIST.

We Have Your Shoes

When we made up our new Spring selection of "Those Totally Different"

"Snow" "Wearmore" Shoes for Men

at $3.50 $4. and $5.

we picked out a pair especially for a fellow about your size, style and taste, purposely to show you what a tremendous source of satisfaction it is to wear "Snow" "Wearmore" shoes.

The new "Snow" Styles for Spring are snappy, authoritative, and faultlessly expressed in perfect materials and "Snow" workmanship. The prices are unusually appealing, too, especially as matched against the Quality.

Ask us to show you the wonderful "Snow" Balata Cotton Fabric Sole. Due to its never-wear-out toughness, it is rapidly displacing leather soles where durability counts most. The Balata Fabric Sole is waterproof, too.

S. & B. SOLOMON
Wilmington, N. C.

You Could Earn Far More If You Didn't Drink

LET'S forget sentiment in looking at this drinking question, and get down to hard-pan business facts.

Drinking cuts down your earning power. And in time will cut it off altogether. Because people lose confidence in a man who drinks. If you are working for yourself you will lose your customers—and if you work for some one else you'll lose your job.

You may shut your eyes to this fact for a time—and try to think you are an exception to the rule. But you're not. For as long as you have a cause you will have an effect. Just as long as you keep on drinking it will cost you a big money loss. A greater and greater loss as time goes on, until it amounts to hundreds or even thousands of dollars every year.

There's just one way to stop all this loss and that is to get at the root of things. Cut out the effect by cutting out the cause—the desire for drink.

Come to the Keeley Institute at Greensboro, and you will get all your old earning power back again. In four weeks of our treatment you will be just as keen a business man as you ever were. With all your old energy, clear judgment and steady nerves. And the cure will be worth a thousand times what it cost.

Think of yourself and your future—and act now. Send for our booklet. It's free on request.

W. H. OSBORN, President
THE KEELEY INSTITUTE
Greensboro North Carolina

STACKS, TANKS, BOILERS, PUMPS.
GAS AND STEAM ENGINE REPAIRS.
REPAIRS FOR MILLS, HOTELS AND PUBLIC WORKS.
OUR FOUNDRY MAKES ALL KINDS of IRON, BRASS and ALUMINUM CASTINGS.

Cape Fear Machine Works
'PHONE: 213. WILMINGTON, N. C.

MINOR LEAGUES.

NORTH CAROLINA LEAGUE.
At Charlotte 5; Durham 10.
At Greensboro 4; Winston-Salem 11.
At Asheville 8; Raleigh 1.

VIRGINIA LEAGUE.
At Norfolk 7; Hopewell 6.
At Newport News 9; Portsmouth 16.
At Rocky Mount 3; Petersburg 5; (16 innings.)

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.
At Kansas City 1; Columbus 10.
At Minneapolis 7; Indianapolis 6.
At St. Paul 8; Louisville 4.
At Milwaukee 5; Toledo 7.

SOUTH ATLANTIC LEAGUE
At Charleston 1; Albany 0.
At Jacksonville 13; Macon 1.
At Augusta 8; Columbus 2.
At Montgomery 7; Columbia 14.

SOUTHERN ASSOCIATION
At Atlanta 4; Chattanooga 3.
At Ne wOrleans 8; Little Rock 0.
At Birmingham 4; Nashville 3.
At Mobile 4; Memphis 3.

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.
At Richmond 3; Rochester 10.
At Providence 3; Toronto 6.
At Newark 5; Montreal 1.
At Baltimore 12; Buffalo 10.

IMPROVE SANATORIUM PROPERTY.

State Forester Advises Reforestation by Protecting Trees.

Raleigh, N. C., May 8.—State Forester J. T. Holmes, of Chapel Hill, writing to Dr. L. B. McBrayer, who is making an effort to improve the State property connected with the Sanatorium, especially the wooded part of the property which is over 1,200 acres, advises that no timber be cut, and that all efforts be made to re-seed the land with long leaf pine. This con be done, thinks Mr. Holmes, in ten years by retaining all the trees for seeding purposes and protecting them as much as possible from fire. Much can be done to protect pines from fire, he says, by filling with sand the boxes of all cut trees and not allowing the boxes to burn out after a fire.

"But for the hogs and fire," says Mr. Holmes, "all this sand hill country would have a beautiful, valuable growth of long leaf pine." As to the Sanatorium property, he advises that no timber be cut, except for clearing purposes, in ten years, at the end of which time the area will be receded an dthe trees themselves will be of considerable more value.

Chattanooga, Tenn., May 8.—Miss Alexa Sterling, of Atlanta, Southern women's golf champion, won the qualifying medal in the first day's play of the championship tournament here today with a score of 88. Mrs. Howze, of Birmingham, finished with 92; Mrs. Duffield, of Memphis, with 95; Mrs. Shoof, of Savannah, with 96, and Mrs. Gaut, of Memphis, with 99.

BELL-ANS
Absolutely Removes Indigestion. One package proves it. 25c at all druggists.

THEATRICAL

The Grand is getting some of the biggest bargains in five-cent shows these days that it has ever had the pleasure of presenting. The very biggest stars of filmdom are presented in these features, in big photoplays—photoplays with a punch at the lowest possible prices.

Today's bill starts off with a great three-act Edison feature-superior, "The Tragedies of the Crystal Globe," and starring in this film masterpiece is beautiful and talented Mabel Trunnelle, one of the most talented of all Edison players. Thomas A. Edison, a pioneer in moving pictures, is acknowledged today one of the ablest producers, and in "The Tragedies of the Crystal Globe," there has been filmed a surpassingly thrilling story of tragic beauty and strong dramatic incidents that make it one of the very greatest regular programme features of the year. Co-starring with Miss Trunnelle in this feature is Bigelow Cooper, one of the best known leading men on the screen, and they are supported by several others whom you will recognize as big favorites.

Essanay presents one of those great cartoon screams, "Dreamy Dud in the Swim," one of those ridiculous cartoon creations that make the whole world laugh, and should be a big drawing card on today's bill.

"The Woman's Law" Thursday.

"The Woman's Law," Thursday's big feature at the Grand, is a modern drama, the theme of which is built upon the curious although altogether probable theme of a man's physical double. It tells of a dissolute New York millionaire who has lost the respect of his wife by his notorious infidelities, she withdrawing from society in a sense of shame. Orcutt, continuing his debauches, slays a friend in a quarrel. With the fear of the law upon him he goes to his wife, and she in an attempt to save him starts for the office of the district attorney, her friend. She comes upon the living double of her husband, a stranger on a park bench, his mind stunned by a terrific shock.

Taking the unresisting man to her home, she substitutes him, and sends her husband abroad. The law releases him to an insane asylum, from which he is later released and goes to live at the Orcutt home. He cannot remember who he is, but presumes he is Orcutt, and cannot understand his "wife's" evident coldness toward him.

It is decidedly a picture wtih a punch, and stars Miss Florence Reed, the brilliant Broadway star in the role of the wife, who endures a living death in her home with the man who is not her husband, but whom he and the world accepts as her husband, and the final outcome is as brilliant and startling as the plot is throughout.

Graft Serial at Bijou.

The eighth thrilling chapter of the great "Graft" serial at the Bijou today is undoubtedly one of the most finished two reels of photoplay story that has ever been filmed. Hobart Henley, Jane Novak and Harry Carey have made of this serial a breath-taking thriller that the beginning chapters did not forecast at all, and every week it is actually getting better. Contrary to usual customs, the first chapter was the weakest of this serial, and later episodes have fulfilled all expectations, and more. If you have not yet begun to follow this serial, start today. Each chapter is a complete story, which is one beauty about it. You can enjoy the finished acting of that great Broadway star, Harry Carey, with those two great photoplay favorites, Hobart Henley and Jane Novak today, and not have to go back next week for the continuation of the story. That is appealing to a great many patrons.

There is a rare treat at the Bijou today. With the opening of the baseball season already over, "Oh! What a Whopper!" a great two-reel baseball comedy, with the New York Giants playing some of the principal roles, should pack 'em in. The play was staged on the Polo Grounds in New York City, and views of a real ball game, with stars of the National League taking part are the features of this production. Twenty thousand spectators saw the picture filmed, as it was made during a real National League game, with Harry Coleman, the "main guy" in the comedy line, doing his stunts in the crowded grandstands. It is a treat such as has never been filmed before.

"Strange Case of Mary Page."

If the most exciting court scene in fiction appeals to you; if you like to peep behind the scenes of stage life; if you want to follow the startling events that won for Mary Page a splendid Broadway stage triumph, and on the next day cast her into a murderer's cell; if you are seeking a story that has a rarely beautiful and appealing heroine, with a "Sir Galahad" lover, and a millionaire pursuer whose ignoble quest ends in death; if you delight in thrill upon thrill, climax after climax, leading up to a wonderfully dramatic ending—

EDNA MAYO
"Most Beautiful Woman on the Screen" in "The Strange Case of Mary Page."

Then be sure to follow Mary Page's adventures in the great Essanay screen production of "The Strange Case of Mary Page." Each week for 15 weeks, Miss Mayo, in the portrayal of Mary Page will appear in new creations by Lady Duff Gordon (Lucile). You know how "Lucile" originated the "Mrs. Vernon Castle style." You know how her costumes are sought by exclusive Fifth avenue society leaders—by the world's most beautiful women.

The acting of Henry B. Walthall, the superb hero of the Birth of a Nation in the part of Langdon, Mary's lover and defender, will be absorbingly interesting; it is the biggest part that Walthall, "The Edwin Booth of the screen", has ever played. If you miss this treat beginning next Friday

THE MORNING STAR

Published by the
WILMINGTON STAR COMPANY, INC.,
Wilmington, N. C.

Entered as second class matter at the postoffice at Wilmington, N. C., under Act of Congress, March 2nd, 1874.

FULL ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORT

PUBLISHERS' ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily newspaper in North Carolina, is published daily and mailed to subscribers outside the county at $6 per year; $3 for six months; $1.50 for three months or served by carrier in the city and suburbs at 60c. per month, or, when paid in advance, $5.00 per year; $3 50 for six months, $1.75 for three months

THIS SUNDAY STAR, by mail, one year, $1.00; six months, 50 cents; three months, 25 cents

ADVERTISING RATES may be had on application, and advertisers may rest assured that through the columns of this paper they may reach all Wilmington, Eastern Carolina and contiguous territory in South Carolina.

Obituary sketches, cards of thanks, communications espousing the cause of a private enterprise or a political candidate, and like matter, will be charged at the rate of 10 cents per line, to persons carrying a regular account, or, if paid cash in advance, a half rate will be allowed. Announcements of fairs, festivals, balls, hops, picnics, excursions, society meetings, political meetings, etc., will be charged under the same conditions, except so much thereof as may be of news value to the readers of the paper, in the discretion of the editors.

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COMMUNICATIONS, unless they contain important news, or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and, if acceptable in every other way, they will invariably be rejected, unless the real name of the author accompanies the same, not necessarily for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith.

ALL DRAFTS, checks, express money orders and postal money orders for the paper should be made payable and all communications should be addressed to

THE WILMINGTON STAR CO.

TUESDAY, MAY 9, 1916.

TOP O' THE MORNING.

You may count your fortune by millions, but if your influence has not been helpful to others, you are a poor man indeed.

—CHAPMAN.

Some times we get in a train of thought and find out that it's only a slow freight.

When a woman's dress is the worst sort of fit, she will go right into another fit of the same kind.

A man is entitled to his own opinion but others take the liberty of calling it bunk. In the majority of cases it is.

Come up to the scratch with that Packing house for Wilmington. The way is open for forward looking men to go ahead.

An effort is being made to make Coney Island a classy resort on a higher level than heretofore has characterized "Cooney." Good night, Coney!

A woman wants you to know exactly what she means, but a man will sit up nights in an attempt to discover a way to keep people from knowing what he means.

When Billy Sunday reached Kansas City he found out that he would have to compete with a circus. The circus had its day, but Billy staid on the job an dsoon had Kansas City coming his way.

Those who don't do right are responsible for the fact that Wilmington has to pay out thousands of dollars for a police force. If everybody would get right and do right, the Ministerial Union could hold us all in check.

It is said that Gen. Hang Hung has sailed from San Francisco to take charge of the Chinese rebellion. If there is anything in a name, the general might as well make up his mind that the hangman will take charge of him before he can take charge of the rebellion.

Congressman Ham Lewis was recently mistaken for a spy when he visited Old Point Comfort. During times like these there is something funny about the popular suspicion that every queer looking stranger is a spy. Many men who look like spies are not spies in any sense of the word.

Says the Richmond Times-Dispatch: "The Republicans, having taught the country that prosperity must be credited to the party in power, must now take their medicine." At any rate, it will convince them that they didn't know what they were talking about when they used to fool a great many simple minded folks into believing that agriculture, manufacturing and commerce depended upon politics instead of economic conditions all over the world.

Many Turks not being able to understand what the great European war is about, the Ottoman government has explained that foreign intervention is responsible for it. The Turks seem to have kept it in mind that Austria intervened in Serbia, Russia intervened in behalf of Serbia, France intervened in behalf of Russia, Germany intervened in behalf of Austria, England, while Italy, Turkey, Bulgaria, and Japan intervened in behalf of England, whil eItaly, Turkey, Bulgaria, Montenegro and Portugal intervened for what they could get out of it by getting into it.

Just suppose the ribald critics of President Wilson were running the government! Instead of the successful outcome of the sane policy and patient diplomacy of the administration, the country would be in a devil of a fix. In fact, the country would be rattling around with wheels in its head. Wilson puts one over on the mutts every time they come to the bat. Looks as if they would quit thinking they are playing a game in which the score for them is one "goose egg" right after another. Don't they know when they've got all sorts of enough?

TOO MUCH BUTLER FOR OWEN

It is hardly believable, but Tom Bost gets it that Editor Thomas E. Owen, of the Clinton News Dispatch, recently Republican aspirants for Congress in the Third district, "has denied the faith and become almost as bad as a Democrat." Leastwise, Mr. Bost writes from Raleigh to the Greensboro News that "it is as well authenticated as any story can be that Mr. Owen will this year support Woodrow Wilson, will edit an independent paper, will not yield to the mastery of his successful foes, and will, in all probability, take pretty nearly a straight Democratic dose."

Well! Well! That is surprising if true. We hope it is true, for we would rather have Editor Owen fighting on our side than to have him doing his sharpshooting and sniping from the enemy's trenches. When Editor Tom has anything to say, he says it right now, whether he means it as he says it—hot off the reel. Of course, if he is going to turn on those who have turned him down, he will have plenty to say. If he decides to be independent, he will be peculiarly independent, and as such he will be a better friend to the Democrats than he has ever thought of being before.

We all know that Mr. Owen has been a staunch and militant Republican and probably he would continue to be one, but if he is like us he realizes that there is no Republican party in North Carolina. At the last State convention the Bull Moosers got in the china shop and smashed all the G. O. P. crockery. That's the way it looked to us when it happened, and it must have finally dawned on the Clinton editor that the Progressives have run the hog over the G. O. P. in North Carolina. Therefore, no Republican is bound to support a party that pretends to be an elephant when it is only a moose.

Of course, they have have made Editor Owen tired. He hardly believed that the Republican party had come under the domination of Marion Butler, but when the Third district convention met recently at Goldsboro, Butler captured it just as he had taken charge of the State convention at Raleigh. Editor Owen was an aspirant for the congressional nomination as a Republican in the Third, had set his heart on running and felt confident of election. He had all his pegs set, had all his issues in hand, and had the backing of Republicans all over the district. However, Marion Butler wanted that preserve for his brother, Major George E. Butler, of Clinton, lawyer and politician. Therefore, the newspaper man was shunted aside and Major Butler was nominated for Congress, to oppose the Hon. Geo. E. Hood, present representative and Democratic candidate to succeed himself. In the Goldsboro convention Mr. Owen also was a candidate for delegate to the Chicago convention, but Marion Butler wanted to go himself and again gave Mr. Owen a raw deal.

Nobody could stand for such ruthless treatment, and certainly a man who has some ginger in him like Editor Owen would be expected to kick out of the traces and refuse to pull with two Butler steeds leading the team.

GENERAL BUSINESS CONDITIONS.

The Murcnison National Bank sends us the May bulletin of its New York correspondent, the National City Bank, the text constituting a comprehensive view of "general business conditions" throughout the United States and the prospects for business, as the outlook reveals it to financial students who closely analyze the situation and sum up the result with studious clearness. Prosperity really is the subject discussed by the National City Bank's able economists, as you may judge from the following extract from their survey:

"The political situation, as regards the submarine controversy and the relations with Mexico, have verged upon the critical throughout the month, but aside from a slight disturbance among the speculative holders of stocks it has been without apparent influence upon business. Evidently nobody believes that any possible developments in either quarter would adversely affect the prevailing state of prosperity in the United States.

"Business the country over continues at the top notch rate, with conditions on the whole rather more normal and stable in appearance than a month ago. The railway congestion has been reduced under the management of the committee of officials appointed for that purpose, and traffic is moving more smoothly but to the limit of the capacity of the roads. Complaints of car shortage are heard, particularly from the lumber industry in the Southwest, but considering the tremendous amount of freight moving, the situation is now very well in hand. Navigation has opened on the lakes with an immense tonnage in sight. The lake boats formerly operated by railway lines and which had to be sold in compliance with law, have either been sold for the coast trade or taken over by a new corporation organized at Buffalo for the purpose, and which will operate in connection with the railways.

"The volume of commodities moving from original sources into distribution is enormous and well balanced as between merchandise, miscellaneous freight and farm products, although the end of the crop year is approaching, when the latter usually run low. The big crops of the last two years have filled the available storage, and created large reserves of all the grains. Wheat is the one farm product of importance that is selling lower than last year, but in the spring wheat territory the yield was phenomenal and great prosperity prevails there. Hogs have been selling since February in the Middle West packing centers close to the $10 mark, which is an exceedingly profitable price, and cattle and sheep are doing about as well. The shearing season is now under way in the Western states, and wool is bringing the highest prices known since the paper money period of the Civil War. This prosperity of the farmers is the solid basis which gives confidence throughout the West. There is a large movement of migrating farmers into Minnesota and the states west of it this spring, for settlement upon new lands.

"The winter wheat crop is less promising than a year age, except in the three states, Nebraska, Kansas and Oklahoma, where it looks very well. The season in the spring wheat territory is backward and it now seems improbable that the total wheat yield of the country this year will come up to either of the phenomenal crops of 1914 and 1915. It may, however, be quite large enough, in view of the unusual stocks carried over. The highest price on the crop in the Chicago market was $1.38 per bushel, realized in January. Wheat is now higher in the United States than in Canada by just about the ten cent duty.

"The cotton outlook is for a moderate increase of acreage, with a use of fertilizers even below last year's. The consumption of cotton by American mills made a new high record in March at 613,625 bales. Exports for eight months including March were 38 per cent lower than on the previous crop, and cotton consumption has been reduced all over the world. The exports of cotton goods by Great Britain in 1915 were only about two-thirds those of 1913, the exports of Germany and Austria-Hungary were eliminated, those of France were about one-third normal and those of all other countries except the United States rose from $54,000,000 to $92,000,000, but this nowhere near made good the decline elsewhere. Unquestionably shelves are bare the world over, and a large demand for cotton should follow the end of hostilities. The price has held around 12 cents per pound.

"The demands upon manufacturers of all staple goods are sufficient to assure the full operation of the industries throughout this year, and a good start into 1917. Price advances, instead of determining purchases, have prompted buyers to cover needs farther into the future. There are complaints from manufacturers who are unfavorably affected by the scarcity and high prices prevailing for materials, particularly steel, but the orders continue to gain upon production. A manufacturer who must have steel to carry on his business simply cannot afford to run the risk of having his wants uncovered."

The above gives one a clear conception of general business conditions as critically considered and enunciated through the most authoritative source in this country. All intelligent business men ought to know what the state of business is and what the prospects for business are, and it is well that America' leading financial institution has a competent staff collecting the data, watching the conditions, and presenting them in a comprehensive form that enables business men to note the geenral drift and make a study of the facts in the case.

We always take keen interest in the National City Bank's bulletins and we appreciate the thoroughness of the review they present for general information. No doubt you will notice for yourself that first comes the conditions affecting business favorably or unfavorably and then follows consideration of the chief element in business, into which enters the country's production on the farms and in its factories, transportation facilities and conditions for marketing production, together with the collateral elements based upon the chief ones to be considered.

What is business, anyhow? Is there a general understanding of what constitutes it? If not, the National City bulletins make it all clear. They don't overlook anything, and it is interesting to follow the analysis closely and get more than an academic view or a more than provincial conception. Of course, the bulletin goes into many pages of details that we cannot mention here under the different heads, but we have copied enough to show that prosperity is militant and nothing is in sight to cause a halt, even looking ahead a whole twelve months from now.

A DAY OF CO-OPERATION.

We live in a day of co-operation. Individualism was very well in the days when men lived isolated and were largely dependent upon their own exertions for a livelihood, but today it is different. The world is bound together as never before in its history and men must know each other and look out for each other's welfare. It is the day of the civic and social mind. In the words of a distinguished student of social conditions, men must think generously in terms of the community.

It is easy enough to think that we are sufficient within our own strength and need not the help of others, but it is a spirit that will not carry us far in these modern days when in order to achieve success in any field it is necessary to specialize in some particular line, making our dependence upon others obviously necessary.

In the old days when the farmer grew everything that he needed on his own farm and went to the city only at long intervals to market some of his produce and to purchase a few things that were ordinarily classed as luxuries, it was easy enough to leave out of considerations the welfare of his neighbors, but it is no longer this way.

Try as we may we cannot bring back the old days, even if we wanted to do so, and, much as we may regret it, we cannot live apart from the world of living men. We may not like our neighbors; we may think that they are far from perfect, that too often they are selfish and self-centered, but it is incumbent upon citizens who would be progressive to bring them together and make them see the importance of working together for the common welfare of all.

We may condemn big corporations and the combining of capital in immense business enterprises, we may fail to see much good in the great labor organizations that have been built up in our country, but whether or not we may like it is beside the question. These combinations cannot be destroyed, nor obliterated but rather it should be the task of every citizen to see that the spirit of righteousness and good will is infused into them in order that they may be made to serve the common interest of all.

The world is not yet perfect. Man is still almost an aboriginal, as may be easily seen when one contemplates the awful devastation wrought by war, even by the most civilized and highly cultured nations, but he thinks differently now from what he did a hundred years ago. He moves in great masses and those who would not be crushed must get in the race with his fellows.

Pessimism may run riot in the minds of men as they view ofttimes almost with despair their seeming ineffectual efforts to make the world what it should be, but no man worthy of his salt will become discouraged for this reason. He will fight to the bitter end for the things he considers worth while, and die, if need be, in order to bring them about. Nevertheless, this does not mean that he should not be cognizant of the trend of the times or fail to recognize the tendencies of the age in which he lives. He need be no less true by doing so, but will be enabled to render a great service by utilizing all the forces available for carrying out his purposes.

THE LAW AS TO ROAD-SIGN BOARDS

To the Editor of The Star:

I have read with much interest your editorial in today's Star in connection with the resolutions passed recently by the T. P. A. relative to the above subject. I quote below the law on the subject at present on the statute book which would help some if enforced: Revisal of North Carolina, sections as follows:

"2722. SIGN-POSTS PUT UP: Overseers shall cause to be set up, at the forks of their respective roads, a post or posts, with arms pointing the way of each road, with plain and durable directions to the most public places to which they lead, and with the number of miles from that place as near as can be computed; and every overseer who shall, for ten days' after notice of appointment, neglect to do so and keep the same in repair, shall forfeit and pay for every such neglect ten dollars."

"2723. MILE-POSTS PUT UP CORRECTLY: Every overseer of a road shall cause the same to be exactly measured, where it has not already been done, and at the end of each mile, shall mark in a plain, legible and durable manner, the number of the miles, beginning, continuing, and marking the numbers in such manner and form as the board of supervisors shall direct; and every overseer shall keep up and repair such marks and numbers of his road. If an overseer shall neglect any of the duties prescribed in this section, for the space of thirty days after his appointment to office, he shall forfeit and pay four dollars, and the like sum for every thirty days thereafter the said marking may be neglected."

GOOD ROADSMAN.

Wilmington, N. C., May 8, 1916.

CURRENT COMMENT

The only objection the people of North Carolina have been able to find with the creamery industry is that it appears to have been a little bit too prosperous. The butter those creameries make is the finest in the world and there is such a large and insistent demand for it on the outside markets that home people find some trouble in getting supplied. There are 10 creameries operating to their fullest capacity in meeting the demands, and with the exception of one at Greensboro and one at West Raleigh, all are located in piedmont North Carolina. The Farmers' Market Bulletin makes the statement that these creameries are having more orders than they can fill, but that soon "there will be a great increase in the output." It suggests that instead of buying outside the State, "all interested in developing our North Carolina industries should write to some of these creameries." The general experience of the public has been that the creameries would better let out their belt and produce enough of their incomparable butter to go around among the home folks.—Charlotte Observer.

I KNOW

By Rev. J. Wilbur Chapman, D. D.

As Agnostic is one who says **he does not know.**

There may be a God—the Bible may be a revelation of His will—Jesus may be His son, and therefore divine, but **he does not know.**

Rev. J. Wilbur Chapman.

Not to know when you may know, is to subject one's self to just criticism.

I do not know the deep things of philosophy.

I do not know the intricate principles of science.

I do not know how to measure the velocity of light.

I do not know how to compute the distance to the farthest fixed star.

But I might know these things and they will yield their secrets to me when a pay th eprice of admission to the castle in which they dwell.

Hard work, careful thought and a complete admission to the teacher, who knows, together with the willingness to follow the teacher even where I cannot understand. This is the price I pay for knowledge, and there is no half-fare.

There are some things I absolutely know. I have learned them by the application of the principle given above.

I KNOW

That God is and that He is my father—

That Jesus lives and He is my Saviour—

I KNOW

That the Bible is true because it finds me—

That its promises fail not because I have proved them—

I KNOW

That life is truly lived only when He is my guide—a guide post is one thing, a guide is quite another, and He is that.

I KNOW

That five minutes after I am dead a colossal fortune or a world-wide fame will profit me nothing—

BUT

Faith in God, trust in Christ, and a belief in the Bible, will be worthwhile.

HEALTH IS WEALTH

by John B. Huber, A.M., M.D.

Health and intelligence are the two blessings of life.—MENANDER.

The Management of Eczema.

MOST eczema sufferers, besides making applications to the skin, have to take also something internally. Water internally is good for eczema but bad externally. Except for the necessary cleansing, water must be applied as little as possible while the eczema lasts. A tumblerful of hot water on rising with a teaspoonful of epsom salts in it; and plenty of water drunk at all times is right for the eczema sufferer. And here and there a good purge—two or three compound carthartic pills. Infants with eczema of the face should have one-tenth of a grain of calomel dissolved in milk or water, three times a day. In all cases there must be great attention given to fresh air, moderate exercise, regular habits, cutting out all articles of food not easily digested. A regular diet, mostly of milk, fresh meats roasted or broiled, and the simple green vegetables well cooked, all in moderation, is right.

When we come to external applications we have to consider: Is the eczema in the "weeping" stage; or is it in the dry and scaly stage? To apply the remedy for the dry stage to the weeping eczema would increase the suffering; and to act vice versa would only prolong the disease.

Here is a good application for the weeping stage; doctors call it Lassar Paste: One half ounce each of oxide of zinc and of finely powdered starch is thoroughly mixed with an ounce of vaseline or lard or lanolin (wool fat). This is spread on lint and then applied to the crusty, scabby moist surface; then a bandage over all and the whole renewed night and morning. When the crusting is very heavy remove what will easily come off by means of warmed sweet oil, before applying the paste. For infants make a mask—cut out of lint (or soft flannel) a place for the eyes and one for the nose and mouth. Then apply the paste spread on this mask to the scalp, forehead and cheeks, and bandage. This will keep the child from scratching. For the dry and scaly stage the easiest procured and certainly one of the best is tar ointment (one teaspoonful of oil of cade to the ounce of vaseline or lanolin). This is rubbed vigorously twice a day into the affected skin and then applied on lint, and bandaged over all. For very intense and intolerable itching carbolated vaseline is excellent. For the red eczema of the legs we mentioned yesterday nothing is better than a rubber bandage, two or three inches wide, applied night and morning just as any bandage, going from the ankle up, and a stocking over all. Fissured eczema will not get well if the hands are kept in water. The cure here is to apply salicylic acid plaster keeping this on for several days, when the skin will be found softened. Pare off what easily comes away, and renew, if necessary, the plaster. An eczema sufferer will of course always be better off under the management of a physician skilled in skin disease.

MILK.

C. M. W. writes: I am reading your splendid articles on health. Would you give me the difference between (1) sterilized and (2) pasteurized milk?

Answer: 1. Is boiled (raised to 212 degrees or more), contains no living germs and lasts longer; but it is less digestible and more unpalatable. 2. Is kept at a temperature of 165 degrees for 20 minutes, tastes like raw milk and its digestibility is not impaired. However, if the milk becomes contaminated with germs after pasteurization, it spoils more readily than clean raw milk.

TEETHING.

G. E. Y. writes: At what age do children usually begin to teeth? How can one tell when the teething is coming?

Answer: 1. Six to nine months. 2. By restlessness and perhaps peevishness; by rubbing of the gums.

FOOD IN TONSOLITIS.

Answer to W. H. G.: The diet should be of milk broths, light gruels, nothing liable to scratch the inflamed throat. For children a mixture of white of eggs and orange juice in milk is very sustaining. Ices and cream are also appropriate. Sucking a small piece of ice before the meal will make the food easier to swallow.

John B. Huber

This column is devoted to disease prevention; to physical and mental hygiene; to domestic, industrial and public sanitation; to the promotion of health; efficiency and long life. The latest developments in medical science will be presented. Questions of general interest will be answered here, space permitting—others by mail if stamped return envelope is enclosed. Requests for personal diagnosis or treatment cannot, however, be considered in any way.

TOMORROW: Larvacides

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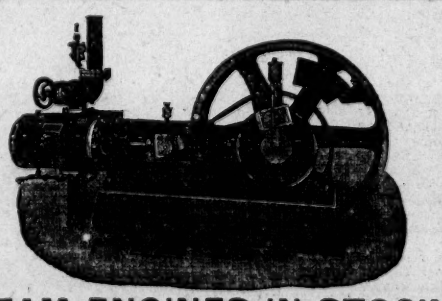

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1 10x15 Center Crank Nagle.
1 11x18 Side Crank Geyser.
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JUDGE W. P. STACY CONVENES COURT HERE

Special Venires Ordered for Trial of Homicide Cases.

Case Against Tom Merrick Set for Thursday and That Against Melvin Horne for Friday—Able Charge to Grand Jury.

A special venire of 100 men from which to select a jury for the trial of Tom Merrick, colored, charged with the murder of Mr. L. B. Hudson, which has been set for Thursday of this week, and a venire of 150 men from which to select a jury for the trial of Melvin Horne, charged with the murder of Mr. D. L. T. Capps, which has been set for Friday, were ordered drawn yesterday by Judge W. P. Stacy, who convened his first term of Superior Court in New Hanover county yesterday morning.

Following the convening of court at 10 o'clock Judge Stacy made an able charge to the grand jury in which he pointed out in a very clear and lucid manner the duties that would devolve upon them and explained the different statues and laws which are of the most vital importance and concern at the present time. There was quite a large audience present when court was convened by Sheriff S. P. Cowan, including many who had come to hear the judge's charge to the grand jury.

Judge Stacy's first ruling in a New Hanover court was his refusal to continue the case of Tom Merrick, the negro youth, who is charged with murder in the first degree. William J. Bellamy, Esq., attorney for Merrick, asked for a continuance on the ground that it was only last Tuesday that copy of the opinion of the Supreme Court handed down when a new trial was granted was received here and that he and his associate, Burke H. Bridgers, Esq., had not yet had time to look up all the authorities. He thought that at any rate the trial of Melvin Horne, whose case was passed upon by the Supreme Court first, should come before that of his client. However, the court held that a continuance could not be granted for any except a legal reason and that none of those advanced by Mr. Bellamy could fall in that class.

When court took a recess yesterday afternoon shortly after 5 o'clock the trial of Jerry F. Hobbs, a young white man, who is charged with perjury, was in progress. It is contended by the state that Hobbs, who was summoned as a witness in a case against Mag Bentley, a white woman, who was charged with violating the prohibition law, testified to one thing in the Recorder's Court and changed his testimony when the case was tried in Superior Court. Hobbs is represented by William J. Bellamy and L. Clayton Grant, Esqs.

Both Tom Merrick and Melvin Horne was arraigned in court yesterday on charges of first degree murder and the special venires were drawn yesterday afternoon. Horne spent the afternoon in the court room and was an interested spectator at the drawing of the special venire for his trial.

Lottie M. Jordan, colored, was convicted by a jury of forcible trespass, it being alleged that she forced her way into the house of one of her friends without the latter's consent. J. E. Taylor, colored, was convicted of removing a fence which had been placed on a lot at Sixth and Nixon streets by Mr. H. F. Otten.

Lawrence Swinson, colored, who is charged with burglary in six cases, waived examination before Justice George Harriss yesterday afternoon and all of the cases went over for trial at this term of court. Swinson is alleged to have entered the homes of Messrs. Henry Mason, N. B. Futrelle, Adrian Rhodes and R. R. Bellamy, Dr. John B LeGwin and Capt. W. A. Sanders and to have carried away considerable money and jewelry.

The grand jury yesterday afternoon brought in true bills against Levi Green and Alf Johnson, charged with highway robbery; Casey Mitchell, charged with false pretense larceny; Isaiah Holmes, charged with larceny.

Concluding his charge to the grand jury yesterday, Judge Stacy referred to the recent lynchings that have occurred in this State and declared that while he did not anticipate any likelihood of such a thing happening in New Hanover county, it was well to give attention to it this time. Only two weeks ago Judge Stacy said a sheriff had come to his room at 10 o'clock to ask what he ought to do with a prisoner which he feared might be lynched.

There is no statute of limitations against felonies, it was pointed out, and a man may have to answer for a violation of law 20 years after it occurs.

"The man who enters a mob places his liberty and his freedom in the hands of any member of it," Judge Stacy stated, "and while that is a selfish reason for not taking part in a lynching it ought to be sufficient.

Judge Stacy pointed out to the jurors that it was not their duty or that of the court to consider the reasonableness or righteousness of the law or the statues, the responsibility for which exists with another branch of the government, but that they were there as the representatives of the people to see that the laws are enforced.

It is incumbent upon the members of a grand jury to exercise the same good judgment in the transaction of business coming before this body as they would exert in their own individual affairs, Judge Stacy declared, and while he had little respect for the man who would report a neighbor to the grand jury because of some grudge, it is nevertheless the duty of the grand jury to investigate carefully all matters coming before it.

Judge Stacy defined the different kinds of capital crimes in this State and explained the difference between a felony and a misdemeanor. He expressed regret that burglary in North Carolina seems to be on the increase and declared that every effort should be made to stamp out this crime. He knew of no better way, he stated, than to punish severely those engaging in this crime.

The court called attention to the prohibition laws that have been passed, beginning with the first one enacted in 1908 which prohibited the manufacture or sale of whiskey in this State but allowed a grower of grapes and producer of wines to dispose of it in lots of not less thant wo and a half gallons. In 1913 the legislature passed a law which the court stated had been erroneously called the search and seizure act which made it unlawful to have on hand any whiskey for the purposes of sale and made a gallon of whiskey prima facie evidence that it was being kept for sale. The act passed in 1915, Judge Stacy explained, related

(Continued on Page Ten.)

CORN MEAL CAUSES DISEASE

Modern Methods of Milling Responsible for Pellagra is Belief of Dr. Edward Jenner Wood.

"These observations lead me to believe that it is probable not only that pellagra is a deficiency disease, but also that the deficiency can be definitely placed in the modern method of corn milling. It would appear, therefore, that the eating of the whole grain in corn countries will stop the ravages. Deterioration of corn is productive of pellagra because the germ is the portion of the grain most subject to the action of molds and animal parasites."

These words conclude a very interesting article by Dr. Edward Jenner Wood, of Wilmington, a well known student of pellagra ano one of the recognized authorities on this disease, in a recent number of the Journal of the American Medical Association. His conclusions are derived as a result of experiments conducted by him in conjunction with the local health department and the physicians of the city.

Dr. Wood explains that a number of writers have pointed out that the solution of the pellagra problem lies in a vitamin removal in the process of milling but points out that there has been no experimental or clinical evidence worthy of serious consideration. He comments on the deficiency theory of Dr. Joseph Goldberger, senior surgeon of the United States Public Health Service, and points out that there is no doubt but that this is correct and states that his report is based on the correctness of this theory. He explains that his present work had its inception in an idea suggested by Dr. Goldberger, pointing out the analogy between pellagra and beriberi. After discussing beriberi and its connection with the eating of rice, Dr. Wood continues:

"Until recent years, in the South especially, corn was crushed between stones, and the power was that of the stream nearby. Each neighborhood had its own mill. The only thing removed was the coarse particles of outer skin or husk. This method of milling has been largely replaced by steam or electric milling. By this process the corn is subjected to heat in order to loosen the outer coarse husk. Our attention at this time is directed to this portion of the industry to determine how much heat is employed. In the modern mill, in which these observations were made, the heat is a negligible quantity; but it must be remembered that 120 C. is sufficient to destroy any vitamin that may be contained. This part of the work, therefore, cannot be too strongly emphasized. After the heating process the grain is passed into a "degerminator,' which removes the germ. This is done because the germ contains such a large amount of fat that rancidity would soon occur if it were left in the meal. Besides this, the germ would give to the meal a yellow color which by modern standards is counted undesirable. The offal, which contains the germ, husks and bran, some flour and flinty portions of the grain, constitutes about 30 per cent of the entire weight of the grain. It is known as 'corn chops', and is fed to the cattle. The remaining endosperm, after the removal of the offal, is finely ground, and the product is known as granulated corn meal; but in this article it will be referred to as milled meal."

After discussing in some detail experiments conducted by Nightingale, Dr. Wood says:

"Following the general plan of investigation in polyneuritis gallinarum, pigeons were selected for feeding experiments. One group was fed the best commercial meal on the local market. The result was very striking. Polymeuritic symptoms developed almost at once, and other symptoms which are exceedingly suggestive of pellagra. Among these are redness of the legs, weakness, and loss of feathers with the prospect of prompt death. The next group of pigeons was fed on the best corn, which was not kiln dried, and it was ground in the laboratory at the feeding time. These pigeons have made a striking contrast with the former group. In spite of the fact that the only food allowed was corn, they have remained perfectly healthy and active.

"In a search through the mountains of North Carolina, I have found no cases of pellagra in those counties removed from the lines of railroad travel. The mountaineer lives on much the same food and in equally as unhygienic conditions as the lowlander, but there the difference in the corn is again quite striking. The mountaineer is too far away from the railroad to get milled meal, so he must send his corn to the local mill, where it is ground in small amounts at a time, and the whole grain is eaten, giving him the necessary protective substance. The man in the low country can get the meal from the village store, and thereby save the time and labor of a man and a mule to send to the mill. In so doing he fails to get the protective substance, and unless his diet is otherwise adapted to supplying the vitamin, pellagra should naturally follow. In an eastern county remote from railroad travel, there are broad areas where pellagra has never been seen, and it is notable that the people eat water-ground whole meal. In all other respects this county seemed to be peculiarly suited to pellagra, and the fact of its absence has always been very puzzling.

"Beriberi occurs sporadically among those who never eat rice, but it will never be a great economic problem except in those countries in which rice forms the chief food. Pellagra, likewise, may occur in those who never eat corn, but will probably never reach any proportions except in corn-eating people. Both diseases are deficiencies, and the deficiencies may, and frequently are, made up by other wholesome vitamin-supplying foods, even when deficient grain is eaten.

"These observations lead me to believe that it is probable not only that pellagra is a deficiency diseases, but also that the deficiency can be definitely placed in the modern method of corn milling. It would appear, therefore, that the eating of the whole grain in corn countries will stop the ravages of pellagra. Deterioration of corn is productive of pellagra because the germ is the portion of the grain most subject to the action of molds and animal parasites.

"In a subsequent report, the action of an alcoholic extract of corn chops on the pigeons made sick by milled meal will be described."

Awarded Debaters' Medal.

His many friends in Wilmington will be pleased to learn that Mr. Harris Newman, son of Mrs L. Newman, who is a member of the freshman class at Trinity College, has been awarded the freshman's debaters medal by the Hesperian literary society of that institution. This considered quite an honor in college circles.

PACKING HOUSE PLAN GETS STRONG BACKING

Representative Men Named for Temporary Committee.

To Organize at Once to Secure Plant for Wilmington—Mr. Greer Explains Great Advantages of Its Establishment.

Unqualified endorsement of the plan to establish in Wilmington a meat packing house was given by representative business men of the city following a conference held yesterday afternoon at the rooms of the Chamber of Commerce between citizens interested in the establishment of the industry here, and Mr. John W. Greer, formerly secretary of the company which owns and operates a plant at Moultrie, Ga., and the indications are that a company with a strong board of directors will be organized within a few weeks with a capital of approximately $150,000 to build the plant.

Endorse Plan.

The following resolution was passed by the meeting:

"Whereas, in consideration of facts hitherto ascertained and in consideration of the further facts presented at this meeting, we, as citizens of Wilmington and surrounding section, assembled in meeting at the rooms of the Chamber of Commerce, do hereby declare it to be the sense of this meeting that a meat packing house is desirable for this seciton of the country and we believe Wilmington to be a central location for said institution.

"Therefore, be it resolved, That we hereby organize a temporary committee of 15 or more, said committee to be named by the chairman and that said committee is authorized to proceed at once to organize for the purpose of securing a meat packing house to be built in or near the city of Wilmington."

The following were named by the chairman, Mr. G. Herbert Smith, as members of the committee, which is authorized to proceed at once to organize for the purpose of securing a meat packing house to be built in or near the city: A. M. Chinnis, Phoenix; J. W. Brooks, L. B. Sasser, M. J. Corbett, J. P. Herring, W. A. McGirt, Hugh MacRae, W. W. Love, A. O. McEachern, Greene Fenley, Dr. Charles T. Nesbitt, L. E. Hall, all of Wilmington; F. M. Foy, Scott's Hill; E. F. Mallard, Shallotte; E. A. House, Atkinson; W. D. Croom, Burgaw; F. W. Hargett, Jacksonville; E. F. Powell, Vineland; G. Herbert Smith, Acme; J. A. Brown, Chadbourn; Mr. Lucas, Chadbourn, and W. T. Canady, Scott's Hill.

Mr. Greer Speaks.

"If Wilmington and the surrounding country for a radius of 50 miles and more is to make the progress commensurate with its possibilities, you must rehabilitate the farming industry. The way to do it, is to get farmers in the stock business. Then give them a market for their stock. The kind of market they need here is a packing house. Judging from what happened in Moultrie it will prove a money-making proposition. The average dividends earned yearly by Southern packing houses, according to government reports is 30 per cent on the capital invested."

The above are a few of the significant statements made by Mr. Greer in giving a detailed account of how the establishment of a packing house in Moultrie sent farm values in the surrounding territory up from $35 to $75 an acre, nearly doubled the banking business of the city, and quite doubled the mercantile business. In addition he said, the packing house company has paid out to the farmers the first year $561,000, and during this, the second year since the plant was established, will pay out to the farmers for cattle, hogs and sheep $1,500,000.

Mr. G. Herbert Smith acted as chairman of the meeting and introduced Mr. Greer, who spoke in part as follows:

"I don't like to pose as a promoter. I am not a promoter. I have simply come here by invitation to assist you, knowing that you are interested in the establishment of a packing house in Wilmington.

"The packing house, it seems to me, is the key to getting the most out of the great possibilities of the South. I have studied the question 15 years. As an editor I began to study the marketing problems of the farmer, long before the Federal government took it up in any sort of systematic way. I read hundreds and thousands of editorials on diversification of crops. In Central Georgia they were tied down to the practice of raising one crop, that is, cotton. Under this system the farmers became poorer each year. Fifty or sixty counties in central Georgia got to be so dead from a business point of view that they might as well have been buried.

"Yet in spite of all these editorials, nobody diversified. The farmers told me, 'it is no use for us to raise hogs, we can't sell them. It's no use to grow truck, we are not organized to market it.' Some of them did raise meat for their own use, but when a man can't have a market for his surplus stock or truck, he is not going to raise a surplus.

"A little more than a year and a half ago, the people of Moultrie invited me to come there and build some factories. After looking over the situation, I said to them, 'Gentlemen, you have got more than 3,000 factories in this county now, and not more than 10 per cent of them are successful. It is no use for you to put your money into factories until you have improved the condition of your farmers.'

"Farmers' incomes in the South have been reduced to an average of $157 a year, as against $900 incomes on the average earned by farmers in the cattle states of Minnesota and Iowa."

"And, gentlemen, that is what you are living off of, that $157 per year for each farmer. Of course there are exceptions with individuals, with counties and perhaps larger divisions of states in the South, but that is the average.

"Here in the South, we have very few minerals, so business men, railroads, doctors, lawyers are largely dependent for their living on that little $157. I think I am right when I say that agriculture furnishes 90 per cent of the commerce in the South.

"Now, if you can establish a packing house here, you will rehabilitate the farming industry for miles around. If the farmers have to ship the stock they raise to a distant market, it costs them on the average of one cent a pound to get their meat to the stock market.

"It will be a splendid thing for the city, for you have a great section here for raising hogs. Hogs can be raised here for three cents a pound, whereas, it costs the farmers of the Northern

(Continued on Page Ten.)

MEETING OF COMMISSIONERS

Petition for Spur Road at Winter Park. County Authorized to Borrow $10,000 for Road Fund.

A special meeting of the Board of County Commissioners was held yesterday afternoon for the purpose of attending to a number of matters left over from the last meeting. The county auditor was authorized to borrow $10,000 for six months at 4 per cent to be used for the road fund.

A petition was presented the board by Mr. E. H. Freeman and others asking that a spur road of about 200 yards in length be extended to the proposed highway between the Scott's Hill road and the Wrightsville turnpike at Winter Park in order to connect the new road with Audubon avenue. This spur will shorten the haul for persons loading shipments either te Delgado or East Wilmington, it was pointed out, and will prove of material benefit to the truckers of this section.

Chairman McGirt called attention to the urgent necessity of doing away with the use of cages for housing county convicts at as an early date as possible. With the opening up of cross country roads, he explained, it will not be necessary for any convicts to be further away than five or six miles from the main camp.

Mr. John Haar, register of deeds, was granted a vacation of two weeks for himself and for each one of the employes of his office during the summer, it being understood that but one shall be away from the office at any one time. He was also authorized to close the office at 1 o'clock on Saturdays during the summer months.

All the members of the board were present except Commissioner Willard. Chairman McGirt presided and Mr. W. A. Williams, the clerk, kept a record of the proceedings. Others present were County Auditor Orrell and County Attorney Kenan.

TO ERECT NEW CHURCH TO REPLACE ONE BURNED

Members of Long Creek Baptist Church Outline Plans at Meeting.

With weather ideal for an outdoor service, between 300 and 400 people met Sunday on the site of the burned church building at Long Creek in Pender county Sunday and laid plans for erecting a new edifice at an early date at an approximate cost of $1,500. The former church structure was burned some time ago as a result of the forest fires which raged throughout that section.

Mr. George E. Leftwich, of this city who attended the meeting Sunday by invitation an the pastor, Rev. A. D. Carter, of Garland, were appointed as advisory members of the building committee which is composed of Messrs. O. D. Malpass, J. F. Herring, W. H. Turner, B. F. Merritt and Frank Rowe.

The building of the new church will be a co-operative proposition. Some of the members will furnish the timber, others will saw it while still others will haul the timber to the site. Others will contribute money and others will donate wrk. The new church will be built in the near future.

GIVEN A LOVING CUP

Prof. Washington Catlett Honored by Colored Teachers of New Hanover.

As an evidence of their high appreciation of the splendid service he has rendered as superintendent of public instruction for the last 17 years, Prof. Washington Catlett was on Saturday morning presented with a handsome loving cup by the colored teachers of New Hanover at the exercises at the Williston Industrial school. The exercises were very interesting and enjoyable and were attended by Mr. J. G. L. Gieschen, member of the Board of Education, and Professor Catlett.

The presentation of the cup was made by W. H. Blount, president of the Teachers' Association. Theresa Peirce read a paper in which she paid a high tribute to the county superintendent and Susie Mallette read a very interesting history of the colored teachers' association which has been in existence for the last 16 years.

The address of welcome was made by Fanny Blount. There was a splendid musical programme and a number of readings by different members of the association. At the close of the exercises Professor Catlett expressed his sincere appreciation for the cup.

TRAFFIC LAW VIOLATORS ARE TAXED WITH COSTS.

Cases Against a Number of Defendants Are Disposed of by Recorder.

At yesterday morning's session of the Recorder's court the following defendants charged with violating the driving ordinance, were given suspended judgments upon payment of the costs: Messrs. J. T. Munson, J. A. Robinson, J. L. Williams and T. M. Green.

Other cases disposed of were those of J. W. Hewlett, charged with violating the driving ordinance, dismissed; Harlee Bellamy, charged with violating driving ordinance, not guilty; N. O. McDuffie, violating speed law, suspended upon payment of costs; Louis Ashe, colored, charged with disorderly conduct, taxed with costs, and Herbert Fentress, charged with violating the driving ordinance, taxed with costs; Lettie Wright, colored, charged with violating prohibition law, not guilty.

TO HAVE WEEK OF PRAYER

Members of Chapman-Alexander Party to Make Short Addresses.

Beginning with a special service conducted yesterday evening from 6:15 to 6:35 o'clock at the Y. M. C. A., the older boys of this organization will have a prayer service each evening at the same hour during the entire week. Mr. Odis B. Hinnant, the city boys' work secretary, was the speaker yesterday evening.

The boys have been fortunate in securing members of the Chapman-Alexander evangelistic party to address them during the week. Mr. W. W. Rock will speak at the meeting this evening while Mr. H. Barraclough will be the speaker tomorrow evening.

On Thursday evening Rev. J. Wilbur Chapman will make a short address and on Friday evening Mr. Charles Alexander will speak. Mr. C. Walton Johnson, Y. M. C. A. boys' work secretary, will conduct the last meeting on Saturday evening. It is hoped that as many of the boys of the city as possible will be present at the services which are being conducted under the auspices of "The Crusaders."

THE ORIGINAL
MALTED MILK
Rich milk, malted grain extract, in powder.
For Infants, Invalids and growing children.
Pure nutrition, upbuilding the whole body.
Invigorates nursing mothers and the aged.
The Food-Drink for all Ages
More nutritious than tea, coffee, etc.
Substitutes cost YOU Same Price

YOUR BUSINESS, passing through our hands, receives our personal attention and is held in the strictest confidence.

4% Interest Compounded Quarterly
Paid on all accounts of $5.00 and over

"OLD AND STRONG"

THE PEOPLES SAVINGS BANK
COR. FRONT AND PRINCESS STREETS.

Statement to the Corporation Commission of the Condition of

The Wilmington Savings & Trust Company

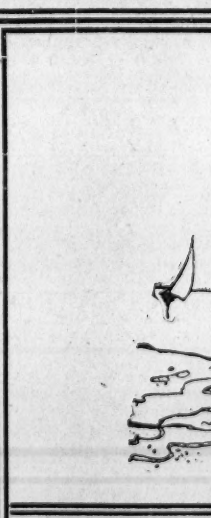
Wilmington, N. C., at the close of business on May 1st, 1916.

ASSETS:		LIABILITIES:	
Cash	$ 343,760.99	Capital	$ 100,000.00
Loans	2,287,732.00	Surplus	200,000.00
Real Estate	2,300.00	Undivided Profits	75,483.12
Building Account	50,000.00	Discount Unearned	10,000.00
Stock Account	8,850.00	Reserved for Interest due Depositors	14,000.00
Bond Account	15,000.00	Building Reserve	11,000.00
Invested Trust Funds	77,500.00	Dividends Unpaid	25.50
		Deposits	2,374,634.37
Total	$2,785,142.99	Total	$2,785,142.99

I, Jno. Lewis Williams, Cashier of the Wilmington Savings and Trust Company, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true, to the best of my knowledge and belief. JNO. LEWIS WILLIAMS, Cashier.

State of North Carolina.
New Hanover County.
Sworn to and subscribed before me, this 6th day of May, 1916.
C. S. GRAINGER, Notary Public.

Correct—Attest:
DAN'L H. PENTON,
H. L. VOLLERS,
LYMAN DELANO,
Directors.



BLADEN AND BRUNSWICK COUNTY

Business and professional men are earnestly requested to co-operate with the New Hanover and Columbus County business men in restricting undue credit; thus protecting those who pay cash or pay their bills promptly, against the high prices caused by dead-beats and those who do not pay or try to pay.

The Bathing Season
Is Near At Hand

These Warm Days Remind Us, and if you have not already looked up your last season's suit, to see what its condition is, you'd better do so now. The probability is you need a new one. Anyway, we know you will feel much better in one of these stunning new suits we are showing. Style has played a big part in Bathing Suits this season, and these suits of ours seem to have been the Ribbon Winners.

Also Beautiful Line of
Caps and Shoes

Belk-Williams Company

SOCIAL and PERSONAL

Misses Conville and G. Ballard, of Cerro Gordo, are visitors in the city, guests at the Orton.

• • •

Miss Rebecca Byrd, of Byrdsville, is a guest of her sister, Mrs. W. H. Thom, No. 905 North Fourth street.

• • •

Miss Bettie Cox, of Warsaw, returned to her home Sunday after a visit to Misses Estelle and Bertie Cox, of this city.

• • •

Mrs. Kate Allen has returned to her home at Carver's Creek, after having spent some time in the city visiting relatives.

• • •

The Wilmington Public Library will be closed tomorrow at 1 o'clock for the remainder of the day on account of the Memorial day exercises at Oakdale cemetery.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. David Worth Loring have returned from their honeymoon, which was spent in Washington, D. C., and other Northern cities, and will be at home to her friends at No. 308 North Front street.

• • •

Mrs. H. C. Bently, of Elizabeth City, has been called here on account of the illness of her sister, Mrs. T. A. Wortham, No. 811 Chestnut street. Her many friends will be glad to know that she is now improving.

• • •

The ladies of the Foreign Missionary Society of the First Presbyterian church will hold their regular monthly meeting this afternoon at 4 o'clock in the church parlors. All the ladies of the congregation are invited to attend.

• • •

The members of the local chapter of the United Daughters of the Confederacy are requested to meet this morning at 9 o'clock at the lodge in Oakdale cemetery to prepare wreathes to be placed on the graves of the Confederate dead on Mmorial Day.

• • •

Yesterday's Raleigh News and Observer: "The Colonial Dames of the Wake County Circle are requested to meet at the residence of Mrs. W. J. Andrews this morning at 11 A. M., to elect delegates to the annual meeting at Wilmington and transact other matters of business."

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. J. E. L. Wade will leave Friday for Detroit, Mich., where Mr. Wade will represent the local branch of the Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen at triennial convention of the National organization. Before returning home Mr. and Mrs. Wade will make a trip through Canada.

• • •

The supper meeting of the Business Women of the city will be held Thursday evening at the First Presbyterian church. Those who expect to attend are requested to notify the Y. W. C. A. office before Wednesday noon. Mrs. Charles M. Alexander will speak at the meeting, and those present will proceed to the Tabernacle in a body.

• • •

Rocky Mount, N. C., May 8.—With the decision already reached that the annual June Favor German would be held this year, committees from the Carolina Cotillion Club are setting about to have the annual social event score a new high record from point of elaborateness, attendance and general delight for all who attend. At a recent meeting of the local German club it was enthusiastically voted that this annual event, which is looked forward to with great interest and anticipation by society elite from over this and other states should be held again this year and while not finally decided upon the date as contemplated would be June 8th, Thursday night.

• • •

KNIGHTS OF COLUMBUS HOLD THEIR ANNUAL SPRING BALL

More than 150 couples attended the annual spring ball given last night by the Knights of Columbus at Lumina, Wrightsville Beach. The ball the first of the season to be held at the Beach was a very gay affair and very much enjoyed by all present.

The dance music, which started off with agrand march, was furnished by Prof. George's orchestra, and included a number of the old-fashioned waltzes as well as much of the latest dance selections. Young and old joined in the dancing.

The three special cars operated for the dancers left Front and Princess streets at 8:30 o'clock last night and returned at 1 o'clock this morning.

STILL DRY FOR TRUCKERS.

But About Five Cars of Lettuce Out of District Last Night—Peas.

Notwithstanding the continued dry weather and the more or less poor delivery in consequence of strikes in the North, lettuce growers in the Wilmington section are still shipping in good quantity and prices are being well maintained. Five refrigerator car loads went out of the territory last night, two cars having been loaded at Delgado, two at Wrightsboro and one at Castle Haynes. The quality is not so good now, but it is stated by those in close touch with the situation that the best stock will still bring $5 per basket in New York. There were sales in New York and Philadelphia yesterday morning, running all the way from $2.50 to $4.50 per basket.

Garden peas are now being shipped in small quantity by express, the prices in New York and Philadelphia ranging from $1.50 to $2.25 per bushel basket.

NEGRO IS ARRESTED.

On Charge of Assaulting His Wife With Pistol.

Henry Clinton, colored, was arrested yesterday shortly after noon by Officers B. W. Jacobs and Frank George, on the charge of assault upon his wife, Phyllis. The woman works at the residence of Mr. Meares Harriss, No. 1903 Market street.

About noon yesterday Sergeant Joe Lane at the police station received a telephone message from Mr. Harriss to the effect that there was a crazy negro out at his house trying to shoot people. According to the police, Clinton went to Mr. Harriss' residence about 12:30 and started a racket; the negro's wife on whom he drew a pistol, shut herself in the house. When the police arrived on the scene, Clinton had left, but he was taken in custody about half an hour later.

Donations to Baby Hospital.

Additional donations for the support of the Baby Hospital received yesterday included the following: Mrs. W. A. Furlong, blanket and pillow cases; Mrs. Louisa G. Wright, 6 chairs; Thomas Wright and William A. Wright, Jr., hot water bottles, and Mrs. George Kidder, baby carriage.

LOCAL DOTS.

—Owing to the absence of two members of the Board, the regular monthly meeting of the Board of Education was not held yesterday afternoon but was postponed until later. There were no important matters to be considered.

—His many friends in Wilmington will be interested in learning that Dr Louis deKeyer Belden, now an interne in Roosevelt Hospital in New York has been appointed a first lieutenant in the medical reserve corps of the United States army.

—Mr. R. S. Brown, formerly in charge of the operating room at the Royal theatre, has been transferred to the Grand Theatre, where he has charge of the projection department, in order to give better service since the introduction of feature pictures on the programme at the Grand.

—The regular monthly meeting of the Board of Health is to be held tonight at 8 o'clock in the office of the Health Department. At the last meeting of the Board it was decided to have two meetings each month during the summer but the members of the Board will receive pay for attending but one meeting.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

—Mr. D. C. Fennell, of Kerr, N. C., spent the week-end in the city with relatives and friends, returning home yesterday morning.

—Among the arrivals at the Orton yesterday were C. L. Short, Newbern; L. J. Chester, Kelly; O. G. Guelly, Mt. Olive, and W. M. Nance, Fort Bluff.

—Mr. H. G. Fennell, of Atlanta, is in the city for a few days' business visit and is receiving a cordial welcome from a host of his friends in Wilmington.

—Among last night's arrivals at The Orton were, Hon. J. A. Brown, Chadbourn; J. F. Blake, Chadbourn; Capt. J. J. Adkins, Southport, and Jackson Greer, Esq., of Whiteville.

—Mr. George F. Catlett, director of the laboratory of the New Hanover Health Department, returned Sunday from Goldsboro, where he was called in consultation relative to the water supply of that city.

—Among the arrivals at the Imperial Hotel yesterday were: W. E. Norris, Hamlet; J. I. Kendith, Wake Forest; S. M. Wheeler, Rocky Mount; L. B. Canady, Mount Airy; R. M. Herring Warsaw, and W. S. Pace, Mount Airy

—Mr. L. B. Rogers, formerly one of Wilmington's leading business men, now at the head of a large wholesale grocery business in Asheville, is here on a visit to his old friends and is enjoying some of the fine fishing at Wrightsville Beach.

—Mr. J. E. L. Wade recently returned from a trip to the western part of the State in the interest of Capt. Haywood Clark's candidacy for Secretary of State and declares that the Wilmington man in rapidly gaining ground, particularly among the labor organizations.

SEMINOLE BIDES OPENED.

Local Concerns Submit Bids for Year's Supplies for Vessel.

Bids for furnishing the coast guard cutter Seminole, or any other government cutter that may come into the port, with provisions, coal and water for the coming year, were opened yesterday morning at the Custom House and later forwarded to Washington for approval.

The bids which were submitted by a number of local concerns, are based on a certain rate per ton for coal, while those for provisions are on a ration basis.

The firm of Thos. F. Wood, Inc., on the furnishing of provisions from July 1, 1916, to June 30, 1917, was 50.8 cents per ration and the bid of the People's Supply Company was 66.2 cents.

For the furnishing of coal Jas. W. Thompson, of Southport, submitted a bid of $4.71 per ton on board or $4.74 per ton in the bunkers. The Springer Coal Company bid $4.95 per ton on the dock and $5.05 in the bunkers. They also submitted a bid of $5.45 for delivery at the vessel's side in the stream of $5.50 on board while at anchor.

ROTARIANS MEET TODAY

Luncheon at Y. M. C. A. Will Be Followed by an Address by "Live Wire."

The regular semi-monthly meeting of the Rotary club will be held this afternoon at 1 o'clock at the Y. M. C. A. After the luncheon there will be an address by a "live wire" on a subject that vitally concerns the prosperity of Wilmington. The Rotarians who went to Richmond last week will also make a report of their trip and tell how royally they were entertained.

Every member of the club is expected to be on hand today for the meeting. There are a number of important matters to receive consideration.

Real Estate Transfers.

The following deeds werefiled for record yesterday in the office of the Register of Deeds: Thomas A. Smith and wife to Anderson Stroud and wife for $100 and other considerations, lot on east side of Seventh street, 198 feet south of Queen, 33 to 74 feet in size; Atlantic Trust and Banking Company to Trust Building Corporation, for $3,325, lot and residence on southeast corner of Fifth and Nun streets; J. E Winstead to H. R. Kuhl and wife, for $100 and other considerations, lot at Idlewild; Nonie F. King and Mrs. Katie B. Corbett to Orrie Holly and William M. Bellamy, for $10 and other considerations, lot at Love Grove.

It's Easy to Peel Off All Your Freckles

The contrast between the freckles and the clear skin usually is so great that no bleach can be more than partially successful in obliterating the disfigurements. Ordinary mercolized wax is far better; it literally peels off the freckles. Get an ounce of it at the nearest drugstore and tonight spread on enough to completely cover your face; remove in the morning with warm water. Repeat daily until every freckle has disappeared.

Rough, blotchy, pimpled skin, also common at this season, may be entirely gotten rid of by this same method, without discomfort or inconvenience. The effort is decidedly worth while, the new complexion obtained being so clear, smooth and youthful.

If bothered with wrinkles, bathe the face in a lotion made by dissolving an ounce of powdered saxolite in a half pint of witch hazel. This is the most effective and quickest acting wrinkle treatment known.

Mme. Julia Claussen as Ortrud In "Lohengrin"

Photo by Matzene, Chicago.

JULIA CLAUSSEN.

CONCERNING Mme. Julia Claussen, prima donna contralto of the Chicago Grand Opera Company, who is to appear here on the closing night of the Chautauqua, Karleton Hackett, music critic on the Chicago Evening Post, says: "There may be greater Wagnerian singers than Julia Claussen, but I have heard all that this land affords and spent the summer of 1914 in Germany listening to their most famous, and I found none that was her superior. She has the sustained beauty of tone, the volume for the full climax, the strength to carry the phrases through to the end without fatigue, and to make these gifts of some avail she has the brain and heart to conceive the force of the thing."

Glenn Dillard Gunn in the Chicago Tribune, Jan. 2, 1913, wrote: "Mme. Julia Claussen, distinguished Swedish contralto, made her American debut as Ortrud in the season's first performance of 'Lohengrin' last night. She achieved that immediate and complete recognition which is the portion only of the world's greatest singers, a fact which may be the more positively asserted since that small and select company of artists was further represented in the cast by Clarence Whitehill, who was the Telramund. Thanks to the vocal and dramatic gifts of these two notable figures in the world of song, the great moment of the second act was lifted to heights of art as impressive as any attained by Mr. Ruffo."

W. J. Henderson in the New York Sun writes, "Mme. Claussen sang her numbers with an opulent display of voice and dramatic energy."

Pitts Sanborn in the New York Globe says: "To an extraordinary voice she adds admirable qualities of interpretation. The effectiveness with which she sang things in every way so different as Schubert's 'Erlkonig' and the prison air of Fides from 'The Prophet' indicates her versatility."

The New York Evening Mail comments, "Mme. Claussen is almost unique among contraltos in preserving a characteristic quality of tone even in her high notes."

TWO BOYS ARE PAINFULLY INJURED IN COLLISION.

At Front and Orange Streets With Car Driven by Mr. Powell.

Frank Myers, 15 years old, and Tessie Turner, 16 years old, employed as messenger boys by the Western Union Telegraph Company, were painfully injured last night about 8 o'clock as a result of being run over at Front and Orange streets by an automobile owned and driven by Mr. S. W. Powell, proprietor of the Imperial Hotel.

According to the police the accident was unavoidable as the boys who were coming down Front street turned directly in front of Mr. Powell's car which was proceeding down Orange toward Front street. The wheels of the car fortunately straddled the prostrate boys, and none of the wheels struck them. They were considerably bruised, however.

Mr. Powell took them in his car to the James Walker Memorial Hospital, where they were given medical attention. Their injuries, while painful, are reported as not being serious.

Later Mr. Powell took them both to their homes. The Myers boy lives at Fifth and Church streets, and the Turner boy at Fifth and Queen streets. The bicycle was very nearly demolished.

MISS ETHEL SWANN DEAD

Passed Away Yesterday Morning at Residence on Grace Street.

Miss Ethel Swann, daughter of Mrs Rebecca M., and the late James C. Swann, died yesterday morning at 11:30 o'clock at her residence, No. 311 Grace street, after a short illness.

Miss Swann was born in Harnett county, but had lived here for a number of years. Her many friends in this city and Harnett county will be saddened by the news of her death. She was a woman of many lovable traits of character.

Surviving her, besides her mother, are five sisters, Mrs. Winslow Smith, of Charlotte; Mrs. S. G. Grimes and Misses Lucy, Almeria and Isabel Swann, of this city, and one brother, John A. Swann, also of Wilmington.

Funeral services will be held this morning at 8 o'clock at the residence. Rev. W. E. Cox, rector of St. John's Episcopal church, will conduct the services. Interment will be made near her former home in Harnett county.

Lieutenant Wishaar Transferred.

Announcements has been made that Second Lieutenant William P. Wishaar has been transferred from the coast guard cutter Seminole to the cutter Mohawk, stationed in New York harbor, effective June 1. First Lieutenant R. Q. Weighton, who is now in command of the cutter Acushnet, stationed at Woodshole, Mass., will relieve Lieutenant Wishaar on the Seminole. The latter, who has been attached to the Seminole for the past year, has been on a leave of absence for several months to tak a special electrical and wireless course at Columbia University in New York.

THINKS GODWIN SHOULD MEET HIM IN DEBATE.

Maj. J. A. Little Comments on Refusal to Enter Joint Discussion.

Maj. Joseph W. Little, who challenged Congressman H. L. Godwin for a discussion of the "issues of the campaign" at the Court House tonight, stated yesterday that he had not received a reply to his challenge which he made on Saturday night. Congressman Godwin stated in an interview in The Star that he could not at this time change his itinerary so as to meet Major Little.

Major Little pointed out yesterday that since Congressman Godwin "has charged the candidates with collusion and did not have the courage to name his man, I should have been glad of an opportunity of asking him publicly if he had reference to me.

Major Little commented on the campaign of Congressman Godwin as being one of generalities, ambiguities, insinuations and innuendoes.

Major Little declared that if after a term of ten years in Congress, Mr. Godwin is afraid to publicly discuss with him the issues of the campaign in his own county or if the Congressman's itinerary is so important that it cannot be changed in order to meet the people of New Hanover then he thought that Mr. Godwin was either lacking in patriotism and courage or his personal and political fortunes are of more importance than the claims of the people here.

Congressman Godwin will spend the greater part of this week in New Hanover and Brunswick counties.

ENJOY PICNIC AT BEACH.

Adventists Sunday School Pupils Have Annual Outing.

Seventy-five members of the Adventist Sunday schools of the city returned about 7 o'clock last night from an outing at Wrightsville Beach, where they spent the greater part of the day as the guests of the Tidewater Power Company, and enjoyed a number of games and other pastimes as well as the pure sea air.

This morning at 10:30 o'clock the pupils of the Baptist and Presbyterian Sunday schools of Wrightsboro will go to the beach for their annual outing.

Memphis, Tenn., May 8.—W. R. Crosby, O'Fallon, Ill., and Jake Gibbs, Union City, Tenn., professionals, had perfect scores of 100 breaks in the practice shoot here today preliminary to the Southern trap shooting tournament, which will begin tomorrow.

ST. JOHN'S LODGE, NO. 1, A. F. & A. M.

Stated communication this (Tuesday) evening, at 8 o'clock, sharp, for the consideration of business to be presented to the Lodge.

All members and visiting brothers are cordially welcome.

By order of the Master.

A. S. HOLDEN, Sec'y.

Armour's "SIMON PURE" Leaf Lard

"Simon Pure" Leaf Lard is always ordered by the discriminating woman for cake, pastry and biscuits, as well as for deep frying.

She knows that nothing equals "Simon Pure" for *shortening.*

Experience has taught her that food properly *fried* in "Simon Pure" Leaf Lard is perfectly digestible.

Being absolutely *all* leaf lard, carefully selected and rendered in open kettle, three parts will equal four of ordinary lard.

ARMOUR & COMPANY

R. F. CAMPBELL, Mgr., Wilmington, N. C.

ASK FOR Armour's QUALITY PRODUCTS

Look for This Sign on Your Dealer's Window

Try These:
Star Stockinet Ham
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"Simon Pure" Leaf Lard
Devonshire Pure Sausage
Armour's Grape Juice
Cloverbloom Butter
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Silver Churn Oleomargarine (White)
And over 200 Armour Products

ASK YOUR DOCTOR

Approved by:
Harvey W. Wiley, Director Good Housekeeping Bureau of Foods, Sanitation and Health.

IF constipation is not a serious, morbid condition that dulls the mental processes and shortens life.

If the mechanical lubrication of the walls of the intestine is not the rational treatment for restoring normal bowel activity.

Modern medical science answers yes to both these questions. Eminent specialists both in this country and abroad have found the mineral oil treatment for constipation remarkably effective as a substitute for habit-forming laxatives and cathartics.

Nujol, a pure white mineral oil, colorless, odorless, tasteless, lubricates the entire intestinal canal, softens its contents and thus makes it easy for the weakened out-of-condition bowel to perform.

Performance means a gain of strength—a return to normal—and less need of *any* artificial aid. In other words Nujol brings *permanent* relief from constipation.

If you are unable to get Nujol from your druggist, we will send a pint bottle prepaid to any point in the United States for 75c—money order or stamps.

Write for booklet, "The Rational Treatment of Constipation."

Nujol
REG. U.S. PAT. OFF.

(THE PURE WHITE MINERAL OIL

STANDARD OIL COMPANY
(New Jersey)

Bayonne, New Jersey

The Best Roofing in The World IS A GOOD QUALITY AND WELL LAID TIN ROOF

50 YEARS OF SERVICE—The tin roof on our Main Building has given over 50 years of service and is good yet; and there are others which have given equally good service.

Tin Roofs are the Best Fire Retardents. Specify U. S. Tin Plate Co. Copper Finished Plates.

BRANDS:

Cape Fear, Harnett, Carolina Old Style, Jacobi Old Style, Caswell Old Style.

PREPARED ROOFINGS

We sell the best brands of these also. They are all, however, but as temporary as compared to good tin roofs.

Consult us for Samples and Prices and General Roof Information.

N. Jacobi Hardware Company,

10 and 12 SOUTH FRONT STREET.

Special Candy Sale Today and Tomorrow

Everyday Chocolates (Guth) ..... 29¢ lb.
Peerage Chocolates ..... 39¢ lb.
Maxixe Cherries ..... 39¢ lb.

Elvington's Pharmacy
Dependable Druggists

J.F.LEITNER
ARCHITECT
27, 28, 29 Carroll Building

FIRST OF THE SEASON
NATIVE SPRING LAMB. CHOICE VEAL, PORK AND BEEF. FRESH VEGETABLES, ALL KINDS.
DAVIS & HINTZE
FRONT STREET MARKET.

IMPRESSIVE SERMON BY EVANGELIST ON UNPARDONABLE SIN

(Continued From Page One.)

have you, in your reading of the Scriptures, or in your listening to preaching, ever heard words more solemn than these? I do not know how many times I have read these words, but I have never read them without a shudder. Somehow it seems to me that I know what the Apostle Paul meant when he said, 'Wherefore, knowing the terror of the law, we would persuade men.' I wonder if you noticed in the passages of Scripture that I read to you that one is from the Old Testament, two from the Gospels, and two from the Epistles. I did that of set purpose. If I had simply read the Old Testament Scriptures, someone might have said that the Old Testament has to do with the Jews, and therefore.

That Sharp Note of Warning.

is not for those of us who live in these modern times. If I had read simply those expressions in the Gospels of St. Matthew and St. Mark, somebody else might have said that Jesus was speaking to a peculiar class of people, and under very strange circumstances, and He could hardly have been referring to those of us who live in those later days. If I had then turned to the Epistle to the Hebrews, and given you those sharp warnings from that book, some of you might have said that the Epistle to the Hebrews was written as a note of warning to the Hebrews, who had turned away from Judaism and accepted the Messiah, and were drifting, and in their turning away they seemed to be crucifying the Son of God afresh. But I call your attention to this one statement—that whether it be in the Old Testament, or whether it be in the Gospels, or whether it be in the Epistles, God has plainly said in His word that we shall seek Him and shall not find Him, that where he is we cannot go He has told us that there is a sin for which there is no forgiveness, neither in this world nor in the world to come; and He has given us those other sharp warnings in the Epistle to the Hebrews, saying that if men sin willfully after they have received the knowledge—or, the literal Greek is, "a full knowledge"—of the truth, there remaineth no more sacrifice for sin.

"I bring you all these Scriptures, but want you specially to notice the one in Matt. 12:31: "Wherefore I say unto you, all manner of sin and blasphemy shall be forgiven unto men, but the blasphemy against the Holy Ghost shall not be forgiven." Is not that plainly stated? What, then, is the unpardonable sin? There are some people who say that the unpardonable sin consists in declaring that the Holy Ghost is an unclean spirit, and I have no doubt that in the days of Jesus that was literally true. There are others who say that the unpardonable sin could only have been committed by people who heard Jesus Christ speak. Then, if that is true, I am sure that for those of us who live in modern times thre can be no danger. What is the unpardonable sin? I think an unpardonable sin—and notice that I say an unpardonable sin—in these days, which would take rank with the unpardonable sin in the days of Jesus, is this—constant and continual, and last and final rejection of God's offer of mercy in Christ by the Spirit. No man knows when that day may come. I know when I read in this book: 'Today, if ye will hear my voice,' that it is a dangerous thing to wait until tomorrow. I know that when God has written urgently in His Word, 'Behold, now is the accepted time,' that to trifle is almost unpardonable in modern times. And what shall we say about a man who spurns God's offer of mercy, turns his back on Jesus Christ, tramples under foot the blood of the covenant wherewith he was sanctified, and, in spite of his mother's pleadings and his father's teachings, and the minister's warnings, says a thousand times, No! No! No!

"A friend of mine was holding a service and was speaking with remarkable power. She was one of

The Greatest Women Speakers

in America in her day. She came down from the pulpit and stood on the platform appealing to the people in the audience. The minister of the church came down with her, and he went and stood beside a young woman and began to plead with her to accept Christ. He used every argument he could, but she only said 'No.' Then he said, 'This may be the last time you ever have an invitation.' She had an open hymn-book in her lap, and she turned to the fly-leaf in an unconscious way and while the minister continued his pleading with her, with a pencil that she had in her hand she wrote a sentence in the hymn-book and turned away. They say that never again did she desire to come to Christ. When her mother knew she was dying, she hurried away and called the minister who had pleaded with her came into the room she refused to listen. When he offered to pray for her she said, 'I have no interest.' When her mother, as her life was fast ebbing away, asked her why she had no interest, she said, 'If you look in my hymn-book you will find the reason.' The minister her said to her that day, 'This may be the last time you will have the invitation,' and she had deliberately written:

'I Will Run the Risk!"

"And that is what you have said, notwithstanding the fact that God has said 'Today.' There is no promise for tomorrow. I do not know when such rejection may take place. It may be today—only God knows. But the unpardonable sin is the final rejection of God's offer of mercy, and if any man is finally lost, it is over God's love, over the death of Jesus, over the Cross of Calvary, and over the minister's pleading, and his mother's prayers. God pity you! Some years ago there came out in one of our magazines a statement made by our great agnostic, Colonel Ingersoll, and in this article he said: 'If there were no other reason for my disbelieving in Jesus Christ, I should find my reason in Matt. 12:31, for if God cannot forgive sin, then He is not Divine, and if He will not forgive sin, He is not loving and in either case I should reject Him.' I should feel almost that I must apologize if I took a moment of your time to prove that Jesus Christ is Divine, just as I should feel also if I took your time to

Prove That God Exists,

when every little flower that lifts its head tells us that God is, and every star that flashes out from the skies announces that He is, when all the order in creation testifies to His Being, when the very desire for God in your soul is the proof that the desire for God is there to be satisfied. The simplest way to prove the Deity of Jesus is this: What did He say for Himself. They said to Him, 'Art Thou the Son of God?' and He bowed His head and said, 'I am!' and on the authority of His own statement I have the right to say that He was either the Son of God, equal with God in power and authority, or an imposter—one or the other. All His miracles prove it, all sand times ten thousand people rise sand times ten thousand peolpe rise from the pit of despair announcing it; all the hosts of Christendum, acknowledge in Him as Saviour, prove it. Then let us turn back again to what Mr. Ingersoll said: 'If God cannot forgive sin, He is not Divine.' Then read this statement once more: 'All manner of sin shall be forgiven'—that proves His love. I was preaching in my old church a sermon to men, when one of the officers, who was a member of the President's cabinet of the United States, came up to my platform, put an open letter on my table and started away. As I did not attempt to read the letter, he came back and said, 'It is an illustration you can use,' I then unfolded the letter, and there dropped out on my open Bible a small

Roll of American Bank Bills

but they were all cut in two. Sometimes, when a man has taken money from the government and wants to restore it he does not send it intact, but will cut the bills in half and will send one part to one government official and the remainder to another prominent official. This was the letter: 'Dear Sir: I enclose half bills amounting to $1,500; the other half I have sent to the secretary of the treasury. This money is interest on money I took from the government years ago. I gave back the principal, and I promised God that every year I would send the interest for as many years as I have kept it;' and then down at the bottom was written 'And he has given me peace.' Is that your sin? Have you got money in your pocket that is not your own? It has been burning in the palm of your hand like the hirty pieces of silver in the palm of Judas. Then, listen! All manner of sin shall be forgiven but one. God keep you from it! I was preaching to a company of university students, and I told them that though our sins were as scarlet, they could be as white as snow, and as one of our workers went down through the audience, a university student beckoned to him, and as the worker sat down by his side, he said:

'Did He Say Scarlet Sin?'

"My friend said, 'Certainly,' and then his face turned fiery red and the tears rushed down his cheeks as he said, 'That is my sin, sir. I have hidden it for years, but it has always been with me,' Is that your sin? If your mother knew it, her heart would break. If your wife knew it, your home would be desolate. But you know it. Listen! 'Though your sins be as scarlet, they shall be as white as snow.' A young girl was dying in a London hospital—

Dying as the Result of Sin

at twenty years of age. One of the clergymen of the Church of England was reading to her, when he came to the eighteenth verse of the first chapter of Isaiah: 'Though your sins be as scarlet.' She opened her eyes and said, 'Read it again; I never knew it.' He read it again, and she said, 'Would you mind reading it again? I never knew that God said that. He read it again, and then she said, 'Lift the Bible on my cot, and put my fingers on the verse.' He put the Bible where she could reach it, and placed her thin hand on the letters and went away. The next morning he came back, and the nurse told him that the girl was just passing away. The sound of his voice seemed to summon her back to life, and she opened her eyes and smiled up at the minister, as she whispered, 'God said scarlet sin, and that meant me?' and she slipped away to meet him. Is that your sin? All manner of sin shall be forgiven but one. God keep you from that! I was

Preaching One Night in a Theatre

in the cit yof Lincoln, Neb., and as I stood on the platform one of the ministers stepped over and said, 'Do you see that man sitting in the box over there?' I said, 'Yes, very plainly.' He said, 'If you could win that man to Christ it would be worth all your ministry.' I sent one of the workers with one of our little inquiry cards to him, but the man tore it up in pieces, threw it on the floor, and stamped on it with his feet. The next night he was in the meeting again, but I never had a more indifferent listener. He sat for a while with his head in his hands, then he got his hymn-book and was turning over the leaves, making a noise that was disturbing. I was speaking of different sins, I mentioned the sin of theft, and he was not moved. Then I said, 'What if a man is guilty of the sin of murder; would God forgive him?' And when I said 'murder' his hymn-book dropped from his hands down on the floor, and startling everybody; he leaned forward and took hold of the back of the seat in front of him, and

Fastened His Eyes on Me

until I thought he was going to shriek out. He told me the next day that he was just going to cry out and say, 'What is the answer?' I waited for fully three minutes before I went on. 'Suppose a man is guilty of murder, is there any forgiveness? Come with me in imagination through the streets of Jerusalem. Yet us pass out of the gate, and climb together the mountain of Calvary.' I had reached that point in my message one day, when two men at the back of me started a conversation, and one man said 'Did you hear him? He ought to know better. Calvary is not a mountain.' And the other said, 'It is only a hill.' It depends on how you measure it. Measure it with a chain, and it is scarcely a hill; but I climbed up it one beautiful Sunday afternoon, with my Bible in my hand, and turned to the 53rd of Isaiah, and as I walked up I read it. At last I could not see the book for tears. Measured by faith, it is the highest mountain in the world. There never has been a mountain from which you can so nearly hear the angels' music—from which you can so nearly see into heaven; there never has been a mountain from which you could so plainly see into the heart of God. Calvary is the

Highest Mountain in the World.

"Take off your shoes from your feet, for the place whereon you stand is holy ground. It is getting night, although it is only noon. The rocks are throbbing, the cross is shaking, and all that stand round hear His Voice: 'O, My Father, forgive them, for they know not what they do.' And the man who spat in His face, and the man who smote Him, and the man who nailed Him to the cross, and the man who thrust the spear through His Side, and the Roman who scourged Him with stripes could have been forgiven, if they would.

All Manner of Sin.

"Next day the man at Lincoln, Neb., came to my room, and, kneeling down, he told me that he had taken the life of another man; 'but,' he said, 'I took it to preserve my own,' and he said: 'I escaped the penalty of the law, but oh, the sin of it! the sin of it!' I saw him there writhing in agony, and finally I bent over him, and putting my hand on his head, said: 'All manner of sin shall be forgiven.' He raised his face, down which the tears were streaming, and said: 'Then I will take Him, I will take Him!' He is a minister of the Gospel today but in our western country. All manner of sin but one. God keep you from that!

"Let me give you the highest proof of His love. In this verse in the 12th chapter of Matthew that I have quoted He says, 'If any man shall say aught against the Son of Man, it shall be forgiven.'

That is the Highest Proof.

"What if you should say something against me that hurt me very much and I should say, 'Very well, I will forgive you?' I think you would say, 'That is a splendid spirit.' What if you should hurt my children—hurt the boy that bears my name, and in whom most of the hopes of my life are bound up, and I should say to you, 'You have almost killed me, but I will forgive you?' I think you would say, 'That is a wonderful spirit.' That is God. He says, 'Trample My love under foot, and I will forgive you; God gave you your mother; God gave you your father; God gave you every sacred memory that makes you what you are today; God gave you your home; God

(Continued on Page Ten.)

CHAPMANISMS

No sin is unpardonable because of God.

The Bible is filled with stories of God's matchless grace.

If the door of mercy is ever closed, a man's hand closes it.

The thief on the cross, Mary Magdalene, and hosts of others, prove that God delights to save those deepest in sin.

All of God's warnings are plainly given.

God never lifts a danger signal without there is occasion for alarm.

Jesus Christ is God, manifest in the flesh. To resist Him is to turn one's back upon the Infinite God.

Jesus was either the Son of God, or an impostor. There is no middle ground as regards the deity of Jesus. He was either what He claimed to be, or He was a deceiver.

Jesus said He was the Son of God, and proved it by His works.

Jesus allowed others to speak of Him as the Son of God, and did not rebuke them.

The miracles of Jesus are windows through which His deity flashes.

Drunkenness, intemperance, impurity, are not of necessity unpardonable sins.

The parables of Jesus are word pictures in which His deity is seen.

If you finally reject the Son of God, there can be no hope.

God now calls us by His Spirit, and to sin against the Holy Ghost is unpardonable.

All manner of sin shall be forgiven, but there is one sin which God Himself can't pardon.

The one sin for which there can be no forgiveness is the final rejection of Jesus Christ.

If you have the slightest interest in spiritual matters, God is still speaking.

If you have the least desire to become a Christian, God is still working with you.

If it is your hope some day to turn from sin and seek the living God, He is still calling you.

If you are growing increasingly indifferent, there is cause for alarm.

If you resist and despise all that has to do with God, I am afraid for you.

If you are willing to turn from sin and accept Jesus Christ by faith, I know you can be saved.

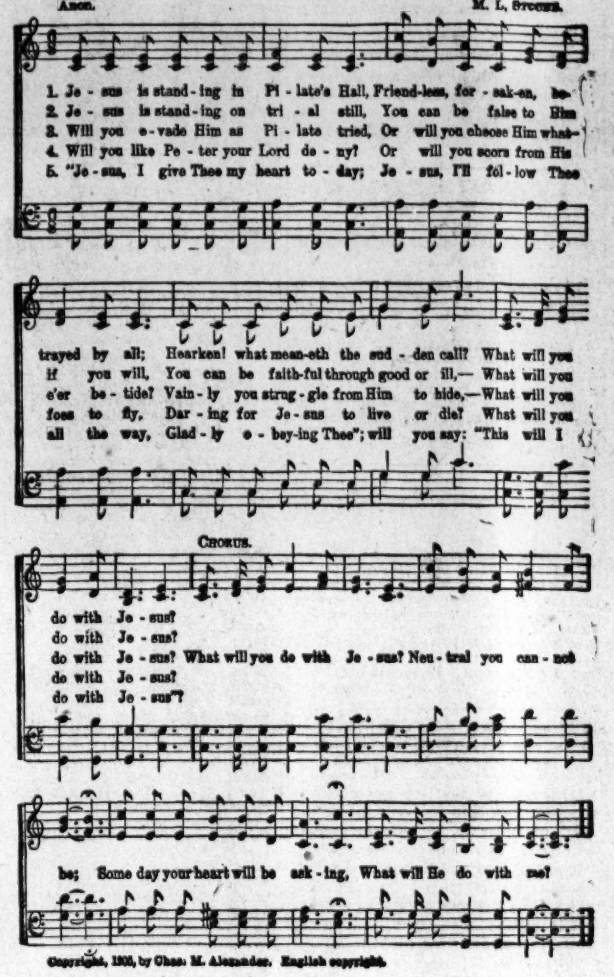
"Seek ye the Lord, while He may be found."

ALEXANDER'S Songs and Stories

This Song Sung as a Solo, by Mr. Albert Brown, at the Chapman-Alexander Meeting Sunday Night, Made a Profound Impression.

What Will You Do With Jesus?

Amen. M. L. Sweeney.


1. Je - sus is stand - ing in Pi - late's Hall, Friend-less, for - sak-en, be-
2. Je - sus is stand - ing on tri - al still, You can be false to Him
3. Will you e - vade Him as Pi - late tried, Or will you choose Him whose
4. Will you like Pe - ter your Lord de - ny? Or will you scorn from His
5. "Je - sus, I give Thee my heart to - day; Je - sus, I'll fol - low Thee
trayed by all; Hearken! what mean-eth the sud - den call? What will you
If you will, You can be faith-ful through good or ill,— What will you
e'er be - tide? Vain - ly you strug - gle from Him to hide,—What will you
foes to fly, Dar - ing for Je - sus to live or die? What will you
all the way, Glad - ly e - boy-ing Thee"; will you say: "This will I
Chorus.
do with Je - sus?
do with Je - sus?
do with Je - sus? What will you do with Je - sus? Neu - tral you can - not
do with Je - sus?
do with Je - sus"?
be; Some day your heart will be ask - ing, What will He do with me?

Copyright, 1908, by Chas. M. Alexander. English copyright.

A QUESTION

"What Will You Do With Jesus?"

"What will you do with Jesus?" I must answer it. You must answer it. You cannot escape it. "Neutral you cannot be." Some day, some time you must face this great question, and your answer will determine where you will spend eternity. The hymn is the best Miss Stocks has ever written. The words are beautiful. The whole hymn is an appeal, an invitation. It brings you face to face with a crisis. "What will yo udo with Jesus?" It is a definite question demanding a definite answer.

"What will you do with Jesus?" You are asked the question now. You can answer it now. Accept Him.

"What will you do with Jesus?
Neutral you cannot be;
Some day your heart will be asking
What will He do with me."

Charles M. Alexander
II Timothy 2:15

TABERNACLE NOTES

(Contributed.)

"Jesus said * * * * I am the resurrection and the life; he that believeth in me, though he were dead, yet shall be live; and whosoever liveth and believeth in me shall never die."

"If any man is ever finally lost, he will be lost because he turns his back upon God." Dr. Chapman in his sermon on the Unpardonable Sin at last night's service.

At 3:30 in the Tabernacle this afternoon there will be another service for young people conducted by Mr. Schaeffer. As the remaining opportunities of hearing Mr. Schaeffer are few, every boy and girl who can make it possible to attend, should be at the Tabernacle this afternoon, where Mr. Schaffer has a special treat in store for them.

Today is to be known as "Church Day" in the Chapman-Alexander programme, and the people of every congregation are asked to meet their own minister in their own church at 9 o'clock for a very special service to last about one hour or less. Dr. Chapman stated that this meeting would mean more to the life of each church in the days to come than any other single meeting of the campaign.

The first of the second series of Quiet Hour meetings will be conducted by Dr. Chapman and Mr. Alexander this morning at St. James Episcopal church, at 10:30, when a special song service conducted by Mr. Alexander, with a solo by Mr. Brown, and another of Mr. Alexander, with a solo by Mr. Brown, and another of Dr. Chapman's inspiring and instructive sermons will combine to provide a profitable hour for all who can in any way make it possible to attend.

In introducing the delegations at last night's service, Rev. M. T. Plyler said they had one delegation with them whom he would be pleased to call the "Come- backs." It was a company of railroad engineers and other employes who had attended a meeting before, and were so pleased with it that they had to come back again. This delegation received a hearty welcome from the audience, as also did the Boys' Brigade, an imposing company of men who filled a large reserved section near the center of the Tabernacle.

Evidence that the Chapman-Alexander meetings in Wilmington are reaching and blessing people in other communities and other states through the newspapers continues to accumulate. Way down in one of the rural districts of Alabama there is a family composed of an aged father and mother and a young daughter. A friend in Wilmington at the beginning of the revival campaign here had The Star sent regularly to this family during the meetings. The friend here a day or two ago received a letter from the young lady, in which she wrote about as follows: 'I guess you all are enjoying the Chapman-Alexander meetings, but hardly more than we are. Each night I read in The Star to Father and Mother all the reports of the meetings and sermons and then play and sing the songs that are printed in the paper. So we are greatly enjoying the meetings."

Mr. Alexander combines the office of choir leader with that of a personal worker. With him to talk about the kingdom of God is as natural as to breathe. The song-leader has made it his business in life to win souls, and although the opportunity does not often occur for him to work in the audience while the meeting is in progress, he is one of the last to leave the Tabernacle, and he rarely leaves it without giving somebody a definite invitation to accept Jesus Christ as a personal Saviour. At last night's service, after the invitation had been given by Dr. Chapman, Mr. Alexander left the singing to take care of itself, while he came down from the platform and made his way to the delegation of men. He was hardly there a minute before he came back leading a man to the front to take a definite stand for Jesus Christ.

Dr. Chapman's second sermon on the Unpardonable Sin preached with all the evangelist's dynamic urgency of appeal, left a wonderful impress on last night's audience. At times the tension was so great that the preacher paused in order that the people might stop and think. It was a solemn discourse, couched in convincing and convicting terms that brought many men to a crisis in their thinking, and ultimately led them to a straight-out decision. Dr. Chapman brought his sermon to a close in a dramatic manner by quoting the following verse:

"And if you still His call refuse,
And all His wondrous love abuse,
Soon will He sadly from you turn
Your bitter cry for pardon spurn.
Too late! Too late! will be the cry,
Jesus of Nazareth has passed by."

And when the evangelist followed it with a simple and direct invitation singly, in wos and threes, from all parts of the audience men began to press their way to the front.

Resinol Soap

makes clear skins and good hair

The regular use of Resinol Soap for the toilet, bath and shampoo, can usually be relied on to keep the complexion clear, the hands white and soft, and the hair healthy, glossy and free from dandruff.

If the skin or scalp is already in bad condition, a short treatment with Resinol Ointment may first be necessary to restore its normal health. Resinol Soap and Ointment are sold by all druggists. For samples free, write to Dept. 13-P, Resinol, Baltimore, Md.

DIED.

SWANN — Miss Ethel W. Swann, daughter of Rebecca M. Swann and the late James C. Swann, at the residence of her mother, No. 311 Grace street. Funeral services will be held at 8 A. M. today at her late residence, and interment will be in family lot in Harnett County, N. C.

How are your biscuits baking?

If your biscuits are not baking as light and fine as they used to it's due to rain-damaged wheat.

This season's crop was the worst in 50 years. Flour from such wheat lacks *strength*; doesn't rise properly because it's fermented by too much moisture.

But you *can* get flour made from highest grade wheat. By sending our own men to *far off* sections and paying *premium* prices, we got enough of the best wheat to keep Valier's Dainty Flour up to the highest quality. Now, especially, you ought to get this superfine flour. It may cost a trifle more, but it is *guaranteed to make better biscuits, cake, pastry etc.*

The Corbett Co., Wholesale Distributors, Wilmington, N. C.

The Corset that Conforms to the Costume

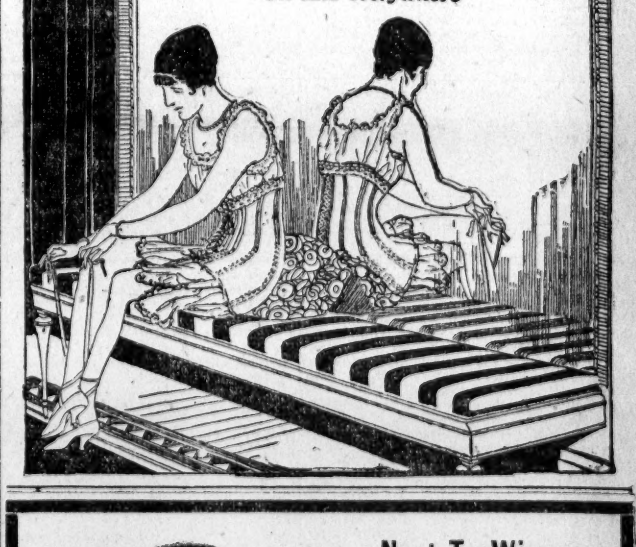
THE new gowns are snugger, trimmer, more figure-revealing than those of last season. They demand a corset that shall adequately support their new lines. In the latest models of the

R&G RUSTLESS CORSET

you have a corset designed upon harmonious lines to produce the new fashionable silhouette with its normal bust, its slender, pliant waist and its gracefully rounded hips.

Prices $1.00 to $5.00

On sale everywhere



Next To Wings

Rubber Heels 50c Attached

Shoe Repairing Neatly Done At

Peterson & Rulfs

"Home Of Good Shoes"

Start Early and Right With

REACH

BASEBALL GOODS

Northam's Book and Stationery Store

101 PRINCESS ST. 'PHONE: 651

CANDIDATE J. S. MANN IS IN CRITICAL CONDITION

Has Just Undergone Operation For Appendicitis

Rev. C. E. Maddry Accepts Call to Great Church in Texas—Teachers' Exams Coming On—Optometrists Not Pleased.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Raleigh, N. C., May 8.—J. S. Mann, superintendent of the State prison and candidate against B. R. Lacy for the Democratic nomination for State Treasurer, is critically ill at Rex Hospital here following an operation for appendicitis. He is being attended by Dr. J. R. Rogers, who says his condition is extremely grave.

Mr. Mann returned from Aberdeen Saturday and went to the hospital for the operation. It was found that the malady was far advanced and what is known as a "drain operation" was the best that could be done. The patient is a very large and fleshy man and this is very much against him. Physicians and friends are very anxious about his condition.

A charter was issued today for the Forsyth Guernsey Breeders' Association, of Pleasant Ridge, Foysyth county, capital $1,000 authorized and subscribed by R. D. Bailey, Bruce Anderson, C. E. Ebert, L. C. Hine, H. J. Stoltz, C. E. Fulk, for breeding standard milch cows.

The details of the examination questions that are to be put up to teachers of the State to be examined for certificates on the second Thursday and Friday of July, were perfected today by the State Board of Examiners, of which Dr. J. Y. Joyner is the chairman and C. E. McIntosh secretary. W. H. Pittman, of Ridgecombe, who succeeds Mr. McIntosh as chief clerk of the Department of Education and secretary to the board of examiners, is here for a few days familiarizing himself with the duties of the dual position, which he is to assume about July 15, when Mr. McIntosh becomes superintendent of the Hickory public schools.

Optometrists Resent Bulletin.

Attorney General Bickett has been called upon to pass upon the legality of a bulletin just gotten out by the State Board of Health in which it is urged that regular oculists, who are licensed physicians be engaged, only, for examination of eyes, the State Board of Optometry resenting the alleged reflection on licensed optometrists, who it is claimed, are fully licensed by the State to examine and fit glasses to weak eyes.

There is keen regret among not only the Baptists, but members of other denominations in Raleigh and throughout the State at the decision of Rev. Charles E. Maddry to give up his work as pastor of the Tabernacle Baptist church here and assume the pastorate of the University Baptist church, of Austin, Texas. Mr. Maddry has made a fine record as pastor of the Tabernacle church and has in addition carried through successfully a campaign for the erection of the splendid Baptist church at Wake Forest College. At Austin the church is getting under way the erection of a $600,000 house of worship at the entrance to the campus of the University of Texas and the Texas state board of missions has arranged to finance the undertaking.

SHAKESPEAREAN CELEBRATION AT UNIVERSITY THIS AFTERNOON

A Community Affair, No Outside Coaches Brought in for Preparation.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Chapel Hill, May 6.—The Shakespearean celebration at the University is to be presented Tuesday afternoon, May 9, instead of Monday as previously announced. A complete dress rehearsal was held this afternoon. The celebration will be essentially a community affair; and its success must be attributed to a spontaneous communal interest in Shakespeare and his work.

No professional coach nor outside talent has been brought in to assist in putting out a finished performance. Faculty coaches and home talent has been relied on exclusively. All the forces of the town and college have united to giving the celebration; and the three hundred or more participants in the various scenes are taken from faculty, University student body, Chapel Hill Community Club and high school.

Although the costumes for those playing the leading roles have been rented, the greater part of them have been made by the ladies of the Community club. The ladies, in addition to making over 200 costumes—some of them of elaborate pattern and design—are furnishing characters for the female roles and also have charge of the musical part of the programme.

SUPREME COURT DECLINES TO REVIEW FINANCIAL SITUATION

Arising Out of Consolidation of Electric Companies in Virginia.

Washington, May 8.—The Supreme Court today declined to review the financial situation arising out of the consolidation of corporations engaged in electric lighting and transportation in and near Richmond and Petersburg, as embodied in the suit of Charles Hall Davis against the Virginia Railway & Power Company and others.

The court allows to stand the order of the Federal Circuit Court of Appeals directing the Federal district courts in Eastern Virginia to ascertain what was the attached good will diverted from the Richmond Passenger & Power Company by the Virginia Passenger & Power Company or the receivers which was subject to a mortgage securing certain debenture bonds.

TO SUCCEED REV. W. M. FAIRLEY.

Fayetteville Presbyterian Church Calls Rev. D. P. McGeachy.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Fayetteville, N. C., May 8.—The congregation of the First Presbyterian church of Fayetteville at a congregational meeting held after the Sunday morning service unanimously voted to extend a call to the Rev. D. P. McGeachy, of Louisburg, W. Va., to succeed Rev. W. M. Fairley, who recently resigned the pastorate to take charge of the Westminster Presbyterian church in El Paso, Texas. A committee appointed to recommend a pastor made a unanimous report in favor of calling Mr. McGeachy, which was adopted by the congregation without a dissenting vote. Mr. McGeachy is a native of Robeson county and is well known to the people of this section as a preacher of marked ability and strong character.

MOUNT OLIVE NEWS NOTES

Mrs. Strickland Dead—Marriage in Country—Dr. Wilkins Ill.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Mount Olive, N. C., May 8.—The remains of Mrs. David Strickland, whose death occurred Saturday in Goldsboro, were brought here Sunday afternoon and carried to Dobbersville, a country settlement some eight or ten miles west of here, for interment. Deceased was about fifty years of age and is survived by a husband and several children.

David J. Turner and Miss Lola Garner, both of whom reside a short distance from here, in Duplin county, were married Sunday. The bride is only 17 years of age, and for a while her father, Joseph Garner, a well-to-do farmer, refused to consent to the marriage and thereby prevented its taking place as soon as it otherwise would have; but, like the unjust judge, he finally grew weary of the importunities of the groom-to-be and consented to the issuance of license.

Dr. John W. Wilkins, a prominent young physician of this place, who was taken violently ill with pneumonia some two or three weeks ago, but who was thought, several days later, to be making satisfactory progress towards health, has suffered a relapse; and, after a slight operation here the past week, it was finally decided to remove him to Richmond, for treatment in St. Luke's hospital.

Reports from most of the surrounding rural districts indicate a great scarcity of tobacco plants, due mostly to the prolonged siege of dry weather. This, coupled with the lateness of the season at which tobacco can be profitably set, will have the effect of reducing the acreage in this and adjacent counties very greatly.

McBRAYER OF KENTUCKY WINS.

In Inter-Collegiate Peace Oratocical Contest, S. A. Division.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Chapel Hill, N. C., May 6.—In a spirited contest J. J. McBrayer, of the University of Kentucky, won first place in the South Atlantic division of the Inter-Collegiate Peace Oratorical Contest held here Friday evening. W. R. Shelton, of Trinity College, was awarded second place by the University judges. Mr. McBrayer's subject was "America and the Evolution of Peace"; Mr. Shelton's, "Some Biological Aspects of War."

This contest was held to decide the speaker who shall represent the South Atlantic group at Lake Mohonk, N. Y. later in the month. Representatives from four states participated: J. J. McBrayer, of the University of Kentucky; W. R. Shelton, of Trinity College; W. H. Norton, of the Virginia Christian College, Lynchburg, Va., and W. A. Selhorst, of Loyola College, Maryland. Mr. Norton's subject was "The Price of Peace," and Mr. Selhorst spoke on "A Plea for Over-Government." The judges were Mayor W. S. Roberson, of Chapel Hill, and Drs. Forester, Moss, Bell and Pierson, of the University faculty.

KINSTON NOW HAS TWO FULL FLEDGED CHIEFS OF POLICE

Each is Chief for 12 Hours out of 24—Solution of Contest.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Kinston, N. C., May 8.—Kinston today is the only city in the world with two police chiefs, probably. They are J. F. Skinner and J. Garson Heath, both of equal rank and both drawing the same salary. Heath was the only chief of police until now; he has served several years. Skinner was assistant chief for the past year, having charge of the night force. It takes the whole city council here to elect police, fire and sanitary department heads. Both men were applicants for the job of chief, and the councilmen could not choose between them. The deadlock which occurred at the meeting for election was broken with a decision to give both the right to wear shoulder bars with "Chief" in gilt letters on them and equal authority, except that between the hours of 7 a. m. and 7 p. m. Heath will have power only to make an arrest and during the night watch Skinner will be shorn of all authority except to take offenders into custody.

MAYSVILLE SCHOOL CLOSES

Faculty Accepts School at Swansboro for Next Year.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Maysville, N. C., May 8.—Maysville High school closed Friday, May 5, ending a very successful year's work. The school has been running steadily for eight months under the management of efficient teachers, Prof. W. A. Ingram principal, Mrs. Ingram assistant, Miss Carrie Hardison in charge of the primary department and Miss Lucy Willis in charge of the music department. Pupils have been advanced wonderfully along all lines of study and in all grades. The host of friends of the members of the faculty wish them to remain here another year, but according to an agreement made some time ago, they have accepted the school at Swansboro. The progressive little city by the sea is to be congrtulated for securing the services of Professor Ingram and his teachers. They leave with the best wishes of this community.

SEVERE PUNISHMENT

Of Mrs. Chappell, of Five Years' Standing, Relieved by Cardui.

Mt. Airy, N. C.—Mrs. Sarah M. Chappell of this town, says: "I suffered for five years with womanly troubles, also stomach troubles, and my punishment was more than any one could tell.

I tried most every kind of medicine, but none did me any good.

I read one day about Cardui, the woman's tonic, and I decided to try it. I had not taken but about six bottles until I was almost cured. It did me more good than all the other medicines I had tried, put together.

My friends began asking me why I looked so well, and I told them about Cardui. Several are now taking it."

Do you, lady reader, suffer from any of the ailments due to womanly trouble, such as headache, backache, sideache, sleeplessness, and that everlastingly tired feeling?

If so, let us urge you to give Cardui a trial. We feel confident it will help you, just as it has a million other women in the past half century.

Begin taking Cardui to-day. You won't regret it. All druggists.

Write to: Chattanooga Medicine Co., Ladies' Advisory Dept., Chattanooga, Tenn., for *Special Instructions* on your case and 64-page book, "Home Treatment for Women," in plain wrapper. N.C. 134

Not a Bite of Breakfast Until You Drink Water

Says a glass of hot water and phosphate prevents illness and keeps us fit.

Just as coal, when it burns, leaves behind a certain amount of incombustible material in the form of ashes, so the food and drink taken day after day leaves in the alimentary canal a certain amount of indigestible material, which, if not completely eliminated from the system each day, becomes food for the millions of bacteria which infest the bowels. From this mass of left-over waste, toxins and ptomaine-like poisons are formed and sucked into the blood.

Men and women who can't get feeling right must begin to take inside baths. Before eating breakfast each morning drink a glass of real hot water with a teaspoonful of limestone phosphase in it to wash out of the thirty feet of bowels the previous day's accumulation of poisons and toxins and to keep the entire alimentary canal clean, pure and fresh.

Those who are subject to sick headache, colds, biliousness, constipation, others who wake up with bad taste, foul breath, backache, rheumatic stiffness, or have a sour, gassy stomach after meals, are urged to get a quarter pound of limestone phosphate from the drug store, and begin practicing internal sanitation. This will cost very little, but is sufficient to make anyone an enthusiast on the subject

Remember inside bathing is more important than outside bathing, because the skin pores do not absorb impurities into the blood, causing poor health, while the bowel pores do. Just as soap and hot water cleanses, sweetens and freshens the skin, so hot water and limestone phosphate act on the stomach, liver, kidneys and bowels.

NOTICE OF REGISTRATION AND GENERAL PRIMARY.

Notice is hereby given of the General Primary in the County of New Hanover on the first Saturday in June, it being the 3rd day of June, 1916.

Said primary will be held during the hours (between sunrise and sunset) and in the manner prescribed by law, and at the places hereinafter named.

Registration books will be opened April 27th and remain open up to and including May 20th, subject to Section Five, Chapter 101, "An Act to Provide for Primary Elections Throughout the State."

The polling places, and the names of the Registrars and Judges of Election fixed for the aforesaid primary and general election are as follows:

For General Primary, June 3, 1916.

Cape Fear Precinct—Polling place, Johnson's store; Registrar, J. H. Johnson; Judges, W. O. Rhodes, Jr., J. H. Winders.

Seven Mile Post Precinct — Polling place, Farrow's store; Registrar, N. E. Farrow; Judges, Gerrit Walker, W. O. West.

Masonboro Precinct — Polling place, Hewlett's Creek; Registrar, Walter Horne; Judges, J. B. Piner, Addison Hewlett.

Federal Point Precinct—Polling place, Burnett's store; Registrar, T. J. Burnett; Judges, J. A. Biddle, Hanks Williams.

Winter Park Precinct—Polling place, High's store; Registrar, A. H. High; Judges, R. T. Sinclair, Hardy Freeman.

Sea Gate — Polling place, Rodger's store; Registrar, L. Larkins; Judges, G. W. Westbrook, Geo. Rodgers.

First Ward — Polling place, Engine House, Fourth and Campbell; Registrar, W. H. Howe; Judges, James Elkins, R. J. Darden, Sr.

Second Ward—Polling place, Court House; Registrar, W. W. Hodges; Judges, D. H. Howes, Jr., W. J. Meredith.

Third Ward—Polling place, Giblem Lodge, up stairs; Registrar, A. G. Hankins; Judges, H. E. Bonitz, Coy Hewelett.

Fourth Ward—Polling place, McClellan's stables; Registrar, J. B. King; Judges, T. D. Love, S. Zeigler.

First Division Fifth Ward—Polling place, New Engine House; Registrar, J. E. Taylor; Judges, A. W. Branch, Thos. Lawson.

Second Division Fifth Ward—Polling place, Old Engine House; Registrar, T. G. Landen; Judges, J. B. Fales, Wm. Creasy.

Sixth Ward—Polling place, Mann's store; Registrar, J. F Mann; Judges, W. L. Holt, W. A. Woods.

C. W. WOODWARD,
Chairman Board of Elections.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA, DEPARTMENT OF STATE.—Certificate of Dissolution.

To All to Whom These Presents May Come—Greeting:

Whereas, It appears to my satisfaction, by duly authenticated record of the proceedings for the voluntary dissolution thereof by the unanimous consent of all the stockholders, deposited in my office, that The Horticultural Company, a corporation of this State, whose principal office is situated in the City of Wilmington, County of New Hanover, State of North Carolina (Adrian von Leeuwen, Jr.) being the agent therein and in charge thereof, upon whom process may be served), has complied with the requirements of Chapter 21, Revisal of 1905, entitled "Corporations," preliminary to the issuing of this Certificate of Dissolution:

Now, Therefore, I, J. Bryan Grimes, Secretary of State of the State of North Carolina, do hereby certify that the said corporation did, on the 17 day of April, 1916, file in my office a duly executed and attested consent in writing to the dissolution of said corporation, executed by all the stockholders thereof, which said consent and the record of the proceedings aforesaid are now on file in my said office as provided by law.

In Testimony Whereof, I have hereto set my hand and affixed my official seal at Raleigh, this 17 day of April, A. D. 1916.

J. BRYAN GRIMES,
Secretary of State.

BURETT H. STEPHENS
ARCHITECT
38-39 GARRELL BUILDING.
WILMINGTON, N. C.

FOR SHERIFF.

I announce myself as a candidate for Sheriff of New Hanover County, and respectfully solicit the kind consideration and support of the voters at the Primary on June 3rd.

Be sure to see that you are registered, and vote for

Yours truly,

ap16-30t JOS. H. WATTERS.

FOR SHERIFF
Geo. C. Jackson

To the Voters of New Hanover County:

My name will be presented for your consideration at Primary to be held Saturday, June 3rd.

GEO. C. JACKSON.

ap16-49t

FOR SHERIFF

To the Democratic Voters of New Hanover County:

The undersigned begs the privilege of placing before you once again his candidacy for Sheriff, to be voted upon at the primary, June 3rd. I seek this honor at your hands, standing upon my service of the past many years, and will appreciate deeply your support, promising at all times to make faithful returns of duty and to have an eye for the welfare of the entire community.

Respectfully,

ap8 to je3 S. P. COWAN.

R. C. Fergus for Sheriff

I hereby announce myself as a candidate for Sheriff of New Hanover County. Subject to the will of the voters to be expressed in the primary to be held Saturday, June 3rd, 1916, if elected will endeavor to serve all the people to the best of my ability without control of any person or persons. Your support and influence will be appreciated.

ap 22-t-je-3. R. C. FERGUS.

FOR RECORDER
BROOKE G. EMPIE

I herewith present my name to the voters of New Hanover County for the office of Recorder, to be voted on at the primary to be held June 3rd, 1916.

It will greatly gratify me to have all my old friends' support and I will thank them for any efforts in my behalf in getting some new friends to aid them in nominating me for the office.

Let lawyers interpret the law.

ap14-30t BROOKE G. EMPIE.

D. L. BOYD

Democratic Candidate for Corporation Commissioner of North Carolina.

D. L. Boyd, of Haywood County, Democratic candidate for Corporation Commissioner, the man who presents himself for the consideration of the Democratic voters of the State upon his experience and ability and peculiar knowledge of the duties of a corporation commissioner. He has had more than twenty-five years' experience in actually building railroads, and has an intimate knowledge of the values of land, public utility properties, and theories of taxation.

ap28-37t

FOR REGISTER OF DEEDS.

To the Democratic Voters of New Hanover County:

The undersigned hereby announces himself a candidate for the office of Register of Deeds, in the Primary Election to be held June 3rd, 1916.

I shall endeavor to serve you as efficiently in the future as I have in the past. Respectfully,

ap20-45t* JOHN HAAR.

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for County Commissioner in the Primary election, June 3rd, 1916. W. E. YOPP.

ap23-40t

FOR RECORDER NEW HANOVER COUNTY J. FELTON HEAD.

To the Voters:—

In exercising the privilege of placing before you my name as a candidate for the office of Recorder of New Hanover County, to be voted on at the Primary to be held June 3rd, 1916, I beg also to assure you together with the entire public that it shall be my earnest endeavor to promote and administer the functions of that office to the end that the benefit for which the people created it shall be completely and materially realized.

Your support will be appreciated.

Respectfully yours,

J. FELTON HEAD.

For House of Representatives North Carolina General Assembly

L. CLAYTON GRANT

ADDISON HEWLETT FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for County Commissioner, subject to the will of the Democratic Voters in the Primary to be held June 3rd, 1916.

If elected, I promise to faithfully discharge the duties of the office.

ADDISON HEWLETT.

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER.

I hereby place my name before the Democratic voters of New Hanover County as candidate for County Commissioner, in the primary to be held June 3d, 1916, promising, if elected, to perform the duties of Commissioner to the best of my ability.

ap23-42t WM. E. WORTH.

NOTICE OF SPECIAL ELECTION AND NEW REGISTRATION.

Notice is hereby given that the Council of the City of Wilmington, by an ordinance duly adopted on the 26th day of April, 1916, called and ordered to be held in the City of Wilmington on Saturday, the 3rd day of June, 1916, a special election for the purpose of submitting to the qualified electors of said City an ordinance adopted by said Council on the 26th day of April, 1916, by which ordinance the tax ordinance of said City for the fiscal year ending May 31st, 1917, and previously adopted by said Council, is amended, said amending ordinance fixing the total tax rate for said City for said fiscal year at $1.85 upon the one hundred dollars property valuation, and authorizing said Council to levy and collect as a part of the total rate aforesaid a special tax of 10c. on the one hundred dollars property valuation, or so much thereof as may be necessary for the purpose of improving and extending the water works system of said City, the purchase of additional fire fighting apparatus for the Fire Department of said City, the improvement of Princess Street in said City, and the establishment or creation of an industrial or manufacturing suburb to said City.

By said amending ordinance the propositions to improve said waterworks system and purchase for said Fire Department additional apparatus, the improvement of Princess Street and the establishment of said industrial or manufacturing suburb are provided to be voted upon separately.

The said Council has further ordered as provided by law an entirely new registration of the voters of said City for said election; the following named polling places have been designated and registrars and judges of election have been appointed for the holding and conducting of said election, namely:

First Ward Precinct—Polling place, Engine House, 4th and Campbell; Registrar, W. H. Howe; Judges, James Elkins, R. J. Darden, Sr.

Second Ward Precinct—Polling place, Court House; Registrar, W. W. Hodges; Judges, D. H. Howes, Jr., W. J. Meredith.

Third Ward Precinct—Polling place, Giblem Lodge, upstairs; Registrar, A. G. Hankins; Judges, H. E. Bonitz, Coy Hewett.

Fourth Ward Precinct—Polling place, McClellan's Stables; Registrar, J. B. King; Judges, T. D. Love, S. Zeigler.

First Division, Fifth Ward Precinct—Polling place, New Engine House; Registrar, J. E. Taylor; Judges, A. W. Branch, Thos. Lawson.

Second Division, Fifth Ward Precinct—Polling place, Old Engine House; Registrar, T. G. Landen; Judges, J. B. Fales, Wm. Creasy.

Sixth Ward Precinct—Polling place, Mann's Store; Registrar, J. F. Mann; Judges, W. L. Holt, W. A. Woods.

Said election will be held between the hours of sunrise and sunset on the said 3rd day of June, 1916.

Each registrar will, between the hours of 9:00 o'clock A. M. and 5:00 o'clock P. M., on each day (Sunday excepted) for seven days preceding the day for the closing of the registration books keep open said books for the registration of the voters in their respective precincts, and said registration books will be open from 9:00 o'clock A. M. until 9:00 o'clock P. M. on each Saturday during said registration period and shall be closed for registration on the 2nd Saturday before the 3rd day of June, 1916. No registration will be allowed on said election day except to such persons as shall give satisfactory evidence to the registrar and judges of election that he has become of the age of twenty-one years, or otherwise has become qualified to register and vote since the registration books closed for registration.

On the second Saturday before the election the registration books will be kept open at the polling places in the voting precincts for the inspection of electors and to enable challenges to be made to the right of any person to vote in said election whose name appears on said books, and if any person is objected to notice will be given him and a hearing granted, as provided by law.

The Council has appointed the registrars and judges of election as hereinbefore stated, and caused them to be notified of their appointment, and required them to take the oath required by law, and will cause to be furnished all necessary books and arrange for the ballots, and will fill all vacancies occurring either as to registrars or judges as provided by law, and will receive returns from said election as provided by law.

By order of the Council of the City of Wilmington.

THOS. D. MEARES,
ap30-td City Clerk and Treasurer.

NOTICE
TAX LISTING

The undersigned Tax Listers will be at the Court House daily during the month of May, (Sundays excepted) from 9 A. M. to 5 P. M., for the purpose of taking tax lists.

Your early attention to this duty will save both yourselves and us time and trouble.

B. F. KING,
WALTER RUTLAND.

NOTICE.

The Fisheries Commission Board will meet at Morehead City, N. C., on Monday, May 22nd, 1916, at 10:00 o'clock A. M., chiefly for the purpose of considering the question of Purse Net Fishing for food fish within the three mile limit and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the Board.

I respectfully urge all parties for and against purse net fishing for food fish within the three-mile limit, to be present and express their views.

This May 1st, 1916.

H. L. GIBBS,
my3-15t Fisheries Commissioner.

FOR County Commissioner FRANK HERBST

Read Star Business Locals.

Excursion Fares

FROM WILMINGTON

OPEN TO THE PUBLIC.

$28.75
New Orleans and return
Account National Association of Retail Grocers. Tickets on sale May 5, 6 and 7, limited returning until May 16.

$16.85
Washington, D. C., and return.
Account Congress of Physicians and Surgeons. Tickets on sale May 7 and 8, limited returning until May 15.

$34.20
Cleveland, Ohio, and return.
Account Young Men's Christian Association. Tickets on sale May 9, 10 and 11, limited returning until May 20.

$33.20
Saratoga Springs, N. Y., and return.
Account General Conference Methodist Church. Tickets on sale April 27th, 28th, May 9th and 16th, good to return until June 6th.

$12.65
Birmingham, Ala., and return.
Account United Confederate Veterans' Reunion. Tickets on sale May 13-17th, inclusive; limited until May 25th.

$11.50
Asheville, N. C., and return
Account Southern Baptist Convention. Tickets on sale May 13th to 17th, inclusive, limited until May 31st. Extension of final limit may be obtained until June 15th, by deposit of ticket with authorized agent and payment of fee of $1.00.

$26.65
Orlando, Florida, and return.
Account of General Assembly, Presbyterian Church. Tickets on sale May 15th-19th, inclusive, good to return until June 3rd.

$25.90
New York City and return.
Account General Federation of Women's Clubs. Tickets on sale May 21, 22 and 23, limited returning until June 5.

$22.50
Philadelphia, Pa., and return.
Account Associated Advertising Clubs of the World. Tickets on sale June 22, 23 and 24, limited returning until June 5.

$10.15 Ashland, Va., and $10.35 Charlottesville, Va., and return.
Account Summer School, University of Virginia. Tickets on sale June 18 to 26, inclusive; limited returning 15 days after date of sale, except that tickets sold to Ashland may be extended to September 30 by depositing same and paying $1.00.

$4.30
Raleigh, N. C., and return.
Account North Carolina Shriners' Convention. Tickets on sale May 23 and 24, limited returning until May 26.

$18.60
Chattanooga, Tenn., and Lytle, Ga., and return.
Account National Military Training Camp at Ft. Oglethorpe. Tickets on sale May 1, 2, 3 and 31; June 1, 2 and 3, and July 2, 3, 4 and 5; limited returning until about one month and five days after date of sale. See Agents for particulars.

$30.05
Buffalo, N. Y., and return.
Account Ancient Arabic Order, Nobles of the Mystic Shrine, Imperial Council. Tickets on sale July 8, 9 and 10, limited returning until July 28.

$20.25
Nashville, Tenn., and return.
Account Peabody College Summer School. Tickets on sale June 12, 14, 15, 16, 19 and 24; July 22 and 24; limited returning until 15 days after date of sale.

$12.55
Lake Junaluska, N. C., Waynesville, N. C., and return.
Account Religious Conferences. Tickets on sale July 9 to 14; July 21 to 24, and August 6 to 9, inclusive; limited returning until July 26, August 17 and August 28, respectively.

$6.90
Black Mountain, N. C., and Ridge Crest, N. C., and return.
Account Religious and Educational Conferences at Blue Ridge, Montreat and Ridge Crest. Tickets on sale June 5, 6, 15, 16, 26, 27, 29 and 30; July 6, 7, 13, 14, 20, 21 and 28, and August 1, 4, 14, 15 and 22; limited returning until seventeen days after date of sale.

Proportionate Fares from Other Points on the ATLANTIC COAST LINE, "The Standard Railroad of the South."

'Phone 160.

The Last Word
In The Toilet Article Line

The Elmo Sisters' Toilet Articles are the daintiest and most exquisite articles on the market.

Elmo Rose Rouge.
Elmo Liquid Tint.
Elmo Cucumber Cream.
Elmo Beauty Powder.
Elmo Face Powder.
Elmo Tissue Builder.
Elmo Cleansing Cream.

Sold EXCLUSIVELY by

J. Hicks Bunting Drug Company

The "Quality Drugstore."

FOR COMMISSIONER.

Relying upon a continuation of that good feeling, support and co-operation which the people, as a whole, have uniformly extended to the Board of Commissioners, and which has made possible whatever progress has been attained for the upbuilding of our county, I announce myself a candidate for Commissioner and will appreciate your support in the primary election on June 3rd. W. A. McGIRT.

my2-tf

ANNUAL REUNION
United Confederate Veterans
BIRMINGHAM, ALA.
Via The Seaboard Air Line Railway Company

$12.65 - - $12.65
MAY 16th-18th

Tickets on sale from Wilmington to Birmingham, Ala., and return for all trains, May 13th to 17th., inc.; limited returning Midnight, May 25th; limit extended to June 14th by payment 50 cents.

The Wilmington Camp has Named the Seaboard as the Official Route, and we will Operate Through Pullman Service, leaving here Sunday, May 14th, 3:55 P. M. For Reservations or Any Information Call 'Phone 178, Orton Hotel Building.

R. W. WALLACE, H. E. PLEASANTS,
City Ticket Agt. Trav. Pass Agt.
WILMINGTON, N. C.

SEABOARD AIR LINE RAILWAY

The Progressive Railway of the South.

Bulletin of Round-Trip Fares in Effect from Wilmington.

SARATOGA SPRINGS, N. Y. . . $32.95
On Sale May 9 and 16th, limited returning Midnight, June 6th.

BIRMINGHAM, ALA $12.65
On sale May 13 to 17, inclusive; limited returning Midnight, May 25th; limit extended June 14th. by payment 50 cents.

ORLANDO, FLA. $26.65
On sale May 15 to 19, inclusive; limited returning Midnight, June 3rd.

ASHEVILLE, N. C. $11.50
On sale May 13 to 17, inclusive; limited returning Midnight, May 31st; limit extended June 15th, by payment $1.00.

LAKE JUNALUSKA, N. C. . . $12.55
WAYNESVILLE, N. C. $12.55
On sale July 9th to 14th; July 21 to 24th, and August 6th to 9th, inc.; limited returning midnight July 26, August 17 and 28th.

BLACK MOUNTAIN, N. C. . . . $6.90
RIDGE CREST, N. C. $6.90
On sale June 5, 6, 15, 16, 26, 27, 29 and 30th; July 6, 7, 13, 14, 20, 21 and 28; August 1, 4, 14, 15 and 22nd; limited returning midnight 17 days after date of sale.

CLEVELAND, OHIO $34.20
On sale May 9, 10 and 11th; limited returning midnight May 20th.

NASHVILLE, TENN $20.25
On sale June 12, 14, 15, 16, 19 and 24th; limited returning 15 days from date of sale.

ASHLAND, VA $10.15
CHARLOTTESVILLE, VA. . . . $10.35
On sale June 18 to 26th; limited returning 15 days from date of sale; tickets can be extended payment $1.00.

NEW YORK, N. Y. $25.90
On sale May 21, 22 and 23rd; limited returning midnight June 5th.

BUFFALO, N. Y. $30.05
On sale July 8, 9 and 10; limited returning midnight July 23rd.

PHILADELPHIA, PA. $22.30
On sale June 22, 23 and 24; limited returning midnight July 5th.

LYTLE, GA. $18.60
(Near Chattanooga), and return, account National Military Training Camp at Fort Oglethorpe. Tickets on sale during April, May, June, July and August. See ticket agent for limits and other information.

For further information call Phone 178, City Ticket Office, Orton Hotel Building.

H. E. PLEASANTS,
T. P. A., Wilmington, N. C.
JOHN T. WEST,
D. P. A., Raleigh, N. C.

mh23-tf

Attractive Low Round Trip Fares
—VIA—
SOUTHERN RAILWAY

$12.65 GOLDSBORO, N. C., to BIRMINGham, Ala., and return, account Annual Reunion United Confederate Veterans. Tickets on sale May 13 to 17, inclusive. Final limit, May 25. Final limit may be extended to June 14, by depositing ticket and payment of 50 cents at Birmingham.

$17.45 GOLDSBORO, N. C., to LYTLE, Ga. (near Chattanooga), and return, account National Military Training Camp at Fort Oglethorpe. Tickets on sale during April, May, June, July and August. See ticket agent for limits and other information.

LOW ROUND TRIP FARES FROM ALL other points, on same basis.

THE SOUTHERN SERVES THE SOUTH

O. F. YORK, T. P. A.,
mh16-tf Raleigh, N. C.

Special Sale

Beginning this week, special prices on the following standard goods:—

1000 barrels Best Flour.
1000 bags Rice (all grades).
500 lbs. Paris Green.
100 barrels Mullets.
Extra Fancy Barbadoes Molasses, in Puncheons and Barrels.
Nutriline Horse and Mule Feed.
Momylk Cow Feed.

SATISFACTION GUARANTEED.

McNair & Pearsall

EXECUTRIX'S NOTICE.

Having this day qualified as Executrix of the Last Will and Testament of H. G. Smallbones, deceased, I hereby give notice to all persons having claims against said testator to present the same to me on or before the 2nd day of May, 1917, or this notice will be pleaded in bar of their recovery.

Dated this May 1st, 1916.

ELIZABETH H. SMALLBONES,
Executrix of the Last Will and Testament of H. G. Smallbones, deceased.

my2-tu-6t

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL

COTTON PRICES FLUCTUATE

Sharp Rally Followed by Decline and Close Barely Steady Almost Unchanged.

New York, May 8.—A further sharp advance at the opening of the cotton market today carried July up to 12.85 or approximately a cent per pound above the low level of last month. Under heavy realizing, however, the market later sagged off, July selling down to 12.12 and the general list closed barely steady at a net decline of 1 to 5 points. The market here started active and firm at an advance of 3 to 13 points with May selling at 12.75 and October at 13.02 on or immediately following the call. This carried all the active months about 10 to 13 points above Saturday's closing figures, and the market met heavy realizing. Considerable reactionary sentiment developed as prices sagged off from the best, but fresh buying seemed to be steadily reaching the ring. This caused some irregularity and there were frequent slight rallies, but profit-taking continued, and the market reached the lowest point of the day in the late trading under heavy Wall Street calling. May eased off to 12.64 and October to 12.89, and closing prices were at the lowest.

Closed barely steady.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
May	12.72	12.75	12.64	12.64
July	12.80	12.85	12.72	12.72
October	12.97	13.02	12.89	12.89
December	13.20	13.20	13.04	13.04
January	13.23	13.23	13.10	13.10

Spot cotton steady, middling uplands 12.90, sales 2,000 bales.

THE PORT MOVEMENT.

New Orleans — Middling, 12.38; receipts, 2,668; exports, 5,039; sales, 6,205; stock, 296,548.

Galveston—Middling, 12.85; receipts, 3,068; exports, 7,971; sales, 1,898; stock, 233,117.

Mobile—Middling, 12.38; receipts, 231; sales, 100; stock, 24,032.

Savannah—Middling, 12.50; receipts, 1,661; sales, 2,356; stock, 136,142.

Charleston—Middling, 12¼; receipts, 320; sales, 50; stock, 71,545.

Wilmington — Middling, 12.00; receipts, 607; stock, 71,241.

Norfolk—Middling, 12.50; receipts, 1,699; sales, 2,033; stock, 85,116.

Baltimore—Stock, 3,769.

Boston—Middling, 12.85; receipts, 321; stock, 8,200.

Philadelphia—Middling, 13.15; stock, 2,536.

New York—Middling, 12.90; receipts, 52; exports, 1,301; sales, 2,000; stock, 239,483.

Minor Ports—Receipts, 773; exports, 8,412; stock, 7,463.

Total Today — Receipts, 11,900; exports, 17,723; stock, 1,179,192.

Total for week—Receipts, 24,427; exports, 34,150.

Total for Season—Receipts, 6,625,894; exports, 4,590,714.

Interior Movement.

Houston — Middling, 12.90; receipts, 2,619; shipments, 3,376; sales, 3,515; stock, 91,255.

Memphis—Middling, 12.50; receipts, 1,311; shipments, 6,229; sales, 1,750; stock, 151,366.

Augusta — Middling, 12.38; receipts, 232; shipments, 634; sales, 2,509; stock, 109,480.

St. Louis—Middling, 12½; receipts, 1,775; shipments, 1,769; stock, 18,776.

Cincinnati—Receipts, 626; shipments, 454; stock, 14,516.

Little Rock—Middling, 12.75; receipts, 337; shipments, 244; sales, 244; stock, 27,811.

Dallas—Middling, 12.35.

Montgomery—Middling, 12.12; sales, 121.

Total today—Receipts, 6,900; shipments, 12,706; stock, 413,204.

LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET.

Liverpool, May 8. — Cotton: Spot, good middling, 8.45; middling, 8.29; low middling, 8.05. Sales, 8,000 for speculation and export, 1,000. Receipts, 5,000. Futures, steady. May, 8.03½; May-June, 8.02; June-July, 7.99; July-August, 7.97; August-September, 7.92; September-October, 7.88½; October-November, 7.83; November-December, 7.77½; December-January, 7.74½; January-February, 7.73; February-March, 7.72½; March-April, 7.72½; April-May, 7.72½

NEW YORK LIVE STOCK.

New York, May 8. — Beeves, steady; steers, 8.00@9.90; bulls, 5.75@8.50; cows, 3.50@7.50.

Calves—Firm. Veals, 8.50@11.50; Northern New York calves, 8.50@11.25; culls, 7.00@8.25.

Sheep and Lambs—Steady. Sheep, clipped, 5.50@7.75; clipped lambs, 9.00@10.50; spring lambs, 9.25@13.50.

Hogs—Steady, at 9.25@10.20; roughs, 8.50@8.75.

NEW YORK PROVISIONS.

New York, May 8. — Raw sugar, firm; centrifugal, 6.52; molasses, 5.75; refined, firm.

Coffee—Spot, quiet; Rio, No. 7, 9¾; Santos, No. 4, 10½.

Butter—Easier.

Cheese—Firm.

NEW ORLEANS COTTON.

Market Fluctuates but Closes With Practically No Net Change.

New Orleans, May 8.—After a bulge around the opening, the cotton market fell off today under realizing stimulated largely by favorable weather over the belt. Later in the day the most active months were 1 to 3 points under the last quotations on Saturday. The close was 1 point up to 1 down net. At the best prices were 9 to 11 points over Saturday's finals.

The opening gain was a continuation of last week's buying wave. A large accumulation of buying orders, together with local buying on the better political outlook and rumors of heavy trading on the spot, absorbed offerings for a while. Crop accounts from the interior were extremely favorable and as offerings increased the market fell away.

Total spot sales for the day were 6,205 bales, but the market was quoted unchanged which led to the conclusion by bearish traders that holders of spots were more willing to meet the market.

Market closed steady. Closing bids: May 12.43; July 12.63; October 12.73; December 12.84; January 12.93.

Spot cotton steady, unchanged; sales on the spot 2,595 bales; to arrive 3,610 bales; middling 12.38.

WINTER WHEAT FORECAST

Almost Half a Billion Bushels is Estimate in Government Crop Report.

Washington, May 8.—Almost half a billion bushels is the winter wheat harvest forecast for this year by the Department of Agriculture in its May crop report. That is 155,000,000 bushels less than harvested last year, when a world's record crop was gathered in the United States, but the crop this year is growing on 33,030,000 acres, which is 7,433,000 acres less than harvested last year. The winter wheat crop will be about 499,280,000 bushels, according to a forecast announced today.

Today's forecast compares with 655,045,000 bushels harvested last year, the greatest winter wheat crop ever gathered in this country, and with a forecast of 540,000,000 bushels made last December before the crop entered the winter from which it emerged in rather poor condition, showing a decline of 9.4 points compared with the 10-year average decline of 3.5 points. On the crop's condition April 1 a forecast of 495,000,000 bushels was made by the Bureau of Crop Estimates, assuming average abandonment of acreage and average influences on the crop to harvest time.

The condition of winter wheat on May 1 was 82.4 per cent of a normal, compared with 78.3 on April 1 last, 92.9 on May 1 last year, and 87.5, the 10-year May 1 average. That condition is indicative of a yield of 15.1 bushels an acre, compared with 16.2 bushels harvested last year, and 19 bushels in 1914.

The large reduction in acreage sown last fall was attributed partly to unfavorable weather for seeding, tangled condition of much corn land which otherwise would have been sown to wheat, some fear of the Hessian fly and to large supplies of wheat on hand.

A wet, cold fall, causing poor seed beds and poor start for wintering, resulted in a low condition this spring. Much of the crop was sown late and the Hessian fly was reported present and active in many sections of the southern part of the winter wheat belt. Climatic conditions were harder on late sown, the winter covering was lighter than usual, and the injury from freezing and thawing greater than in previous years.

MARINE.

MARINE DIRECTORY.

List of Vessels in Port at Wilmington, North Carolina.

Steamers

Str. Sowwell (Br.), 2,430 tons, Walton, Alex. Sprunt & Son.

Str. Nicaria (Ger.) 3,288 tons, Hollasch, Heide & Co.

Str. Kiel (Ger.) 2,872 tons, Lemke, Heide & Co.

Barges.

Barge Pensacola, 466 tons, Gay; C. D. Maffitt & Co.

WILMINGTON MARKETS.

(Quoted Daily by the Wilmington Chamber of Commerce.)

STAR OFFICE, May 8.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—35½c.

ROSIN—Nominal.

TAR—$1.90-9c.

CRUDE TURPENTINE—$3.00, $3.00, $2.00.

Quotations same day last year—Spirits turpentine, 44c; rosin, $3.05; tar, $1.70-8c.; crude turpentine, $2.75, $2.75, $1.50.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits Turpentine.....(—)

Rosin .....(—)

Tar 2

Crude Turpentine .....(—)

Receipts — Same day last year: Spirits turpentine, 1 cask; rosin, 5 barrels; tar, 20 barrels; crude turpentine, (—) barrels.

COTTON MARKET.

Market—12c. Quotations same day last year, nominal.

Receipts—610 bales; same day last year, 1,027 bales.

Total receipts since August 1st, to date, 183,453 bales.

Total receipts to same date last year, 265,475 bales.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Cotton and Naval Stores at This Port Yesterday.

Wilmington, May 8th.

Atlantic Coast Line—443 bales cotton; 2 barrels tar.

Seaboard Air Line—167 bales cotton.

Total—610 bales cotton; 2 barrels tar.

PRODUCE MARKETS.

(Quoted by W. J. Meredith, May 8.)

SWEET POTATOES—Yams, 50c per bushel.

IRISH POTATOES—$1.00.

CORN—$1.90 to $1.95 per sack.

BEEF—Native dressed, 9c. to 11c.; good demand.

PORK—Small, 8@10c. per pound.

WOOL—Burry, 17c.; first class, 28c.

HIDES—Green salt, 13c. to 14c.; dry, flint, 17@20c per lb.; good demand.

NORTH CAROLINA BACON — Old hams, 18c.; sides and shoulders, 14c. to 15c. per pound, good demand.

BEESWAX—Firm, 28c per pound; good demand.

POULTRY—Chickens, grown, 50c. to 55c.; spring, 20c. to 30c. head. Geese, 55c to 60c per head. Ducks, 35c to 50c owing to quality. Turkeys, 18c per lb., alive.; 20c to 22c dressed.

EGGS—18c. and 19c. dozen.

WILMINGTON PEANUT MARKET.

(Quoted by J. S. Funchess & Co.)

Wilmington, May 8. — North Carolina Peanuts—Market, steady. Fancy hand picked, 70c; No. 1 machine picked, 65c per bushel.

Virginia Peanuts—Market, steady. Jumbos, 60c; fancy hand picked, 55c; No. 1, machine picked, 50c per bushel.

Spanish Peanuts—Market steady; No. 1, small, machine picked, 80c; Jumbos, 75c per bushel.

PETERSBURG PEANUT MARKET.

(Reported by Rodgers, Plummer & Co., Inc.)

Petersburg, Va., May 8. — Spanish—Farmers' stock. First quality, $1.00 per bu.; nominal.

Virginias—Farmers' stock, market quiet. Fancy Jumbo, 4c. per lb.; fancy hand picked, 3¾c. per lb.; extra prime, 3½c. per lb.; prime, 3¼c. per lb.; shelling stock, 2½c. to 3c. per lb.

STOCKS BROAD AND ACTIVE

Market Affected by Developments in German-American Relations and Crop Report.

New York, May 8.—The broad and active market today had for its chief incentive the announcement that the government at Washington had decided to accept the submarine concessions contained in the recent German note. Other favorable developments included the government report on winter wheat, which disclosed improved conditions over a month ago, large traffic gains by Western transportation lines and further copper advances.

In the early trading Mexicans were irregular to heavy, but later materially recovered, Mexican Petroleum closing with a small net gain. Texas Company also improved substantially.

During mid-session, rails became very active, but little of their gain was retained. Mercantile Marine advanced on steady absorption in expectation that the proposed issue of $20,000,000 notes will hasten the proposed reorganization. United Fruit advanced six points to 164 3-4, its higher price in over a year.

The automobile division contributed heavily to the day's operations while United States Steel and other industrials, including the war contract division, were less active and more irregular than usual. Bethlehem Steel closed at a net advance of 5 points after losing nine points. Total sales, 825,000 shares.

Bonds manifested increased firmness on the demand for railroad issues. Total sales, par value, $2,690,000. United States bonds unchanged on call.

NEW YORK STOCK LIST.

Allis-Chalmers	27¾
American Beet Sugar	70¾
American Can	56¾
American Car and Foundry	61
American Cotton Oil	53
American Locomotive	69¼
American Smelting	98⅝
American Sugar	110½
American Tel and Tel	128⅛
American Tobacco	203
Anaconda Copper	85⅛
Atchison	103⅜
Atlantic Coast Line	109
Baldwin Locomotive	88
Baltimore and Ohio	86⅝
Bethlehem Steel	464
Brooklyn Rapid Transit	85⅛
Canadian Pacific	167*
Central Leather	53⅝
Chesapeake and Ohio	62
Chicago, Mil. and St. Paul	94½
Chicago, R. I. and Pac. Ry	18⅝
Consolidated Gas	134
Continental Can	86
Crucible Steel	81½
Erie	36
General Electric	166
Great Northern, pfd	120
Great Northern Ore Ctfs	41¼
Illinois Central	101
Interborough Consol. Corp	16¾
Kansas City Southern	25½
Lehigh Valley	78¾
Louisville and Nashville	128½
Liggett and Meyers	235
Lorillard Co	195
Missouri, Kansas and Texas, pfd	10
Missouri Pacific	4⅝
Mexican Petroleum	108
National Lead	66¾
New York Central	105⅝
N. Y., N. H. and Hartford	59½
Norfolk and Western	123½
Northern Pacific	112
Pennsylvania	56½
Reading	88⅝
Rep. Iron and Steel	47½
Seaboard Air Line	16
Seaboard Air Line, pfd	37
Sloss-Sheffield Steel and Iron	54
Studebaker Corporation	131½
Southern Pacific	98¼
Southern Railway	21⅝
Southern Railway, pfd	61¾
Tennessee Copper	46⅛
Texas Co	194
Texas and Pacific	10½
Union Pacific	141½
United States Rubber	54
UnitedS tates Steel	83⅝
United States Steel, pfd	116½
Utah Copper	80¾
Virginia-Caro. Chem	41½
Wabash, Pfd., "B" Ctfs	28⅝
Western Union	91
Westinghouse Electric	60½
United Fruit	162¼
Kennecott Copper	56

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK MARKET.

Chicago, May 8. — Hogs, lower. Bulk, 8.65@9.80; light, 9.25@9.85; mixed, 9.40@9.85; heavy, 9.35@9.85; rough, 9.35@9.50; pigs, 7.25@8.95.

Cattle—Weak. Native beef steers, 7.80@9.90; stockers and feeders, 5.60@8.40; cows and heifers, 3.20@9.35; calves, 6.25@9.50.

Sheep—Weak. Wethers, 6.90@9.30; ewes, 5.20@9.10; lambs, 7.75@11.75.

COTTON SEED OIL.

New York, May 8. — The market for cotton seed oil was steady at the start, but soon sagged off under scattered liquidation and lack of outside support. Final prices were 1 to 11 points net lower. Sales, 8,700 barrels. Closed easier. Spot, 11.00@11.30; May, 10.98@11.15; June, 11.02@11.10; July, 11.14@11.19; August, 11.21@11.23; September, 11.23@11.26; October, 10.25@10.26; November, 9.36@9.38; December, 9.25@9.27. Total sales, 8,700.

SAVANNAH NAVAL STORES.

Savannah, May 8. — Turpentine, firm, 36; sales, 319; receipts, 116; shipments, 235; stock, 6,554.

Rosin—Firm. Sales, 1,224; receipts, 324; shipments, 32; stock, 58,449. Quote: A, B, 3.75@4.00; C, D, 3.90@4.00; E, 4.00@4.10; F, 4.15; G, 4.15@4.20; H, 4.20@4.25; I, 4.25; K, 4.35@4.45; M, 4.50@4.60; N, 4.80@4.85; W G, 5.05@5.15; W W, 5.25.

NEW YORK MONEY MARKET.

New York, May 8. — Mercantile paper, 3¾; sterling sixty day bills, 4.72½; demand, 4.75¾; cables, 4.76 7-16; bar silver, 74⅛; Mexican dollars, 57; government bonds, steady; railroad bonds, firm.

Time loans, steady. Sixty days, 2¾@3; ninety days, 3; six months, 3@3¼. Call money, steady; ruling rate, 2¼.

DRY GOODS MARKET.

New York, May 8. — Print cloths were firm, with an advancing tendency. General cotton goods lines were quiet and firm. Yarns were high and in good demand. Raw silk was active, at lower prices. Carpets and rugs were advanced five per cent.

THE WEATHER.

United States Department of Agriculture—Weather Bureau.

May 9, 1916.

Meteorological data for the day ending at 8 P. M.

Temperature at 8 A. M., 69 degrees; at 8 P. M., 73 degrees; maximum 87 degrees; minimum, 64 degrees; mean, 76 degrees.

Rainfall for the day, .00 inch; rainfall for the month, to date, .06 inch.

Stage of water in Cape Fear river at Fayetteville, at 8 A. M. yesterday 2.7 feet.

THE WEATHER.

For North Carolina—Fair Tuesday, slightly cooler in west portion; Wednesday fair.

The Port Calendar, May 9, 1916.

Sun rises .....5:15 A. M.
Sun sets .....7:02 P. M.
Day's length .....13 hrs. 47 min.

THE TIDES.

	High water. A.M.	P.M.	Low water. A.M.	P.M.
Wilmington	2:45	3:15	10:19	10:19
Southport	7:08	7:15	12:10	12:38
Masonboro Inlet	6:57	7:05	11:50	12:18

WEATHER BUREAU REPORTS

May 8, 1916.

STATIONS:	Weather at 8 P. M.	Temperature: Highest today.	Lowest Last night.	Precipitation at 8 P.M.
Abilene	clear	92	70	.0
Asheville	clear	84	56	.0
Atlanta	clear	86	68	.0
Augusta	cldy	94	62	.0
Charleston	clear	88	68	.0
Charlotte	pt cldy	90	64	.0
Chicago	clear	72	58	.0
Galveston	pt cldy	80	72	.0
Jaxville	clear	92	72	.08
Memphis	clear	86	66	.0
Mobile	clear	84	66	.0
Montgomery	clear	90	66	.0
N. Orleans	clear	88	70	.0
Oklahoma	cldy	82	66	.0
Raleigh	clear	90	64	.0
Savannah	pt cldy	94	68	.0
St. Louis	clear	76	66	.01
Washington	cldy	88	54	.06

CHICAGO GRAIN MARKET.

Wheat Closes Unsettled, at Slight Decline—Crop Report a Factor.

Chicago, May 8. — Selling wheat to some extent was based on well founded anticipation that the government crop report might contain a surprise turned the wheat market downward today after an early advance. The close was unsettled, at ¼@⅜c. net decline, with May 1.14⅝ and July 1.15⅝. Corn lost 1½ to 1¾@1⅞; oats, ⅛@⅜ and provision, 2½@10.

Close:

Wheat—May, 1.14⅝; July, 1.15⅝.

Corn—May, 75½; July, 74⅞.

Oats—May, 47½; July, 43¾.

Pork—July, 23.80; September, 23.47.

Lard—July, 13.02; September, 13.10.

Ribs—July, 12.77; September, 12.87.

Cash grain:

Wheat—No. 2, red, 1.18; No. 3, red, 1.14@1.15; No. 2, hard, 1.14¾@1.17½; No. 3, hard, 1.13¼@1.14.

Corn—No. 2, yellow, 77¼@79; No. 4, yellow, 73½@74; No. 4, white, 74.

BRAY BROTHERS

STOCKS & BONDS

GREENSBORO, N. C.

WE OFFER

25 to 50 shares Cherryville Mfg. Co., Cherryville, N. C. This is a good cotton mill stock and getting better every day.

20 shares Southern Underwriters Insurance Co., of Greensboro, N. C.

Prices and Information On Application. Write Us a Line

WE BUY WHOLE ISSUES OF BONDS. WRITE US WHAT YOU HAVE FOR SALE.

$12.65

Excursion to Birmingham

On Account of the ANNUAL REUNION UNITED CONFEDERATE VETERANS.

The Atlantic Coast Line will sell excursion tickets from Wilmington to Birmingham, Ala., and return for all trains on

MAY 13, 14, 15, 16, AND 17, AT $12.65,

and at proportionately reduced fares from other points, limited returning to reach original starting point by or before midnight of May 25th, 1916, but return limits may be extended to JUNE 14th, by depositing tickets with Special Agent at Birmingham, by original purchasers, by 7:00 P. M., May 25th, and paying 50 cents per ticket at time of deposit.

THROUGH PULLMAN CARS will be operated from Wilmington, Fayetteville and Florence Sunday, May 14th, upon the following schedule:

Lv. Wilmington, A. C. L. 3:45 P.M. May 14
Lv. Fayetteville, A. C. L. 4:47 P.M. May 14
Lv. Florence, A. C. L. 8:05 P.M. May 14
Lv. Sumter, A. C. L. .9:32 P.M. May 14
Ar. Augusta, A. C. L. .1:35 A.M. May 15
Ar. Atlanta, Ga. R. R. .6:10 A.M. May 15
Lv. Atlanta, Sou.Ry. .6:25 A.M. May 15
Ar. BIRMINGHAM, Sou. Ry. 12:25 May 15

For further information, reservations, tickets, etc., call on

PHONE 160.

ATLANTIC COAST LINE,
The Standard Railroad of the South.
ap28-20t

ATLANTA, GA.
—via—
SEABOARD AIR LINE RAILWAY
The Progressive Railway of the South.
Shortest and Most Direct Route.

Leave Wilmington .....3:55 P. M.
Arrive Atlanta .....7:00 A. M.

Making connection for Birmingham, Memphis, Kansas City, St. Louis and Chicago.

For further information call 'phone 178, City Ticket Office, Orton Hotel.

JOHN T. WEST, D. P. A., Raleigh, N. C.
H. E. PLEASANTS, T. P. A., Wilmington, N. C.

J. B. McCABE & CO.,

Certified Public Accountants

Room 815 Murchison Bank Bldg.
'Phone: 996. WILMINGTON, N. C.

ATTRACTIVE SUMMER TRIPS 1916

TOURS FROM 10 TO 40 DAYS

—INCLUDING—

New York	Alaska
Boston	Pacific Coast
White Mountains	Yosemite Valley
The Saguenay	Canadian Rockies
Quebec	Lake Louise
Montreal	Vancouver
Lake Champlain	Glacier National Park
Lake George	Yellowstone National Park
Ausable Chasm	Grand Canyon of Arizona
St. Lawrence	Salt Lake City
The Thousand Islands	Colorado Rockies
Niagara Falls	Los Angeles

—AND THE—

Panama-California International Exposition

AT SAN DIEGO, CALIFORNIA

PERSONALLY CONDUCTED AND CHAPERONED

The very highest class of service, which makes travel for pleasure comfortable and enjoyable.

The Tours cover the most attractive routes and the principal places of Scenic and Historic Interest throughout the Greatest Country in the World.

WRITE FOR RATES, BOOKLETS AND DESCRIPTIVE LITERATURE.

GATTIS TOURS

TOURIST AGENTS, SEABOARD AIR LINE RAILWAY
RALEIGH, NORTH CAROLINA.

ATLANTIC COAST LINE

Arrivals and Departures of Trains at Wilmington, Effective Dec. 27, 1915. Time Not Guaranteed.

DEPARTURES	TO AND FROM	ARRIVALS
No. 90. 3:40 A.M. Monday morning only.	Goldsboro, Richmond, Norfolk and Eastern North Carolina points. Connects at Goldsboro with Southern Railway and Norfolk Southern Railroad.	No. 91. 1:15 A.M. Sunday morning (Saturday night) only.
No. 51. 5:30 A.M. Daily.	Chadbourn, Conway, Florence, Charleston, Savannah, Jacksonville, Tampa, St. Petersburg, Ft. Myers, Columbia and Asheville. Pullman Sleeping Cars between Wilmington and Columbia, open to receive outbound passengers at Wilmington at and after 10:00 P. M., and may be occupied, inbound, until 7:00 A. M.	No. 50. 11:59 P.M. Daily.
No. 64. 5:15 A.M. Mon., Wed. and Fri. only	Jacksonville, Newbern and intermediate stations.	No. 65. 6:25 P.M. Mon., Wed. and Fri. only.
No. 48. 7:40 A.M. Daily.	Goldsboro, Richmond, Norfolk and Washington. Parlor car, Wilmington to Norfolk, connecting at Rocky Mount with New York trains with Pullman service.	Daily. No. 49. 6:05 P.M.
No. 53. 8:45 A.M. Daily.	Solid train between Wilmington and Mt. Airy, via Fayetteville and Sanford.	No. 52. 8:00 P.M. Daily.
No. 62. 3:25 P.M. Daily.	Jacksonville, Newbern and intermediate stations.	No. 63. 12:50 P.M. Daily.
No. 85. 3:45 P.M. Daily.	Chadbourn, Florence, Columbia, Augusta, Atlanta and the West. Charleston, Savannah and all Florida points. All Steel Pullman Sleeping Cars between Wilmintogn, August and Atlanta. Pullman cars between Florence and Columbia.	No. 84. 12:50 P. M. Daily.
No. 59. 6:30 P.M. Tues., Thurs. and Sat. only.	Fayetteville and Intermediate stations.	No. 60. 10:15 A.M. Tues., Thurs., Sat. only.
No. 42. 6:45 P.M. Daily.	Goldsboro, Richmond, Norfolk, Washington and New York. Pullman Broiler, Buffet Sleeping Cars between Wilmington and Washington, connecting with New York trains; also Pullman Sleeping Cars between Wilmington and Norfolk.	No. 41 9:50 A.M. Daily.

For folders, reservations, rates of fares, etc., call 'phone 160.

W. J. CRAIG, Passenger Traffic Manager.
T. C. WHITE, General Passenger Agent.
WILMINGTON, N. C.

SUBURBAN SCHEDULE

In Effect from May 6 to June 3, 1916.

WINTER PARK, WRIGHTSVILLE, WRIGHTSVILLE BEACH AND INTERMEDIATE POINTS

EASTBOUND. Leave "Electric Center" for Winter Park	Leave "Electric Center" for Wrightsville	Leave "Electric Center" for Beach	WESTBOUND. Leave Winter Park for Wilmington	Leave Wrightsville for Wilmington	Leave Beach for Wilmington
.....	.....	.....	a6:26 A. M.	a6:15 A. M.	.....
a6:30 A. M.	a6:30 A. M.	a6:30 A. M.	a7:36 A. M.	a7:25 A. M.	.....
.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
6:55 A. M.	6:55 A. M.	b6:55 A. M.	8:01 A. M.	7:50 A. M.	7:40 A. M.
a8:00 A. M.	a8:00 A. M.	.....	a8:41 A. M.	a8:30 A. M.	.....
8:30 A. M.	8:30 A. M.	8:30 A. M.	9:36 A. M.	9:25 A. M.	9:15 A. M.
.....	.....	.....	b10:31 A. M.	b10:20 A. M.	.....
10:00 A. M.	10:00 A. M.	10:00 A. M.	11:06 A. M.	10:55 A. M.	10:46 A. M.
11:30 A. M.	11:30 A. M.	11:30 A. M.	12:36 P. M.	12:25 P. M.	12:15 P. M.
b1:00 P. M.	b1:00 P. M.	b1:00 P. M.	b2:06 P. M.	b1:55 P. M.	b1:45 P. M.
a1:10 P. M.	a1:10 P. M.	a*1:10 P. M.	2:01 P. M.	1:50 P. M.	e1:45 P. M.
2:00 P. M.	2:00 P. M.	2:00 P. M.	3:06 P. M.	2:55 P. M.	2:45 P. M.
2:30 P. M.	2:30 P. M.	2:30 P. M.	3:36 P. M.	3:25 P. M.	3:15 P. M.
3:00 P. M.	3:00 P. M.	3:00 P. M.	4:06 P. M.	3:55 P. M.	3:45 P. M.
3:30 P. M.	3:30 P. M.	3:30 P. M.	4:36 P. M.	4:25 P. M.	4:15 P. M.
4:00 P. M.	4:00 P. M.	4:00 P. M.	5:06 P. M.	4:55 P. M.	4:45 P. M.
4:30 P. M.	4:30 P. M.	4:30 P. M.	5:36 P. M.	5:25 P. M.	5:15 P. M.
5:00 P. M.	5:00 P. M.	5:00 P. M.	6:06 P. M.	5:55 P. M.	5:45 P. M.
5:30 P. M.	5:30 P. M.	5:30 P. M.	6:41 P. M.	6:30 P. M.	6:20 P. M.
6:10 P. M.	6:10 P. M.	6:10 P. M.	.....	.....	.....
6:40 P. M.	6:40 P. M.	.....	7:33 P. M.	7:22 P. M.	7:10 P. M.
7:15 P. M.	7:15 P. M.	7:15 P. M.	8:16 P. M.	8:05 P. M.	7:55 P. M.
8:15 P. M.	8:15 P. M.	.....	8:56 P. M.	8:45 P. M.	.....
9:15 P. M.	9:15 P. M.	9:15 P. M.	10:21 P. M.	10:10 P. M.	10:00 P. M.
10:15 P. M.	10:15 P. M.	.....	10:56 P. M.	10:45 P. M.	.....
11:15 P. M.	11:15 P. M.	11:15 P. M.	12:21 P. M.	12:10 P. M.	12:00 P. M.

a—Daily except Sunday.
b—Sundays only.
*—Does not run beyond Station 3.
e—Leave from Station 3.

FREIGHT SCHEDULE.

(Daily Except Sunday.)

Leave Ninth and Orange streets, 9:30 A. M. and 3:30 P. M.
Freight Depot Open from 8:30 to 9:30 A. M. and from 1:00 to 3:30 P. M.

Str. A. P. HURT

Wilmington to Fayetteville

AND INTERMEDIATE LANDINGS.

Freight and Passenger

SAILINGS: TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS,

5:30 P. M.

PLANTERS' STEAMBOAT CO.,

S. M. King, Gen. Mgr.

'Phone 829. Wharf Foot of Chestnut st.

THROUGH SLEEPERS TO ATLANTA.

The Atlantic Coast Line operates all-steel sleeping cars between Wilmington and Atlanta, daily, upon the following schedule:

Lv. Wilmington, via A. C. L. 3:45 P. M.
Lv. Florence, via A. C. L. . . .8:05 P. M.
Lv. Sumter, via A. C. L. . . . .9:32 P. M.
Ar. Augusta, via A. C. L. . . . .1:35 A. M.
Ar. Atlanta, via Ga. R. R. . .6:10 A. M.

The arrival in Atlanta is Central Time, and passengers may remain in sleepers until 7:00 A. M., by that time.

Connections are made in the Union station with the "Southland" for Chicago via Knoxville and Cincinnati, and the "Dixie Flyer" for Chicago and St. Louis, via Nashville — both all steel trains, carrying observation and dining cars. Connections are also made with the "Kansas City Special" leaving Atlanta 6:25 A. M., via Birmingham and Memphis, and with the "United States Fast Mail" leaving Atlanta 6:25 A. M., for New Orleans, via Montgomery and Mobile.

For reservations and further particulars,

PHONE 160.
ATLANTIC COAST LINE,
The Standard Railroad of the South.

Wanted: Township, School District, City and County BONDS

With H. A. ENSIGN, STACY & BRAUN RALEIGH, N. C.
New York-Toledo. P. O. Drawer 795
USE WIRES OUR EXPENSE

SEABOARD AIR LINE RAILWAY

The Progressive Railway of the South. Effective April 16th, 1916.

DEPARTURE OF TRAINS FROM WILMINGTON:

No. 13—3:55 P. M.—Train for Charlotte and Intermediate Points. PULLMAN PARLOR CAR, WILMINGTON TO CHARLOTTE.

No. 19—5:00 A. M.—Train for Charlotte and Intermediate Points. SLEEPING CAR BETWEEN WILMINGTON AND CHARLOTTE. Open at 10:00 P. M. for Passengers.

ARRIVAL OF TRAINS AT WILMINGTON:

No. 14—12:40 P. M.—Train from Charlotte and Intermediate Points. PULLMAN PARLOR CAR BETWEEN CHARLOTTE AND WILMINGTON.

No. 20—12:10 A. M.—Train from Charlotte and Intermediate Points. SLEEPING CAR BETWEEN CHARLOTTE AND WILMINGTON. PASSENGERS MAY REMAIN IN SLEEPER UNTIL 7:00 A. M.

For detailed information and reservations, call on City Ticket Agent, Orton Building. 'Phone 178.

R. W. WALLACE, C. T. A.
H. E. PLEASANTS, T. P. A.
Wilmington, N. C.
JOHN T. WEST, D. P. A., Raleigh, N. C.

CLYDE LINE

TO NEW YORK AND GEORGETOWN, S. C.

New York to Wilmington.

Steamship Cherokee, Wed., May 10th
Steamship Cherokee, Sun., May 21st

Wilmington to Georgetown.

Steamship Cherokee, Sat., May 13th
Steamship Cherokee, Wed., May 24th

Wilmington to New York.

Steamship Sherokee, Tues., May 16th
Steamship Cherokee, Sat., May 27th

Through bills of lading and lowest through rates guaranteed to and from all points in North and South Carolina.

CLYDE STEAMSHIP CO.,
C. J. BECKER, Agent,
Wilmington, N. C.
General Offices: Pier 36 N. R., New York

Read Star Business Locals.

THOS. E. OWEN HAS NOT CHANGED HIS POLITICS

Clinton Editor Still a Republican and for Protection.

Will Not Support Wilson or Any Other Democrat—Surprised and Astonished at Story Sent From Raleigh.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Clinton, N. C., May 8.—Editor Thos. E. Owen, of the Clinton News Dispatch, tonight gave The Star the following signed statement in response to an inquiry regarding the correctness of a story from Raleigh published in one of the State papers this morning to the effect that the long-time Republican editor and recent candidate for the Republican nomination for Congress had abandoned the Republican party and would support Woodrow Wilson in the coming election:

"I was not only surprised but astonished at the report in today's Greensboro Daily News that I had changed my politics, as stated by the Raleigh correspondent of that paper. I will not support Woodrow Wilson, or any other Democrat, but will continue to vote the Republican ticket, as my faith is grounded upon the principles of protection.

"I don't know how the story originated, but some one must have imposed upon Mr. Bost, as I have no idea that he would have misrepresented me intentionally. "THOS. E. OWEN."

THOS. E. OWEN IS REPORTED TO HAVE DESERTED THE FAITH

(W. T. Bost in Greensboro News.)

Raleigh, May 7.—Thomas E. Owen, editor of the Clinton News Dispatch, and late candidate for Congress and delegate to the Chicago convention, has denied the faith and become almost as bad as a Democrat.

It is as well authenticated as any story can be that Mr. Owen will this year support Woodrow Wilson, will edit an independent newspaper, will not yield to the mastery of his successful foes and will in all probability take pretty nearly a straight Democratic dose. It is accepted as settled before he apostasizes for the once that his Republican newspaper will be taken from him and that he will not speak hereafter through The News Dispatch. That paper is a community of interests and he is just one man.

Nothing that could be written in North Carolina could cause more comment than this step. The conversion of Owen to Democracy or against current Republicanism will match the apostasy of Iredell Meares, of Charles French Toms, of Thurston T. Hicks, or any other mister man. He speaks weekly to as many of the best of them and as for the foundations of faith none appeared to be firmer. The Democracy would welcome into fellowship a Sampson county man who hails from Butler town.

Mr. Owen was here Saturday, but got out before this chronicler could see him. He did not arrive so early as did the rumors of his changed heart nor did his return take them all back. He came to talk business. Some time ago he put over a deal that made him about $35,000 richer than he was and he was well fixed then. He is free financially to do as he likes. The wolf will never pester this man.

IMPRESSIVE SERMON BY EVANGELIST ON UNPARODNABLE SIN

(Continued From Page Seven.)

gave you the little baby that climbs up into your arms and pats your cheek with his hands, and covers your face with kisses; yet you trample his love underfoot, and He says, 'I will forgive you.' He goes further, and says: 'You may spurn My Son, you may reject His pleadings, you may trample His blood under your feet, and I will forgive you.' Why? Because there are

Still Unfathomed Depths

of eternal love. You have not yet exhausted the Triune of God. You have sinned against the Father's love; you have sinned against the Saviour's death, but the Spirit of God is still here, swinging like a mighty guard about the hand of God. That is the reason God says, 'If you shall say aught against the Holy Ghost, there is no forgiveness.' What is the unpardonable sin? It is the last, final rejection of the Holy Ghost. It is saying 'No!' to Him. In God's name, do not say it. It was when you were at your mother's knee that you said it; it was when your first baby came that you said it; it was when your wife went home to heaven, and God called you, that you said it. In God's name, I plead with you, do not say it again. John B. Gough used to tell the story of a boy who was

Gathering Eagles' Eggs

in the hill country of Scotland. He was down on his knees with a rope around his waist, and the rope was attached to a tree above him. While he was busily engaged, the rope around his body became unfastened, and swung away from the ledge upon which he was standing. Up there in the hill country, nobody could hear his cry, and he might stay there until he died. Suddenly the wind sprang up and began to swing the rope nearer and nearer, until it was almost in his hand. Then the wind caught the cord again and swung it the other way. Again it came back, nearer and nearer, until he could almost touch it. He was afraid, but suddenly bracing himself up when the cord came near again he made a spring, caught the rope, and escaped. The cord of eternal life has been swinging nearer and nearer to you; and it is almost in your hand today. You can be saved if you will. You can, here and now, bow your head and say, 'O, Jesus, save me!' and He will save you. May God help you.

The Evidence.

"The evidence of the fact that one has committed the unpardonable sin, I believe, lies in complete indifference, and not hardness of heart. If any one has come to the place where he hates God, and all that has to do with Him; where he deliberately resists every influence for good, and despises every offer of mercy his position would be considered dangerous, if indeed, not hopeless; but so long as there is one particle of desire to be a Christian, there is still hope. Indeed, so long as there is a desire to be truer and better, God is still speaking.

There is a time we know not when,
A place we know not where,
That seals the destiny of man,
For glory or despair.

"The time may be now; the place may be here. In God's name be careful how you continue to resist."

Eight Hours Trip In A Flying Boat

CARRIES FIVE PASSENGERS FROM NEWPORT NEWS TO WASHINGTON, WITH ONE BRIEF LANDING—NO TEST.

Washington, May 8.—The Atlantic coast aeronautical station's flying hydro-aeroplane, carrying five passengers and bringing a message from the Newport News chamber of commerce to the local chamber, arrived here tonight, completing an interrupted trip from Newport News in eight hours. It had been planned to make the flight a speed test, but minor trouble to the plane forced a landing at Indian Head, Maryland.

Earlier in the day the flying boat had gone from Hawkins Point near Baltimore to the station at Newport News. Aboard the trip to Washington was John R. Vinet, president of the Newport News chamber of commerce, acting as messenger to the chamber here.

Plans for returning tonight were abandoned, and the trip back probably will be started tomorrow afternoon. It was said the trouble that forced the plane to land at Indian Head was not serious and that only minor repairs had been required.

PACKING HOUSE PLAN GETS STRONG BACKING

(Continued From Page Five.)

states like Iowa and Minnesota about 4 1-2 cents a pound. You can let them graze 12 months in the year, and you can get four to five farrows of pigs from a sow a year.

"You are more fortunate here than in some other sections of the South for you have the trucking industry, but you are always afraid you are going to lose your crops from one reason or another.

"Judging from what has happened at Moultrie and other cities in the South where packing houses have been established, it should prove a profitable investment. At Moultrie, since its establishment 17 months ago, it has almost doubled the banking business of the city, sent the population up from about 4,000 to 7,000 inhabitants, fully doubled the mercantile business and sent farm land values up from $35 an acre to $60 and $75."

Mr. J. P. Herring, county farm demonstrator, said he was rejoiced to see the movement take such a definite forward step, as all the efforts to get the farmer to diversify could not materialize until markets for their produce could be provided.

Chairman Smith declared that he is already getting ready to raise hogs next year on a farm not far from the city. He declared that with the use of a little intelligence the farmer could provide green pasturage the year round for such stock as he desired to raise.

Mr. Sasser referred to the increase which had been secured in corn yields in the county through the offering of prizes for the best yields secured by boys of the county. He urged that merchants diversify their credits, if they really wanted the farmer to diversify his crops. So long as the farmer can only borrow money on cotton and he can't get a dollar on any other crop, he is going to stick to cotton.

JUDGE W. P. STACY CONVENES COURT HERE

(Continued From Page Five.)

solely to the transportation of intoxicating liquors and made it unlawful for any person, firm or corporation to carry, deliver or receive more than one quart every 15 days. No exception was made in this act relative to wines and the court charged the jury that it would, therefore, be unlawful for wines now to be sold because the previous acts had made it unlawful to dispose of it in less than two and a half gallon lots while the last act made it unlawful to receive or deliver more than one quart.

Special attention was called by Judge Stacy to the act which makes it unlawful to sell or give cigarettes to a boy under 17 years of age. This law is being flagrantly violated, the court declared, and while it may be thought a small matter anyone who has the opportunity to go around and see how many youthful criminals are brought into the court can easily see the importance of enforcing the law in this respect.

Judge Stacy instructed the jury relative to their duties in inspecting the county institutions and county officers, pointing out that it was within their jurisdiction to investigate any officer even to the court itself, if in the judgment of the jurors it was considered wise.

Mr. O. L. Browne was sworn in as foreman of the grand jury. The other members are Messrs. R. H. Shew, Frank Pridgen, B. F. Jones, E. W. Hollis, A. S. Holden, E. Piner, G. W. Gordon, J. M. Bullard, William Melton, J. J. Winders, George Schniben, G. D. Ritter, W. M. Peck, R. H. Bagg, E. A. Palmgren, E. A. Shands, A. D. Newton.

THE WEST POINT SPIRIT

And Difference Between The National Guardsmen and Regulars

("Lieutenant," in the New York Times)

After 15 years' service in the army, and I am not a West Pointer, it is my belief, founded on long and close observation, that the one thing more than all others combined which has made the regular army an institution which has never failed in any emergency, which has made the regulars the one and only dependable force on every field of danger, is the spirit of West Point. This spirit permeates the army and is shared alike by officers from the ranks and from civil life and by the enlisted men. It is the spirit which gets things done, no matter how great the difficulty or odds. It is the spirit of respect for lawful orders and unhesitating obedience.

This respect is as much observed by every officer to his superior as by an enlisted man to an officer. Go into any camp where regulars and militia are encamped together and you will find that the regular soldier has little respect for the militiaman as a soldier. Ask him why and he will tell you that the militia soldier is too familiar with the militia officer. He knows that he cannot be an efficient soldier in time of great danger under such a condition. He knows that a large body of men cannot be controlled in time of danger and made to act as one man unless the habit of discipline and obedience to command has been so firmly instilled as to put the obedience to an officer's command above all thought of personal danger or suffering.

The fighting of battles of real soldiers is business, and those who will not meet the test are the ones who find the guardhouse. They are, however, given every opportunity to learn and conduct themselves properly by a simple warning, and it is only for a serious offense or for repeated offenses that a man is sent to the guardhouse.

As to West Point, the American people hardly need any enlightenment on the institution that has given us Grant, Sheridan, Sherman, Thomas and Goethals.

Maybeury, W. Va., May 8. — William Bowman, a farmer, 40 years old, was shot and killed early this morning, while driving a produce wagon through the mountains near here. A bullet was fired through the man's back and lodged in the heart. Bowman's 13-year-old son, who accompanied his father, says he was attacked by two negroes about 5 o'clock in the morning.

Iron Is Greatest of All Strength Builders, Says Doctor

A Secret of the Great Endurance and Power of Athletes

Nuxated Iron Will Increase Strength of Delicate, Nervous, Run-Down People 200 Per Cent in Ten Days in Many Instances.

New York, N. Y.—Most people foolishly seem to think they are going to get renewed health and strength from some stimulating medicine, secret nostrum or narcotic drug, said Dr. Sauer, a well known specialist, who has studied widely both in this country and Europe, when, as a matter of fact, real and true strength can only come from the food you eat. But people often fail to get the strength out of their food because they haven't enough iron in their blood to enable it to change food into living matter. From their weakened, nervous condition they know something is wrong but they can't tell what, so they generally commence doctoring for stomach, liver or kidney trouble or symptoms of some other ailment caused by the lack of iron in the blood. This thing may go on for years, while the patient suffers untold agony. If you are not strong or well, you owe it to yourself to make the following test: See how long you can work or how far you can walk without becoming tired. Next take two five-grain tablets of ordinary nuxated iron three times per day after meals for two weeks. Then test your strength again and see for yourself how much you have gained. I have seen dozens of nervous, run-down people who were ailing all the while, double their strength and endurance and entirely get rid of all symptoms of dyspepsia, liver and other troubles in from ten to fourteen days' time simply by taking iron in the proper form. And this after they had in some cases been doctoring for months without obtaining any benefit. But don't take the old forms of reduced iron, iron acetate or tincture of iron simply to save a few cents. You must take iron in a form that can be easily absorbed and assimilated like nuxated iron if you want it to do you any good, otherwise it may prove worse than useless. Many an athlete or prize-fighter has won the day simply because he knew the secret of great strength and endurance and filled his blood with iron before he went into the affray, while many another has gone down to inglorious defeat simply for the lack of iron.

NOTE — Nuxated Iron recommended above by Dr. Sauer is not a patent medicine nor secret remedy, but one which is well known to druggists and whose iron constituents is widely prescribed by eminent physicians everywhere. Unlike the older inorganic iron products, it is easily assimilated, does not injure the teeth, make them black, nor upset the stomach; on the contrary, it is a most potent remedy, in nearly all forms of indigestion, as well as for nervous, run-down conditions. The Manufacturers have such great confidence in Nuxated Iron that they offer to forfeit $100.00 to any charitable institution if they cannot take any man or woman under 60 who lacks iron and increase their strength 200 per cent, or over in four weeks' time, provided they have no serious organic trouble. They also offer to refund your money if it does not at least double your strength and endurance in ten days' time. It is dispensed in this city by J. Hicks Bunting Drug Co. and all other druggists.

Business Locals

Advertisements inserted under this head, One Cent per word for each insertion, but no advertisement taken for less than 25c. Additional words more than 25, One Cent per word. Unless the advertiser has a regular account, all advertisements under this head are STRICTLY CASH IN ADVANCE, the amount being too small to warrant a charge. The Star will send without charge a Western Union Messenger to any address in the city, for advertisements in this department, upon request by 'phone to No. 51. Messengers will also call for telegrams for the Western Union Telegraph Company, or for notes or small packages to be delivered anywhere in the city. No charge for collecting the telegrams, or advertisements for the Star, but a small charge for Strictly Messenger Service. Telephone subscribers may at any time telephone their telegrams and bills will be rendered to suit the sender, daily, weekly or monthly. For this service, call "Western Union," but for advertisements always call the Star office, No. 51. Advertisements cannot be taken over the telephone—but upon request messenger will be dispatched to any part of the city for them. Contract advertising inserted "till forbid" will be discontinued only on written notice from the advertiser.

WANTED — A YOUTH THAT KNOWS something about office work and wants to know more, address in own hand, P. O. Box 113. my9-2t

SNAP BEANS — NEW IRISH POTATOES, garden peas, nice lettuce, all kinds of fresh meats, raw and boiled ham and sliced bacon. Fresh strawberries in every day. Batson's Meat Market, No. 115 Market street. 'Phone No. 72. my 9-tf

WANTED — POSITION AS BOOKKEEPER or office clerk by young man who can use the typewriter. Can furnish references. Address P. O. Box 554, City. my9-1t*

WANTED — 200 SUITS THIS WEEK to be pressed for 25 cents. Palm Beach suits cleaned and pressed, 35 cents; Panama hats, cleaned, 50 cents. American Practical Hatter, 128 Market street; 'Phone 393-J. my9-1t*

FOR SALE — SIX ROOM COTTAGE ON Wrightsville avenue, Carolina Place. All modern conveniences; large lot; will make price right; can arrange loan with good party. One wanting nice home apply at once. P. O. Box 348, City. my9-1t

WANTED — GOOD SAW MILL FOREMAN; also box mill foreman. Apply by letter to "Foreman," care Star. my5-14t

FOR RENT — NICELY FURNISHED room in private residence One block from the Post Office. 'Phone 773; 216 North Second street. ap16-tf

FOR SALE — SIX-ROOM COTTAGE AT Winter Park; water, sewerage and lights; located on highest spot in Park; just a hundred yards from station, between shell road and car line. Lot 99x240 feet. Has large barn, servants' quarters and fruit trees. Address "Cottage," care Star. mh23-tf

BUNGALOW FOR RENT WITH A beautiful view of ocean, situated on car line at Villa View, has 7 rooms and all conveniences, including running water from a deep well, also sewerage, bath and electric lights. For particulars see J. O. Hinton, or phone 7562-J, or 249. my7-tf

JULIA CLAUSSEN, WHO WILL BE here with the Redpath Chautauqua, can be heard on Columbia Disc records at our store; also David Bispham and other artists. Selections from Aida; also Fox Trots, one steps, and the latest dances. Yopp and Woody Music Co., 217 North Front Street. 'Phone 318. my7-tf

WANTED — TO BUY SOME CHEAP second hand bicycles. Queen City Cycle Co., 209 Market street. 'Phone 862. ap30-tf

ROOMS FOR RENT — FROM THREE to five, with private bath and all other conveniences. Call at 720 Market street. my9-1t*

NEW WAY MARKET — DID YOU ever think of the risk that you run in buying your berries from the open wagons and baskets, which are exposed to the street dust? No protection, whatever. Our delicious protected and inspected fruit costs you less. Think it over. Price today, 2 quarts, 25 cents. 'Phones 816 and 817. W. H. McEachern. my9-1t

FOR RENT — A DOUBLE STORE ON 4th street, at the bridge, $25.00 per month. W. M. Cumming, Real Estate Agent. my9-5t

EAST NORTH CAROLINA, 700 ACRES level block, cut-over land; county seat 1½ miles; all tillable; spot cash, $4,500. Jay Finch, Cortland, Ohio. my9-tu,th,su,tu-4t*

FOUND — SMALL SILVER BRACELET in front of St. James' church, Sunday afternoon. Owner may recover it by applying at the office of Alex. Sprunt and Sons, Front and Walnut sts. my9-1t

WANTED — A POSITION AS ASSISTANT housekeeper by young lady, with some nice family. "W. E. M.," care Star. my9-1t*

WANTED — AT ONCE, GOOD HOUSEkeeper for general housework. Apply or write to R. E. Bullock, Bolton, N. C. my9-3t*

MONEY TO LOAN ON CITY RESIdence or business property. Nothing under $2,000 considered. P. O. Box 1065. my9-1t*

FOR RENT — DELIGHTFUL SEVEN-room house, Carolina Place; large yard, all improvements; possession June 1st. Call No. 5, Wrightsville avenue; 'Phone 1699-J. my9-2t

FOR RENT—THREE UNFURNISHED connecting rooms, on first floor, with sink and hot water tank in kitchen, bath room, use of 'phone. Possession at once. A. H. Yopp, 415 Grace St. 'Phones 313 and 660. my8-tf

SPRING LAMBS, LAMBS, LAMBS— Extra fine dressed hens and spring chickens. Very best of beef, veal, pork, etc. Fancy strawberries. All kinds of early vegetables. Phone us or come and see. Batson's Meat Market, No. 115 Market street. Phone No. 72. ma-6-tf

FOR RENT—COTTAGE NO. 518 SO. Front street, modern, six rooms, deep yard, garage, fruit trees, $25.00 per month. See M. C. Darby & Co. ma 7-tf

FOR RENT—BUNGALOW, NO. 2 Church street, strictly modern, in fine order; 6 rooms, butler's pantry, locked pantry, servants quarters; lot 92 by 130—all grass and flowers. See M. C. Darby, & Co., Real Estate. my7-tf.

WANTED—INTELLIGENT, SETTLED woman to do housework and act as companion for widow. No children, nice home and location. Must have good references. Apply 602 Orange street at once. my3-1t.

PLACE YOUR ORDER NOW FOR THE June Cosmopolitan, out May 10th. They will go on with a rush and you may miss it. Gordon Brothers, Phone 745. my8-tf

TYPEWRITERS FOR SALE OR EXchange. All makes, from $10.00 up. Cash or easy payments. Typewriter supplies for all make machines. Ribbons, 75 cents each. Cushion Keys, $2.50 per set. Carbon Paper, $1.50 per box. B. W. Thacker, 814 Murchison Bank Building. my7-3t

FOR RENT — THREE CONNECTING furnished rooms, on first floor, with pantry, sink and hot water tank. Use of 'phone. Possession at once. A. H. Yopp, 415 Grace street; 'Phone 313 and 660. my7-tf

FOR RENT — TWO CONNECTING rooms, completely furnished for light housekeeping. All conveniences. Call 302 North Second street, or 'phone 1905-W. my7-3t

UNREDEEMED SINGER DROP-HEAD sewing machine, at a very low price, at Uncle Charles' Pawn Shop, No. 6 South Front street. 'Phone 642. mh29-tf

SWEET CREAM AND MILK FOR SALE —Pine Grove Dairy Farm. Adolph G. Ahrens, proprietor. 'Phone 936. mh28-tf

QUALITY PRINTING; FACSIMILE EMbossing and engraving; multigraphing, typewriting; Notaries Public. Harriss Typewriting & Adv. Co. fe17-tf

"SERVICE FIRST" — FINE COMMERcial and job printing. Multigraph fac-simile typewritten letters; direct mail campaigns. "Let Harriss print it." Harriss Typewriting & Adv. Co. fe17-th,sa,tu-tf

TO RENT—NICELY FURNISHED BED room, parlor and kitchenettte. Modern conveniences; centrally located; South 3rd street. Admirably suited to young couple. Bargain for the summer. Address "Vacation," care Star, or 'Phone 2021-W. my4-7t

FOR SALE — A DOUBLE DRUM SKIDder and log loader; capacity 15,000 to 20,000 per day; one-third price, quick sale for cash. Address J. N. Bryant, P. O. Box 1063, Wilmington, N. C. my3-tf

OLD NEWSPAPERS, SUITABLE FOR wrapping or placing under carpets, tied up in neat bundles and for sale at this office, 10 cents per hundred. mh23-tf

FOR SALE — 1,000 TONS 71-2 PER cent prime cotton seed meal, at a very low price. Wire me, collect, if you are interested; I can sell you. V. B Sharpe, Maxton, N. C. mh9-tf

WANTED — LADIES' AND GENTLEmen's hats to clean and block. Work guaranteed. 'Phone 396. City Hat Works, 114 North Front st. ap18,30t*

Report of the Condition of
THE PEOPLE'S SAVINGS BANK
At Wilmington, North Carolina, at the Close of Business, May 1st, 1916.

RESOURCES:

Loans and Discounts	$1,083,399.16
Stocks and Bonds	14,000.00
Banking House, Furniture and fixtures	48,000.00
Invested Trust Funds	43,147.00
Demand Loans	116,575.74
Cash on Hand and Due from Banks	116,130.04
Total	$1,421,251.94

LIABILITIES:

Capital Stock Paid In	$ 65,000.00
Undivided Profits	113,772.76
Dividends Unpaid	78.00
Accrued Interest Due Depositors	3,500.00
Deposits	1,238,901.18
Total	$1,421,251.94

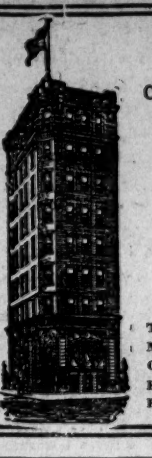
State of North Carolina, County of New Hanover.

I, J. Holmes Davis, Cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true, to the best of my knowledge and belief.

J. HOLMES DAVIS, Cashier.

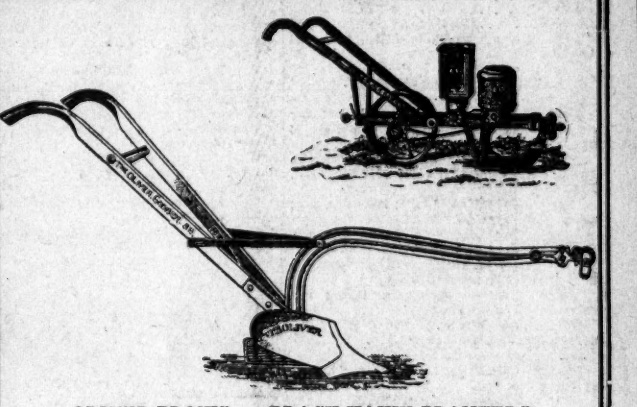
Correct—Attest:
D. C. LOVE,
F. W. DICK,
H. C. McQUEEN,
Directors.

Subscribed and sworn to before me, this 8th day of May, 1916.
CHAS. S. GRAINGER,
Notary Public.



American Bank & Trust Co.
Corner Front and Market Sts. Wilmington, N. C.
RESOURCES OVER $2,500,000.00
Designated Depositary for the
STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA
COUNTY OF NEW HANOVER
CITY OF WILMINGTON
"The Bank of Personal Service."
THOS. E. COOPER, ... President
MILTON CALDER, ... Vice-President
CHAS. E. BETHEA, ... Cashier
E. FRED BANCK, ... Asst. Cashier.
ROBT. L. HENLEY, ... Asst. Cashier.

MURCHISON NATIONAL BANK
Capital and Surplus, $1,650,000.00
Resources, 8,000,000.00
This Bank stands ready to furnish customers every facility and best possible service.
H. C. McQUEEN, President.
J. W. YATES, V. Prest. — J. V. GRAINGER, V. Prest.
C. S. GRAINGER, Cashier. — M. F. ALLEN, Asst. Cash.
W. S. JOHNSON, Asst. Cash. — J. V. GRAINGER, Jr., Asst. Cash.



OLIVER PLOWS——BLACK HAWK PLANTERS
A Combination That Can't be Beaten.
WM. E. SPRINGER & CO.
PURCELL BUILDING. WILMINGTON, N. C.

KODAKS
TAKE A
Kodak With You
And be sure and get film and supplies from us. We carry at all times a full fresh stock of the genuine Eastman N. C. film in both autographic and un-autographic.
Kodaks, from ... $6.00 up
Brownies, from ... $1.25 up
Premos, from ... 75c up
C. W. Yates Co.

Which is Better for Your Beauty—and the More Fun?
Bicycling exhilarates, improves circulation and digestion and makes cheeks rosy and eyes sparkle with vigorous health. It's great fun and a great time saver.
IVER JOHNSON Campfire Girl BICYCLE
is a splendidly made machine—fast, easy riding and strong, with a finish that is both durable and beautiful. Low, curved drop frame made of seamless steel tubing; highest grade tires and equipments.
$30 to $40, with special models a little higher.
Queen City Cycle Co.
209 Market Street
Phone 862

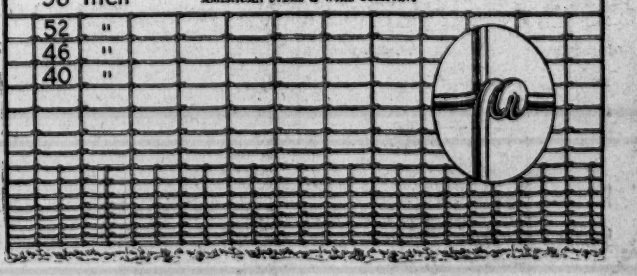
CHUFAS
10 Bushels $3.00 cash per bushel
W. B. Cooper & Co.
WILMINGTON, N. C.

STATEMENT OF CONDITION OF
HOME SAVINGS BANK
AT THE CLOSE OF BUSINESS MAY FIRST, 1916.

Resources:		Liabilities:	
Loans and Discounts	$267,907.69	Capital	$ 50,000.00
Furniture and Fixtures	4,269.59	Undivided Profits	5,480.39
Stock in other corporations	10,000.00	Deposits	244,917.84
Cash and due from Banks	18,230.95		
Total	$300,408.23	Total	$300,408.23

J. W. YATES, President — J. W. LITTLE, Vice-President
J. F. ROACHE, Cashier — ROB'T STRANGE, Ass't Cashier

Here It Is !!!
Combination National Close Mesh Hog and Cattle Fence



To turn hogs, bottom 20 inches, has stays 6 inches apart. For large animals, stays above 20 inch height are 12 inches apart. Double value for less money.
For Sale by
J. W. MURCHISON & CO
OUR STOCK COMPLETE — 'PHONE, WIRE OR WRITE
WHOLESALE HARDWARE — 'PHONES: 106-1030

Buy at Home
Following out the "Rotary" idea, Mr. Moore and his committee insist that the money that stays in Wilmington is the only money that really helps build the city. That being the case, patronize the
CAPE FEAR OIL CO.
The Only Oil Company in the City Whose Money Remains in Wilmington.